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Respected Comrade Kim Jong Un Visits Kumsusan Palace of Sun

All the people across the DPRK are filled with ardent yearning and boundless reverence for President Kim Il Sung, founding father of socialist Korea and great sage of the revolution, on the occasion of the 31st anniversary of his demise.

Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, visited the Kumsusan Palace of the Sun at 00:00 on July 8.

Accompanying him were Pak Thae Song, Choe Ryong Hae and Jo Yong Won, members of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the WPK Central Committee, other senior officials of the Party and the government, leading officials of the WPK Central Committee, the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly, the Cabinet, commissions and ministries and commanding officers of armed forces organs.

A flower basket in the name of the respected Comrade Kim Jong Un was laid before the statues of President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il.

Also laid were the flower baskets in the names of the WPK Central Committee, the DPRK State Affairs Commission, the Standing Committee of the DPRK Supreme People's Assembly and the DPRK Cabinet.

Kim Jong Un paid high tribute to the great leaders in front of the statues.

At the halls, where the President and the Chairman lie in state, he made a deep bow of best wishes for their immortality.

He affirmed that the revolutionary careers and exploits of the President and the Chairman will shine forever along with the eternal prosperity of our socialist state which is successfully realizing the ideals of the people in a comprehensive way, winning victory after victory from one century into the next.



Respected Comrade Kim Jong Un Visits Sinchon Class Education House



Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, visited the Sinchon Class Education House, a base of anti-imperialist class education, on July 24.

The respected Comrade Kim Jong Un went round the exhibition rooms of the house, the tombs of 400 mothers and 102 children, the air-raid shelter of the former county Party committee, the gunpowder storehouse and other places.

Seeing the exhibits and traces that still make the bloody outcry in the tragic years pierce the visitors' hearts, he said that the bitter death and harsh sufferings our people were forced to experience in the three years of the war would never fade away or can never be forgotten even after the lapse of decades and the change of generations, and continued:

If the work of intensifying anti-imperialist class education is delayed or neglected even for a moment, the people's revolutionary and class consciousness will become benumbed and their outlook on the target of the revolution and the arch enemy blurred. As the revolution is a long-term cause which is never accomplished in one or two generations but continues through generations, the issue of steadfastly carrying forward the baton of class struggle is an important and urgent task directly linked with the destiny of the country and the future of the revolution.

We should never forget the painful lesson of Sinchon even for a moment the more dynamically socialism of our own style advances and the more highly the spirit of prosperity prevails on this land. This is an indelible blood stain and a history of sufferings. The Sinchon Class Education House serves as all that shows why we must grow

stronger and why we must surely become stronger.

Our people shouted "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!" to the last in defiance of the enemy's brutal atrocities and outrages. As there were such unyielding and indomitable people, our country could win the great victory in the war unprecedentedly harsh in the world history of wars and get to where we are today by overcoming all the challenges of history. If we are not to be subjected again to the tragedy of Sinchon, we should have a powerful strength striking fear into the enemy and carry forward as our lifeline the immutable truth that an independent life and future is guaranteed by developing in every way the most powerful self-defence capacity.

Only when our people and service personnel are fully prepared to be defenders of the revolution and vanguard fighters of the class, who are always conscious of their class origin in the hot wind of

class education, can the history and tradition of great victory in the war be firmly inherited as a national trait unique to our state.

Stressing the need to further intensify class education at present, Kim Jong Un indicated the tasks to this end.

He met Ju Sang Won, honorary curator of the class education house, who has been defending the position of class education for decades as a man who experienced and witnessed the grudge.

Expressing belief that the lecturers in the field of class education, the defenders and disseminators of the revolutionary ideas of our Party, would firmly defend the outpost of class education in the future, too, always being aware of the importance of their duty, he had a photo taken with officials, lecturers and employees of the Sinchon Class Education House.

Respected Comrade Kim Jong Un Visits Victorious Fatherland Liberation War Museum on Occasion of V-Day



Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, visited the Victorious Fatherland Liberation War Museum on July 26 on the occasion of the 72nd anniversary of victory in the war.

The respected Comrade Kim Jong Un was accompanied by members of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the WPK and other leading officials of the Party, government and armed forces organs, chief secretaries of provincial Party committees and leading officials of ministries and national agencies.

A flower basket in the name of Kim Jong Un was laid before the statue of President Kim Il Sung.

Also laid were flower baskets in the names of the Central Committee of the WPK, the State Affairs Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly of the DPRK and the Cabinet of the DPRK.

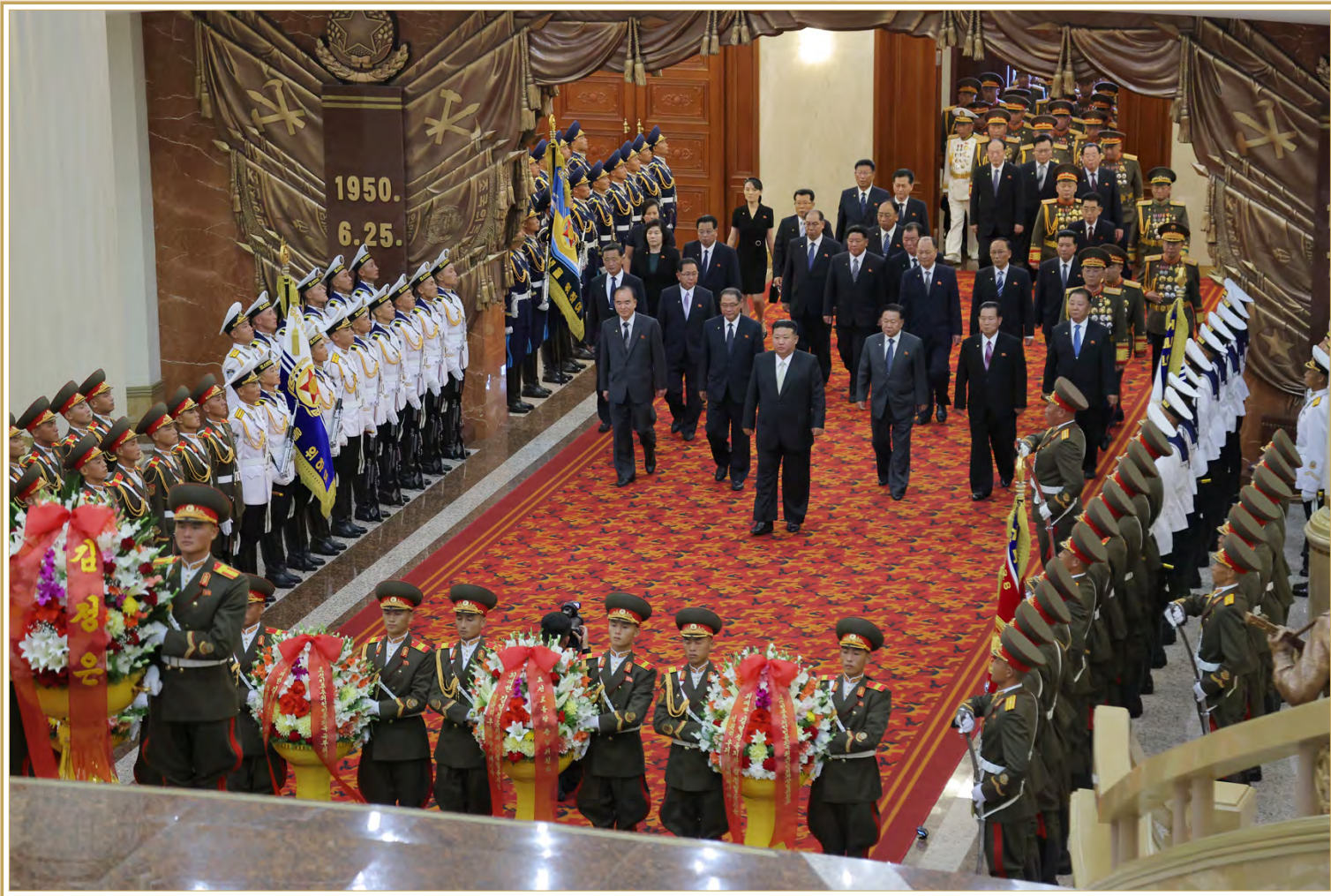
Kim Jong Un paid the highest tribute to President Kim Il Sung, the eternal symbol of the mightiness and dignity of Juche Korea and the legendary hero for all ages.

He went round the halls of the four stages of the Fatherland Liberation War, the Guards Units Hall and the Hall of Victory.

He said that the great victory in the Fatherland Liberation War when we, in the eastern corner of the globe, staunchly defended the fiercest frontline in the anti-imperialist struggle, was a victory of the outstanding military ideas, Juche-oriented art of war and adroit strategies and tactics of President Kim Il Sung and a victory of the ardent patriotism and indomitable spirit of defending the country, displayed by the army and people rallied close around the President, and continued:

Though more than 70 years have passed since the fireworks of war victory were set off, the exploits Comrade Kim Il Sung performed for victory in the war have served as the eternal foundations of all victories and shining dignity that our state and people have achieved from one century into the next. All the revolutionary exploits he performed throughout his whole ennobling career are great, but the legendary feat he performed for victory in the war is an extraordinary and core feat admired and revered by the world.

Even in the flames of the war he created the immortal heroic spirit with which our Republic could win victory forever, provided a solid cornerstone for carrying forward the revolutionary traditions and set the future orientation of a gigantic new history of the postwar socialist revolution and construction. The history of his outstanding leadership for war victory is the most precious ideological and spiritual wealth our Party and people should invariably carry forward and glorify for all ages.



Our state and people will surely accomplish the great cause of building a prosperous country with a strong army and become honourable victors also in the anti-imperialist, anti-US showdown, braving any challenges and difficulties in the future with redoubled courage, as the great victorious wartime generation won the greatest victory and glory even in the face of the most severe national difficulties.

Saying that the Victorious Fatherland Liberation War Museum, which instils into our people and service personnel a firm will to

invariably carry forward the ever-victorious history, is an eternal treasure house of the revolution that cannot be compared with anything, he indicated the tasks and ways for further intensifying the education in the tradition of victory through it.

The leading officials of the Party, government and armed forces organs hardened their pledge to fully discharge the responsibility and duty they have assumed before the times and the revolution, fully demonstrating the dignity of heroic Korea and the heroic people.

Respected Comrade Kim Jong Un Has Photo Taken with Artillerymen



Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, on July 26 met and had a photo taken with the officers and men of the 2nd Battery of the 3rd Battalion of the 16th Artillery Regiment of the 28th Infantry Division of the 4th Corps of the Korean People's Army, who were invited as special guests to the celebrations of the 72nd anniversary of victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War.

Kim Jong Un warmly congratulated the courageous artillerymen who had set an example in implementing the Party's training-first policy.

He said that in wartime a soldier who is good at fighting is a hero, but in peacetime a soldier who is good at training is a hero,

and expressed his belief that the soldiers of the battery will firmly carry forward the fighting spirit of the victorious wartime generation and prepare themselves more fully to be a-match-for-a-hundred artillerymen who will make a breakthrough for victory in the vanguard with the strongest and most merciless gunfire of justice at the grim moment, before posing with them for a photo to be recorded forever in the history of army building.

The officers and men of the battery extended thanks to Kim Jong Un for highly appreciating their training successes which they are duty-bound to make, giving them the glory which the entire army envies and bestowing on them great affection and benevolence again, and pledged to remain faithful to the last to their sacred mission and duty of defending the country and the revolution.

Respected Comrade Kim Jong Un Visits Fatherland Liberation War Martyrs Cemetery



Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, visited the Fatherland Liberation War Martyrs Cemetery together with war veterans on July 26 on the occasion of the 72nd anniversary of victory in the Fatherland Liberation War.

The respected Comrade Kim Jong Un was accompanied by members of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the WPK Central Committee and other leading officials of the Party, government and armed forces organs, chief secretaries of provincial Party committees and senior officials of ministries and national agencies.

The guard of honour of the Korean People's Army lined up in

front of the cemetery.

Kim Jong Un laid a flower before the wreath-laying stand "Soul of Heroes" and paid high tribute, praying for the immortality of the fallen KPA soldiers who had won the priceless victory at great sacrifices in the grim years decisive of the destiny of our state and its people.

A gun salute was fired in memory of the Fatherland Liberation War martyrs.

Kim Jong Un went round the cemetery together with war veterans.

He said that though the looks of the fallen soldiers of the People's



Army carved on the gravestones are very ordinary, the immortal feats of the proud sons and daughters of our country who defended their beloved country and the gains of the revolution at the cost of their lives and safeguarded the peace of mankind, are shining brilliantly from one century into the next along with the great world historic significance of July 27.

He noted that the staunch spirit of defending the country and indomitable revolutionary faith of the victorious wartime generation, who created the great heroic era, are precious ideological and spiritual wealth all the people and the service personnel should firmly carry forward and glorify forever and constitute the invincible force of our revolution.



Saying that it is the duty and revolutionary obligation of all of us, descendants of the victorious wartime generation, to build the world's most prosperous power without fail on this land dyed with the blood of the fallen soldiers, Kim Jong Un affirmed that our socialist state will prosper forever as it enriches the glorious history and tradition of victory and demonstrates its matchless national strength and dignity.

Kim Jong Un wished that the war veterans, genuine models of the revolutionary and patriotic life, will live their remaining years in good health and happiness under the close care of the Party and the government and the respect of the people across the country.

Respected Comrade Kim Jong Un Visits Friendship Tower



Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, visited the Friendship Tower on July 26 on the occasion of the 72nd anniversary of victory in the Fatherland Liberation War.

A wreath in the name of Kim Jong Un was laid before the tower.

The respected Comrade Kim Jong Un said that we will never forget the combat feats and merits of the fallen fighters of the Chinese People's Volunteers recorded in the history of the great victory in the Fatherland Liberation War.

He was accompanied by Choe Son Hui, foreign minister of the DPRK, and Kim Song Nam, director of the International Department of the WPK Central Committee.

Respected Comrade Kim Jong Un Visits Construction Site of Ragwon County Offshore Farm



Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, gave field guidance at the construction site of the Ragwon County Offshore Farm on July 13.

The respected Comrade Kim Jong Un heard about the progress

of the project in detail.

He highly appreciated the efforts of the soldier-builders, who are glorifying every day and month with labour feats through successive offensive, devoting their all to the worthwhile creative struggle for bringing about the future changes in every coastal city and county,

true to the decisions of the Eleventh Plenary Meeting of the Eighth Central Committee of the WPK.

He made the rounds of the construction site of the offshore farm.

Saying that construction of the modern offshore farms directly planned and pushed forward by the Party Central Committee is

an innovative field of creation to reliably guarantee the effective rejuvenation and long-term development of more than 60 coastal cities and counties across the country, he expressed great satisfaction over the fact that the important project to give a fresh impetus to the implementation of the regional development policy, which is getting





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He said: In order to effectively conduct the intermediate- and long-term work of developing and expanding the regional economy across the country on a new basis, it is necessary to give precedence to working out annual plans for the construction of city and county offshore farms in the future struggle stage.

He then indicated important orientation to this end.

Underscoring the need to build the offshore farms as befitting another stage of revolutionary development in the designing of industrial facilities, he set forth the tasks and principles arising in massively building offshore farms on a nationwide scale, including those of attaching greater importance to economic profitability and effectiveness the more rapidly construction develops, increasing the proportion of afforestation in the sections of dwelling houses in the rural areas and applying the most rational and optimized plans in the construction of coastal structures including breakwater.

He went round the houses built in the fishermen's village area.

He expressed expectation and belief that the soldier-builders would perfectly unfold in Ragwonpho by the founding anniversary of the WPK characteristic creations for guaranteeing the wellbeing of the regional people forever, a proud socialist paradise, by redoubling their soaring militant enthusiasm and bold strenuous exertions, and thus translate the plan of the Party Central Committee into a brilliant reality.



Respected Comrade Kim Jong Un Gives Field Guidance at Construction Sites of Wihwado Combined Greenhouse Farm and Permanent Embankments in Island Area



The respected Comrade Kim Jong Un expressed great satisfaction over the fact that the project, unprecedented in its extensiveness, originality and comprehensiveness, is being pushed forward according to the set timetable thanks to the proud labour struggle of the military and civilian builders who are conducting the gigantic construction campaign prioritized and declared by the Party in the spirit of unconditional implementation and with abilities of tenacious execution.

Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, gave field guidance at the construction sites of the Wihwado Combined Greenhouse Farm and the permanent embankments in the city of Sinuiju and the island area of Uiju County on August 1.

The respected Comrade Kim Jong Un acquainted himself with the construction of the Wihwado Combined Greenhouse Farm.

He expressed great satisfaction over the fact that the

project, unprecedented in its extensiveness, originality and comprehensiveness, is being pushed forward according to the set timetable thanks to the proud labour struggle of the military and civilian builders who are conducting the gigantic construction campaign, prioritized and declared by the Party, in the spirit of unconditional implementation and with abilities of tenacious execution.

He said that the construction front of the greenhouse farm, in





which not only different types of vegetable greenhouses, processing factory and storages but also a vegetable science research centre, trial cultivation greenhouses and hundreds of houses are being built simultaneously in the area vaster than those of all the large-scale greenhouse farms built in recent years put together, serves as a great demonstration of the inexhaustible development capability of our cause, which steadily leads the worthwhile pioneering work to great creations and changes.

He went round various places of the construction site.

In order to make our construction work the one of blazing the trail into the future from A to Z, it is important, while aspiring to the new and development, to design the objects of construction so that they can be multi-functional, multi-purpose and practical in conformity with their characteristics, functions and prospects, he said, pointing out a series of deviations revealed in the project.

He set forth a series of important tasks for developing the region including those for building all the roads in the island area in a technically qualitative way, creating drainage and water passage capacity in a scientific and prospective way in conformity with the geographical and geological conditions, making preparations in a responsible way for starting production immediately after the completion of the project like training technicians and skilled

workers for the operation of the farm, supplying farm machines and equipment necessary for the farm's operation and selecting seeds, and those for planting many fruit trees and cover plants in the areas surrounding the greenhouses, creating windbreak forests and tree nursery and building Korean evodia forests, fish farm, orchard and natural park.

Noting that the miracles in construction desired by our Party are created by the conscious and soaring spiritual strength of the masses, he said that political and ideological education should be conducted intensively without interruption, holding aloft our Party's traditional struggle slogan "Let us produce, study and live like the anti-Japanese guerrillas!" to train all the builders to be heroes of the revolution and creation, and stressed that to this end, it is necessary to create a model for the frontline-style political and ideological education at the construction site.

He affirmed that if the large-scale greenhouse farm that will be put on a modern, intensive and industrial footing is built against the background of modern houses standing in rows on the shore of the Amnok River, this island area will enjoy fame as a characteristic base of regional development with its own strong potentials of development and as a symbol of innovative development.

Then he learned about the project for building permanent



embankments in the island area of the city of Sinuiju and Uiju County.

He highly praised the soldier-builders for making a contribution to turning the island handed down as an island of disaster into the one of paradise, saying delightedly that flooding that had been regarded by the residents as their fate has become a tale of the past and the area is undergoing tremendous changes as a promenade and even a riverside park not inferior to those on the shore of the Taedong River

in Pyongyang are being built.

He expressed expectation and belief that the builders, mindful of their honourable mission and duty as pioneers, performers and executors of the great revolution, will successfully build the combined greenhouse farm in the Sinuiju area, a border gateway to the country, through their continuous and accelerated creative struggle and present it as a gift to the Ninth Congress of the WPK.



Respected Comrade Kim Jong Un Inspects Supply Base of KPA Unit and Acquaints Himself with Paddy-field Catfish Farming



Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, inspected on July 24 the supply base of a unit of the Korean People's Army, which achieved a great success in implementing the Party's policy on encouraging fish farming in paddy fields, to learn about the actual state of affairs.

The respected Comrade Kim Jong Un was accompanied by leading officials of the Party, government and armed forces organs, including members of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the WPK Central Committee, and chief secretaries of provincial Party committees.

True to the policy of the Party on encouraging fish farming in

paddy fields, the supply base intensified research and produced more than 70 tons of catfish per hectare while sharply lowering the feed consumption rate and increasing the fattening rate of the fish as compared to the industrial method. It also harvested over 10 tons of rice per hectare in low-yielding fields by using no fertilizers and agrochemicals.

Watching with satisfaction the paddy fields teeming with catfish, Kim Jong Un highly appreciated that though the unit is not a specialized catfish farm, it had started fish farming in paddy fields with a small number of employees and their family members and proved the economic effectiveness of paddy-field fish farming and provided a scientific and technical guarantee for it in just three years

by combining scientific research with production.

Learning in detail about the method of paddy-field catfish farming created by the unit and its experience, he said that in order to do fish farming in paddy fields it is necessary to select a right place by taking into account the water source and quality, pollution state of the surrounding area, irrigation and drainage conditions and soil characteristics, adding that it is most important to remodel paddy fields—making passages and pools—so as to create favourable conditions for the growth of the fish.

Explaining to the cadres accompanying him the advantages of the integrated system of green cultivation and fish farming, which has become a world trend, he stressed that in order to make a leap

forward in this field we should establish a scientific theory of our-style paddy-field fish farming and standardize it, not confining ourselves to introducing the successes and experiences of individual units.

An official of the unit said that her unit built spawning ponds this year and has so far sent two million catfish fries it had bred to various army and civilian units and harvested 7 tons of wheat and 30 tons of garlic per hectare, which were planted as earlier crops, and expects to produce 50 to 60 tons of rice in five hectares of paddy fields by producing 10 to 12 tons per hectare, and 300 to 350 tons of catfish in the fields by breeding 60 to 70 tons per hectare.

On hearing her report, Kim Jong Un praised the unit, saying that



it set a practical example in introducing organic farming through fish breeding, to which our Party attaches importance.

He said that the officials of the base, who have accepted the Party's policy as a truth and part of their faith and brought about substantial successes in improving the soldiers' and people's living standards, are genuine revolutionaries and patriots, and gave special thanks to the base.

Saying that it is important first to make the leading officials at all levels possess rich knowledge of paddy-field fish farming, he gave instructions on pushing forward proactively with the work of holding a demonstration lecture and making arrangements to extensively introduce our-style green cultivation and fish farming method established by the officials of the unit.



Respected Comrade Kim Jong Un Oversees Firing Practice Contest of Artillery Sub-units of Large Combined Units of KPA



A firing practice contest of artillery sub-units of large combined units of the Korean People's Army was conducted on July 23 amid the hot wind of training sweeping the entire army to further consolidate the militant might of the elite revolutionary army.

Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, oversaw the artillery firing practice contest.

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Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, oversaw the artillery firing practice contest.

The respected Comrade Kim Jong Un was accompanied by Pak Jong Chon, vice-chairman of the Central Military Commission of the Workers' Party of Korea and secretary of the Central Committee

of the WPK, and No Kwang Chol, minister of National Defence of the DPRK.

He was greeted on the spot by Ri Yong Gil, chief of the KPA General Staff, and other commanding officers of the General Staff and military and political officers of the large combined units at all levels of the KPA.

He heard a report on the preparations for the contest on the spot and emphasized the importance of the contest to be conducted according to the plan of the General Staff.

The contest was conducted in the way of deciding ranks by





examining the capability of each artillery sub-unit for performing the night march, combat deployment and firing attack on an unexpected enemy target in coastal regional environment and conditions in summer, making them master the combat methods in modern artillery warfare and judging the result of fulfilling the firing missions.

The commanders of the large combined units commanded the firing of their sub-units.

The artillery sub-units, which received the order to fire, fully displayed the capability that they had firmly developed to master the combat manual of our style and punish the enemy at one blow, thus hitting the suddenly-set marine targets in the set time.

Kim Jong Un expressed great satisfaction over the contest that was conducted like an actual war and its result.

This contest served as a good occasion for showing the practical and fundamental changes taking place in the KPA's efforts to round off the combat readiness after the Seventh Conference of Training Officers of the KPA, he said, adding that this was a positive result of the outstanding political and ideological readiness of our service personnel supported by the scientific combat training regime and system.

The combat capability of the core arm of our revolutionary armed forces should be highly perfect and matchless to lead and pull in the vanguard of the entire army the implementation of the Party's training-first policy, he said, stressing the need to continuously and rapidly develop our-style artillery tactics and combat methods in an innovative way in keeping with the harsh and acute environment of



the daily-changing modern battlefields.

He said that the courage, abilities and self-confidence with which to actively cope with any war and crisis are cultivated in the furnace of the training revolution transcending precedents and limits, and that the comprehensive and formidable combat strength capable of defeating any powerful enemy is the defenders' genuine heroism, toughness and feat deserving a gold-star medal.

Reiterating that the surest war deterrent is the most thoroughgoing outlook on the arch enemy, he expressed expectation and conviction that the units at all levels of the whole army would more firmly establish the atmosphere of attaching importance to training and concentrate on actual war-like drills in response to the epochal build-up of the overall artillery forces so as to bolster up in every way the combat capability of the a-match-for-a-hundred invincible army capable of immediately coping with a war anytime and destroying the enemy in every battle without fail.

Congratulating the combatants of the 2nd Battery of the 3rd Battalion of the 16th Artillery Regiment of the 28th Infantry Division of the 4th Corps of the KPA, who successfully attained all the goals set in the contest and won the contest with the highest score, he invited the battery as special guests to the celebrations of the 72nd anniversary of victory in the war as an award.



Respected Comrade Kim Jong Un Meets Russian Foreign Minister



Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, met on July 12 Sergei Lavrov, foreign minister of the Russian Federation, who visited the DPRK to take part in the second strategic dialogue between the foreign ministers of the DPRK and Russia. The respected Comrade Kim Jong Un gladly received Lavrov and had a talk with him in an atmosphere full of warm and comradely trust.

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Present there were Andrei Rudenko, vice-minister of Foreign

Affairs of the Russian Federation, and Aleksandr Matsegora, Russian ambassador to the DPRK.

The respected Comrade Kim Jong Un gladly received Lavrov and had a talk with him in an atmosphere full of warm and comradely trust.

At the talk, Russian Foreign Minister Sergei Lavrov courteously conveyed the warm greetings of Russian President Vladimir

Vladimirovich Putin to Comrade Kim Jong Un.

Comrade Kim Jong Un expressed deep thanks for it and asked the Russian foreign minister to convey his friendly greetings to the esteemed Comrade Vladimir Vladimirovich Putin.

The talk widely exchanged the opinions of the leaderships of the two countries on a series of important matters for defending the common core interests by faithfully implementing the agreements

made at the historic DPRK-Russia summit talks in June 2024, demonstrating the invincibility and vitality of the future-oriented DPRK-Russia relations in the new era and further developing the comprehensive strategic partnership between the DPRK and Russia, on the items of mutual cooperation in different fields and on the international and regional situations. And it confirmed the consensus of stand.



Kim Jong Un said that the two countries share the views on all strategic issues in conformity with the level of alliance, adding that it shows the high strategic level reached by the two countries.

He listened to the satisfactory result of the second strategic dialogue between the foreign ministers of the DPRK and Russia and expressed conviction that the coordinated and harmonious diplomatic stands of the two countries to take initiative and proactive attitude towards the radically changing international geopolitical situation would make a positive contribution to ensuring peace and security in the region and the rest of the world.

Russian Foreign Minister Sergei Lavrov explained his impressions of the strategic communication held between the diplomatic fields of the DPRK and Russia, and expressed the stand to further intensify the strategic and tactical cooperation and concerted action between the Russian Federation and the DPRK in the international arena.

Kim Jong Un reaffirmed that the DPRK is ready to unconditionally support all the measures taken by the Russian

leadership as regards the eradicating of the root cause of the Ukrainian crisis, in keeping with the spirit of the inter-state treaty between the DPRK and Russia, in the future, too.

Clearly expressed at the talk was the will of the leaderships of the two countries to closely support and cooperate with each other in the journey for thoroughly safeguarding the core interests of the two countries, powerfully promoting the comprehensive expansion and development of bilateral ties and guaranteeing endless wellbeing of the peoples and their bright future irrespective of any change in situation in conformity with the spirit of the treaty on comprehensive strategic partnership.

Expressing firm belief that the Russian army and people would surely win victory in accomplishing the sacred cause of defending the dignity and fundamental interests of their country and achieving the prosperity of the Russian Federation under the outstanding leadership of President Putin, Kim Jong Un sincerely hoped that only victory and glory are always in store for the great Russia.



Respected Comrade Kim Jong Un Meets Russian Minister of Culture and Enjoys Artistic Performances



Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, met on June 29 Minister of Culture Olga Lyubimova, who was visiting the DPRK on the occasion of the first anniversary of the conclusion of the new treaty between the DPRK and Russia, leading a delegation of the Ministry of Culture of the Russian Federation, at the headquarters building of the Party Central Committee.

Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, met on June 29 Minister of Culture Olga Lyubimova, who was visiting the DPRK on the occasion of the first anniversary of the conclusion of the new treaty between the DPRK and Russia, leading a delegation of the Ministry of Culture of the Russian Federation, at the headquarters building of the Party Central Committee.

Kim Jong Un warmly welcomed the delegation of the Ministry

of Culture of the Russian Federation on its visit to Pyongyang, and had a warm and friendly talk with the Russian minister.

Appreciating that extensive and profound exchanges and cooperation in all fields are further expanding and developing day by day after the conclusion of the new treaty between the DPRK and Russia, Kim Jong Un said that this is rendering substantial contributions to the co-prosperity, development and the promotion of the wellbeing of the two countries and two peoples.





He stressed that all fields of state and social life are important but exchanges in the field of culture and art in particular have a great influence on strengthening the foundations of the public sentiments of the two countries and firmly consolidating the ties of friendship, fellowship, mutual understanding and sympathy between their peoples.

He said that from this point of view, it is important for the cultural sector to lead the relations between the two countries. To this end, it is necessary to further expand the exchanges and cooperation in the

field of culture and art to know and learn more about each other's excellent cultural traditions, he added.

Saying that the current Pyongyang visit by the minister of Culture of the Russian Federation, personally leading art troupes in significant June, was an important occasion for the Korean people to have a deeper understanding of the excellent culture of the Russian people, Kim Jong Un expressed belief that the visit would further enhance the militant comradeship and feelings of friendship between the two countries.



During the talk, he exchanged views on the prospective plans for cultural exchanges and cooperation.

Guided by the Russian minister of Culture, Kim Jong Un saw the photos of grand monuments, famous architectural structures and beautiful natural scenery of Russia and landscapes of its major cities displayed at the East Pyongyang Grand Theatre.

That day he, together with the Russian minister of Culture, enjoyed a performance given by the Russian artistes on a visit to Pyongyang and a return performance given by the Korean artistes.

Kim Jong Un had a flower basket presented to the Russian artistes in congratulation of their singing of the daily-blooming DPRK-Russia friendship with their characteristic and passionate performance.

Saying goodbye to the delegation of the Ministry of Culture of the Russian Federation, Kim Jong Un asked Minister Olga Lyubimova to convey his best regards to the esteemed Comrade Vladimir Vladimirovich Putin, president of the Russian Federation, and all the Russian people.



NATIONAL LIBERATION, FRUITION OF 20-YEAR ANTI-JAPANESE REVOLUTIONARY STRUGGLE

1945 - 2025

On the occasion of the 80th
anniversary of national liberation

August 15, 1945 is the historic day when President Kim Il Sung achieved the cause of national liberation by organizing and leading to victory the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle.

For the Korean people, national liberation served as an epochal opportunity for carving out their destiny and a great political event which opened up a broad avenue for building an independent and sovereign state. This is the significant year that marks the 80th anniversary of national liberation.





President Kim Il Sung in the days of founding the Anti-Japanese People's Guerrilla Army

The Korean people put an end to the Japanese imperialists' military occupation and achieved the historic cause of national liberation. This was the brilliant fruition of the 20-year-long revolutionary struggle organized and led to victory by President Kim Il Sung.

Having set out on the revolutionary struggle in his teens, Kim Il Sung authored the original Juche idea that man is the master of his destiny and he has the strength to carve out his destiny, and applied it to revolutionary practice.

It was his creed that if they were awakened to their class consciousness, rallied into one and aroused to the struggle, the Korean people could defeat Japanese imperialism by their own efforts and achieve the country's liberation.

After clearly indicating the path ahead of the Korean revolution in June 1930, he, in December 1931, put forth the slogan *Oppose arms with arms, and oppose counterrevolutionary violence with revolutionary violence!* and declared an anti-Japanese war which was to be based mainly on the form of guerrilla warfare.

President Kim Il Sung founded the Korean People's Revolutionary Army on April 25, 1932.



Some of the data on the fact that President Kim Il Sung founded the Korean People's Revolutionary Army

Flag of the Anti-Japanese People's Guerrilla Army at the time of its founding



Mutiaotun in Xiaoshahe, Antu County, where President Kim Il Sung proclaimed the founding of the Anti-Japanese People's Guerrilla Army

At that time the guerrilla warfare was recognized to be possible only with the backing of a state or assistance of a regular army. Nevertheless, he defined it as the basic form of armed struggle.

His was an original idea on the national liberation struggle in colonial countries, clarified for the first time in history.

He founded the Korean People's Revolutionary Army, the first revolutionary armed force of the Korean people, on April 25, 1932, and ceaselessly expanded and developed it. In May 1936 he organized the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland, a

standing anti-Japanese national united front body and a powerful underground revolutionary organization, to rally the broad masses of all strata under the banner of anti-Japanese struggle.

National liberation by combining the armed struggle by the standing armed force with an all-people resistance—this was a revolutionary line and operations plan he maintained in the whole period of the anti-Japanese revolutionary war.

The KPRA had to wage a do-or-die fight with no support from the rear of the state and regular army against the Japanese imperialists,



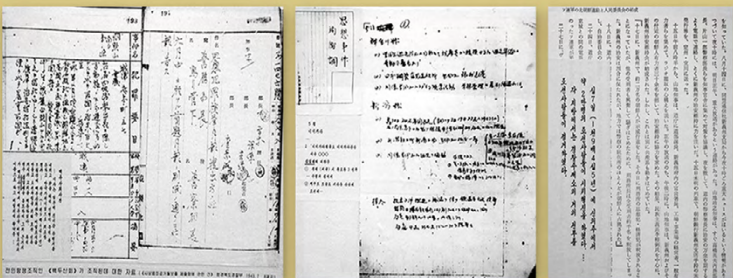
President Kim Il Sung among soldiers of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army (centre in the back row)

the self-proclaimed leader of Asia; it was an arduous struggle, unprecedented in the world history of revolutionary war.

Kim Il Sung put forth original military ideas and strategic and tactical policies as required by the developing situations and made the most of adroit tactics, not confining himself to the established theories.

The news of the KPRA's victory spread among the Korean people as legendary tales, instilling into them the hope of national liberation and striking terror and fear into the enemy.

Inspired by Kim Il Sung's intention to display the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance in making weapons, the KPRA soldiers repaired damaged pistols and rifles, made gunpowder and produced wooden



Documents and data of the Japanese imperialists on the national resistance organizations formed in different parts of Korea



Slogans written on trees by the anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters



President Kim Il Sung among officers of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army (centre)



Log cabin of the Headquarters at the Paektusan Secret Camp, which President Kim Il Sung used during the anti-Japanese armed struggle

guns and hand grenades.

Kim Il Sung led his soldiers to thoroughly safeguard the people's security and interests, saying that as fish cannot live without water, so the guerrillas cannot live without the people.

This was why the people proactively supported combat actions of the KPRA and assisted it both morally and materially. The unbreakable blood-sealed ties between the KPRA and the people made it possible for the KPRA to always emerge victorious in battles

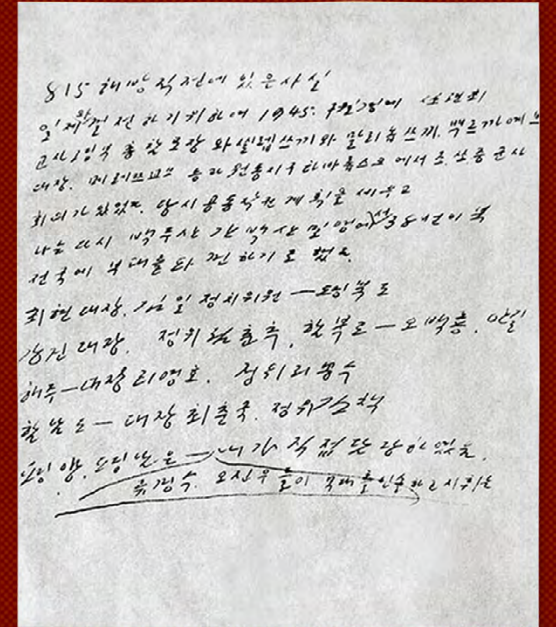
against the aggressors, who boasted of their numerical and technical superiority.

Entering 1943, the Japanese imperialists suffered repeated defeats in the vast frontline and were driven into a blind alley.

With a keen insight into these developments, Kim Il Sung set forth the three-point line of national liberation in early January 1943, and at a meeting of the KPRA officers, heads of small units and groups and chiefs of the revolutionary organizations held in February



The Korean People's Revolutionary Army soldiers make full preparations for the great event of national liberation.



President Kim Il Sung's autographic writing
related to the final offensive operations
plan for national liberation



**Declaration of
unconditional surrender
by the Japanese
imperialists
on August 15, 1945**

The Korean people greeted the historic moment of national liberation on August 15, 1945.



People full of delight over national liberation



President Kim Il Sung makes a speech at the mass rally of Pyongyang citizens held in welcome of his triumphant return in October 1945.

that year, he indicated detailed tasks and ways to implement the line—first, to deal a deadly blow to the Japanese imperialists through a general offensive by the KPRA; second, to carry out an all-people uprising; and third, to conduct joint operations of the KPRA small units and armed organizations in the homeland in response to the KPRA's general offensive.

This line fully demonstrated its vitality and validity in the final offensive against the Japanese imperialists. On August 9, 1945, according to the order of Kim Il Sung to launch a general offensive for national liberation, the KPRA launched bold operations and a large number of national resistance organizations joined it, waging a massive struggle across the country.

On August 15, 1945, a week later, the Japanese imperialists declared an unconditional surrender, and the arduous anti-Japanese revolutionary war ended with victory of the Korean people.

The accomplishment of the historic cause of national liberation etched in history the truth that only when they solve all problems arising in a showdown with the imperialists in accordance with their own reality and by relying on their own efforts, can people always emerge victorious.

The great exploits of President Kim Il Sung, who achieved the historic cause of national liberation, will shine forever in the history of the country and the history of national liberation struggles in colonial countries.

Text: Pak Kyong Chol

Immortal Exploits Achieved in Building Juche-oriented Revolutionary Armed Forces



Chairman Kim Jong Il visits the Seoul Ryu Kyong Su Guards 105th Tank Division of the Korean People's Army in August 1960.

Chairman Kim Jong Il started his leadership over the revolutionary armed forces 65 years ago—August 25, 1960, when he visited the Seoul Ryu Kyong Su Guards 105th Tank Division of the Korean People's Army.

During his revolutionary career of leading the Workers' Party of Korea and the Korean people for a long time, Chairman Kim Jong Il performed great exploits for his country and fellow people and for the times and the history. Of those exploits, those he achieved in building up the revolutionary armed forces shine their brilliance in the history of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, a dignified political and military power.

He started his leadership over the revolutionary armed forces 65 years ago—on August 25, 1960, when he visited the Seoul Ryu Kyong Su Guards 105th Tank Division.

That day he spoke highly of the feats the unit had performed during the Fatherland Liberation War, and gave it detailed tasks for carrying out its mission in a thoroughgoing way.

From that day on, he paid close attention to strengthening the





President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il acquaint themselves with the combat preparedness of the sailors in May 1965.



Chairman Kim Jong Il supervises the combat training of the soldiers in April 1983.



Chairman Kim Jong Il at a forward command post in April 1997

country's defence capability and wisely led the efforts to this end.

Putting the primary effort in raising the political and ideological might of the Korean People's Army, he ensured that the army creditably performed its mission as the defender of the socialist country.

During his continuous on-site guidance at the army units, he led the army to consolidate its military and technological might in every way possible.

Under his guidance the KPA reliably defended the sovereignty and dignity of the country, smashing at every step the enemy's moves for a war, including the *Pueblo* Incident and the large spy plane *EC-121* Incident in the 1960s and the Panmunjom Incident in the 1970s.

In the mid-1990s he directed greater efforts to building up the military strength of the country.

Availing themselves of the collapse of socialism in several socialist countries, the United States and its vassal forces imposed harsh blockade and sanctions on the DPRK, and natural disasters hit the country for consecutive years. This forced the Korean people to experience severe trials and difficulties.

At the time he put forward Songun politics as the basic mode of socialist politics, for the country could not defend its dignity and sovereignty and its people would be enslaved again if the army was not strong.

Whenever he visited the army units on the frontline, including those on far-flung Cho Island and rugged Mt Osong and Chol Pass, he would bestow affection and trust on the soldiers, acquainting himself in detail first with their living conditions.

He put the main effort in developing the defence industry to provide a guarantee for the army to emerge victorious in the showdown with any enemy.

He ensured that the service personnel, while reliably defending the outposts of the country, made a breakthrough for advance on the main fronts of socialist construction. It was his view that the army should not only be the main force in the nation's defence but also be a genuine army of the people by standing in the vanguard of socialist construction.

True to his intention, the service personnel built the Anbyon Youth Power Station and many other monumental structures in the



**Chairman Kim Jong Il and the respected Comrade Kim Jong Un
acknowledge the parading columns in October 2010.**

era of the Workers' Party by displaying a revolutionary spirit and fighting mettle.

The people, by rallying more firmly behind Kim Jong Il and learning from the soldiers' spirit and mettle, wrought a miracle—bringing about a fresh upsurge in the economic and cultural construction and defending their country's sovereignty and dignity

and socialism by resolutely frustrating the offensive by the United States, a self-acclaimed only superpower in the world, to stifle their country.

The start of his leadership over the revolutionary armed forces was a historic landmark in making a military giant of the DPRK, which is now advancing to become a powerful socialist country.

Text: Pak Ui Chol



72nd Anniversary of Victory in Fatherland Liberation War

72
1953 - 2025



우리들의 반격에
정의를 드린다

1950-1953





Ceremony of Commemorative March of Columns Symbolic of Units in Fatherland Liberation War



A ceremony of the commemorative march of the columns symbolic of the units in the Fatherland Liberation War took place in Pyongyang on the evening of July 27 in celebration of the 72nd anniversary of victory in the war.

Leading officials of the Party, government and armed forces organs took the platform together with war veterans.

Chief secretaries of the provincial committees of the Workers'

Party of Korea and commanders of the large combined units of the Korean People's Army took the platform.

Present there on invitation were diplomatic envoys and members of foreign missions in the DPRK.

Seen in the rostrum were the participants in the celebrations of the 72nd anniversary of victory in the Fatherland Liberation War, officials of the Party Central Committee, soldiers of the artillery

sub-unit under the 4th Corps of the KPA who were invited to the celebrations of the V-Day as special guests and other service personnel, officials of ministries and national agencies and officials, meritorious persons, students of revolutionary schools, youth and students in Pyongyang.

The combined military band presented a ceremony with light melodies and peculiar skills, adding to the joy of the people

celebrating July 27 of the victory and glory of Juche Korea from one generation into the next.

When the bugle call was sounded signalling the start of the march, the march started led by the column symbolic of the Bodyguard Company holding the portrait of President Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious and iron-willed brilliant commander, who created the historic miracle of defeating two imperialist powers in one



generation and originated the tradition of eternal victory of heroic Korea, a powerful independent country.

The marchers were filled with a strong faith and militant enthusiasm to safeguard the Party and the revolution by supporting with absolute loyalty the ideas and leadership of the respected Comrade Kim Jong Un, who is leading Juche Korea with 70-odd-year history of victory in war along the road of everlasting victory

and glory, and to demonstrate the immortal fame in the sacred war of defending the Party, the revolution, the country and the people.

A KPA Air Force squadron flew past over the plaza in a fan-shaped formation, gorgeously decorating the end of the event.

When the ceremony was over, fireworks were set off beautifully adorning the nocturnal sky of the V-Day.





Events Held in Celebration of Victory in Fatherland Liberation War

A meeting with the victorious wartime generation and an artistic performance were held in Pyongyang on July 27 on the occasion of the 72nd anniversary of victory

in the Fatherland Liberation War.

Leading officials of the Party, government and armed forces organs took the platform together with war veterans.

Present there were officials of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, chief secretaries of the provincial committees of the WPK, service personnel



including soldiers of an artillery sub-unit under the 4th Corps of the Korean People's Army who were invited to the celebrations of the V-Day as special guests, officials of ministries and national agencies and officials, meritorious persons, students of the revolutionary schools and youth and students in Pyongyang.

Present there on invitation were diplomatic envoys and members of foreign

missions in the DPRK.

Pak Thae Song, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the WPK Central Committee and premier of the Cabinet of the DPRK, made a speech.

He, on the authorization of the Party and the government, extended warm congratulations to all the war veterans and persons of wartime merits across the country, who are permanent heroes of the

war victory day.

Noting that the tradition of victory will be firmly succeeded as the revolutionary faith and the spirit of defence, which the victorious wartime generation have cherished deep in their hearts all their life and handed down to the new generation as a baton, will be firmly carried forward, he ardently called upon all the people to advance courageously for the honour of



the victor nation to be handed down to posterity under the leadership of Comrade Kim Jong Un and for the eternal dignity and prosperity of the glorious DPRK.

An artistic performance was given.

The national anthem of the DPRK was played.

Seen on the screen were some videos and photos documenting the unprecedented ravages committed by the US imperialists in the mid-20th century, which was called a “century of wars,” against the young DPRK,

the first people’s country in the eastern half of the globe.

The audience was deeply moved by the famous songs portraying the heroic soul and exploits of the victorious wartime generation who created a new history of the all-people and nationwide unity and the valuable tradition of victory to be handed down through generations, shouting “For the Party and the leader!” in the showdown between a rifle and an atomic bomb, unprecedented in the world history of wars.

When the image of President Kim Il Sung at the venue of the military parade for celebrating victory in the war appeared on the screen declaring the Korean people’s victory and his recorded voice resounded, the audience enthusiastically applauded with their boundless reverence for the peerlessly brilliant commander who had wrought a military miracle of the 20th century and developed his country into heroic Korea by dint of his outstanding military ideas and theories, adroit strategies

and tactics, matchless courage, and ardent love and trust.

The song *Victorious Wartime Generation* was acclaimed by the audience as it reflects the posterity’s respect for the heroic generation who will shine as an everlasting golden star along with the honour of the victor nation.

The performance ended with *July 27, Our Victory Day* and *Tell, Fireworks Display for the War Victory*, hymns to the war victory created in the era of the Workers’ Party.





Officials, working people, service personnel, youth and students visit the statues of President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il on Mansu Hill with boundless reverence for them.



On Occasion of Great War Victory Day

All the people across the DPRK celebrated July 27, the V-Day, with great pride and self-confidence.

Working people, service personnel, youth and students visited the Kumsusan Palace of the Sun, the sacred temple of Juche, where President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il are preserved in their lifetime appearance, statues of the great leaders and mosaics depicting their images in different parts of the country. They paid tribute to the great leaders with the most humble reverence.

The working people and service personnel visited the revolutionary sites in different parts of the country associated with the immortal exploits performed by the President for war victory, and

keenly felt the greatness of the brilliant commander who performed a military miracle to be specially recorded in the world history of wars with his outstanding ideas, strategies and tactics.

An evening gala of the youth and students in Pyongyang was held and fireworks set off at Kim Il Sung Square on July 26, and banquets were held in the People's Palace of Culture, Okryu Restaurant and Chongnyu Restaurant on July 27.

Many working people, youth and students across the country visited the families of war veterans to congratulate the revolutionary elders.

A meeting of the new generation to vow to carry forward the soul



Leading officials of the Party, government and armed forces organs visit the Revolutionary Martyrs Cemetery on Mt Taesong to pay tribute to the martyrs.



Leading officials of the Party and government and officials of the Party Central Committee, Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly, Cabinet and armed forces organs visit the Patriotic Martyrs Cemetery in Sinmi-ri, lay flowers before the tombstones of martyrs, and pay tribute to them.



Meeting of the new generation to vow to carry forward the soul of the victorious wartime generation and their march of succession



Evening gala of the youth and students in Pyongyang and fireworks display

of the victorious wartime generation and their march of succession took place in Pyongyang.

An oath-taking meeting of officers and men of the Paektusan Hero Youth Shock Brigade and their march of succession took place at the construction site of the 450-hectare greenhouse farm.

Artistic performances were given in Pyongyang and other parts of the country on the occasion of the V-Day.

The dance parties held throughout the country showed the ardent aspiration and enthusiasm of successors who are glorifying

the valuable ideological and spiritual assets bequeathed by the wartime generation and vigorously marching forward to achieve comprehensive prosperity under the guidance of the great Party.

Special holiday services were given at public catering and other service establishments in Pyongyang and other parts of the country, and working people and schoolchildren spent a pleasant time at the Central Zoo, the Munsu Water Park and other cultural recreation grounds.



Banquet held in celebration of the 72nd anniversary of victory in the Fatherland Liberation War

Nampho Shipyard Vows to Build *Choe Hyon*-class Destroyer No. 3 by WPK Founding Anniversary Next Year



True to the ever-victorious Workers' Party of Korea's line of building a military power, the workers at the Nampho Shipyard are making steady progress with uninterrupted innovations and successive leaps forward aimed at the rapid transformation of the DPRK navy.

The workers, technicians and officials at the Nampho Shipyard, a reliable large base for building warships which is honourable with

the tradition and might of self-reliance, pledged to build another new-type destroyer by October 10, 2026 by keeping up the spirit and mettle that were displayed in successfully building the first multi-mission destroyer of a new generation so as to make a breakthrough in accomplishing the historic sacred cause of rapidly turning the country into a maritime power of the 21st

century.

On July 21, employees of the Nampho Shipyard gathered to vow to build *Choe Hyon*-class destroyer No. 3.

Yun Chi Gol, manager of the Nampho Shipyard, made a report.

The meeting declared the start of the building of *Choe Hyon*-class destroyer No. 3 and announced a schedule for

finishing the building of the destroyer by October 10, 2026.

Then oath-taking speeches were made. A letter of pledge to respected Comrade Kim Jong Un was adopted at the meeting amidst a storm of applause.

At the end of the meeting, the workers of the Nampho Shipyard started the building of *Choe Hyon*-class destroyer No. 3.

Press Statement on Second Strategic Dialogue between DPRK and Russian Foreign Ministers Released



The second strategic dialogue between Choe Son Hui, foreign minister of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Sergei Lavrov, foreign minister of the Russian Federation, took place in Wonsan on July 12 in the period when the bilateral relations are developing into the comprehensive and future-oriented invincible alliance under the strategic guidance of the heads of state of the two countries.

The strategic dialogue between the DPRK and Russian foreign ministers discussed in depth the immediate practical issues arising in accelerating the dynamic development of the DPRK-Russia relations in line with the plan and intention of the heads of state. It reaffirmed the firm will to faithfully implement the spirit and all articles of the treaty on comprehensive strategic partnership between the two countries and thus turn the DPRK-Russia relations with long historical roots and traditions into the eternal strategic

relations.

Both sides expressed once again their stand to further intensify the strategic communication and cooperation for defending their states' sovereignty and territorial integrity and international justice while boosting mutual cooperation in the international arenas.

The Russian side, as regards the situation on the Korean peninsula, resolutely opposed any attempt to deny the present position of the DPRK and expressed its firm support for the DPRK side in its just efforts for defending the security of the state and its sovereign right.

The DPRK side expressed full sympathy and support for all the measures taken by the Russian government to remove the root cause of the Ukrainian conflict and defend its national sovereignty, security interests and territorial integrity.

The exchange of views on major international issues confirmed that the two sides are unanimous in the judgments on the present



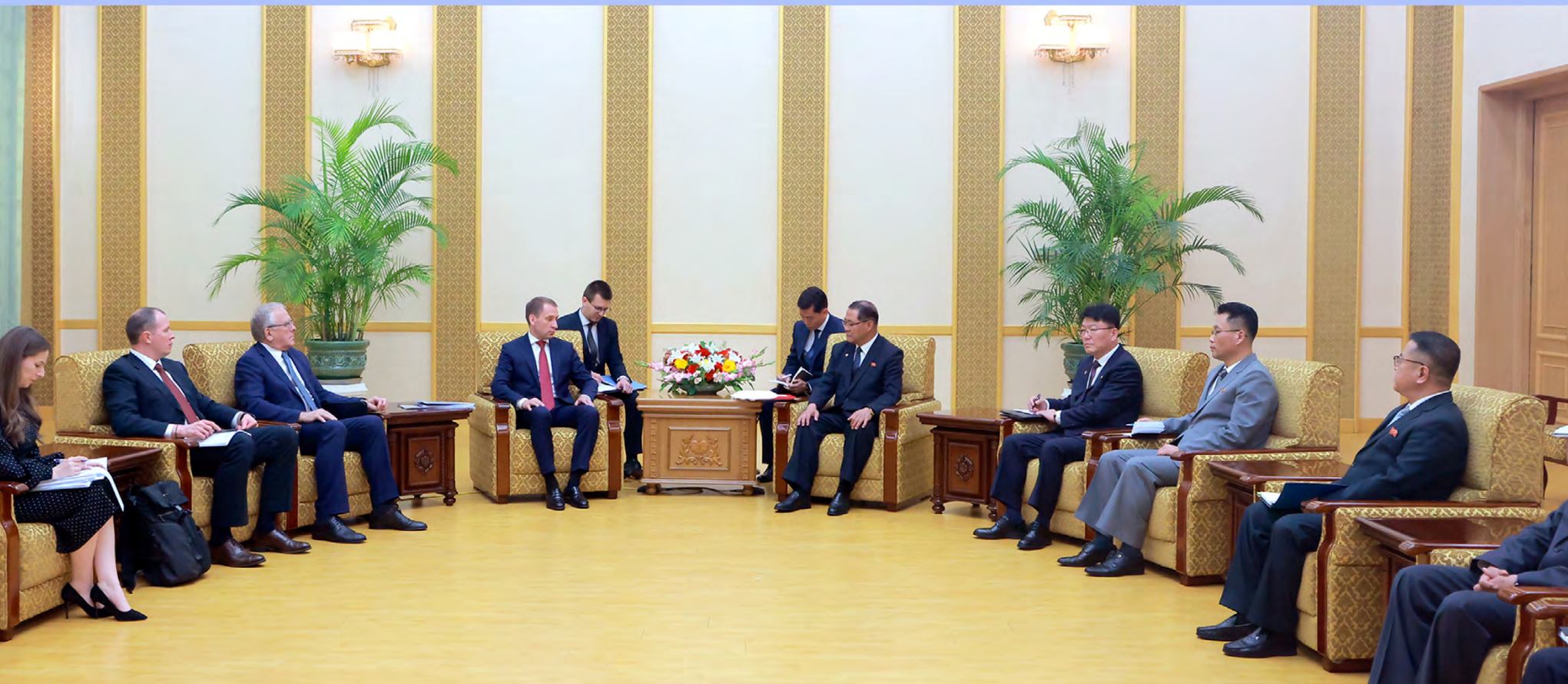
complicated international situation and they agreed to coordinate their common stand while further heightening vigilance against the hostile forces' hegemony-oriented moves for aggression, which are getting more undisguised worldwide, and boosting strategic communication.

The DPRK and Russian foreign ministers agreed to continue exchange of views between the foreign policy organs of the two countries at various levels, including ministerial strategic dialogue.

The 2026-2027 exchange plan was signed between the DPRK

Foreign Ministry and the Russian Foreign Ministry after the strategic dialogue.

The second strategic dialogue between the DPRK and Russian foreign ministers serves as a significant occasion in expanding and developing the bilateral relations in an all-round way and strengthening the strategic and tactical cooperation and support and solidarity between the two countries in line with the new inter-state treaty.



Pak Thae Song, premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, met Alexandr Kozlov, minister of Natural Resources and Ecology of the Russian Federation.



Talks between the chairmen of the DPRK and Russian sides to the DPRK-Russia Inter-governmental Committee for Cooperation in Trade, the Economy, Science and Technology were held.

Chairman of Russian Side to DPRK-Russia Inter-governmental Committee for Cooperation in Trade, the Economy, Science and Technology Visits DPRK



Ceremony of congratulating the reopening of the Pyongyang-Moscow direct air route



World-class Resort

Wonsan Kalma Coastal Tourist Area



The modern coastal resort built in the Kalma peninsula, well known for a long stretch of beach, make the holidaymakers experience a new realm of tourist culture.



The bathing beach, furnished with various kinds of maritime sporting apparatuses and other service facilities for high-speed boating, biking and skiing, can accommodate tens of thousands of people a day.



The Wonsan Kalma Coastal Tourist Area began its public service on July 1.

The coastal resort, built as a new monumental structure adding beauty to the scenic spot on the East Sea of Korea, is the fruition of the wise leadership of the respected Comrade Kim Jong Un who always concerns himself with providing the

people with a more affluent and cultured life.

The Kalma peninsula, well known for a long stretch of beach, has favourable conditions for tourism not only in summer but also all other seasons as the temperature difference is not large between day and night and between summer and winter and the rate of sunshine is high.



Kim Jong Un proposed building a resort for the people in this area, and energetically led the project.

Thanks to his leadership, a world-class resort was built along the 4km-long beach of the peninsula.

The hotels, equipped with all necessary conditions, can accommodate nearly 20 000 tourists. There are bathing service

facilities, various sports and amusement facilities, commercial and public catering establishments.

The bathing beach is the first haunt for the holidaymakers in July and August, the bathing season in the country. Bathing in the clear and blue sea in sweltering summer is spectacular.

The water park, furnished with steep

slides, sledge-shaped slide and other wading facilities, draws many people.

Yachting, high-speed boating and water cycling are popular among young people.

It seems motorcycling on the beach is monopolized by men.

Beach volleyball and other sports played on the beach are other highlights of the coastal tour.

The Pyongyang cold noodles and specialties of the East Sea of Korea served at the restaurants taste better as the attendants are so kind.

The night view of Myongsasimni adds much to the serene beauty.

Many working people are enjoying themselves at the coastal resort.

Photo: Choe Won Chol, Kim Song Chol,
Ri Chol Jin
Text: Kim Son Gyong





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