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# La Nueva Bandera

## (The New Flag)



*We humans are mere fragments of time and heartbeats, but our deeds will remain for centuries stamped on generation after generation. We will people the Earth with light and happiness.*

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Chairman Gonzalo, PCP

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Here are the real "Mother Courages": the masses rebel against hunger and misery, giving crucial support to the People's War in the cities. Photo from *El Diario*

## Dire Predictions To The Contrary, The People's War Is Invincible

The predictions by imperialist forces of the impending defeat of the revolution in Peru were buried by the bold political and military actions of the People's War. This confirms that their "songs of victory" after the capture of Chairman Gonzalo were premature and incorrect. The judgment that the heroic people of Peru, under the leadership of the Communist Party (PCP), will inevitably win remains valid.

Almost fifteen years ago, the people of Peru led by the PCP rose up in arms in an unprecedented struggle to seize

power for the proletariat, the peasantry and progressives. This effort continues today, building the strategic equilibrium countrywide which precedes the strategic offensive that will culminate in the seizure of power. For us, the peoples of the world, the daily victories of this revolution is not only an inspiration but a challenge to begin organizing in this country a party of the mass proletariat that must also raise up in people's war.

All revolutions face difficult times, restorations and counter-restorations, and this hard-fought struggle between the PCP and the army is not an exception. The crowing about the capture of Chairman Gonzalo has become increasingly muted. For Marxists, the positive aspect of setbacks and temporary retreats become the basis for new upsurges and fresh new victories. The capture of Chairman Gonzalo was undoubtedly accomplished with the assistance of foreign intelligence services. Although the details of the CIA's role in this event are still unknown, its participation has been confirmed by the House Intelligence Committee. We are confident that the PCP has made fundamental reassessments to prevent this from recurring. Subsequent to the capture, the imperialists, chiefly U.S. imperialism,

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have followed-up with the launching of a huge campaign of psychological warfare, including a particularly sinister one: "Struggle for Peace Accords." This trap was a clear attempt to divide, conquer, separate, discredit and destroy the People's War. These reactionary efforts misfired. The offers of "amnesty" were answered with hundreds of guerrilla actions throughout the country: sabotage, occupation of towns, and smashing of military garrisons, and frontal attacks on para-military *rondas* have increased sharply in 1994.

Contrary to the impression conveyed by the Western press and the Peruvian tyranny, the People's War is advancing. There is again mounting pressure on government strongholds (the cities); the People's Liberation Army carries out road blocks, constant attacks on army and police posts, and the successful armed strikes. The old state continues its course of disintegration. The Popular Committees and support bases are increasing in numbers in large areas of the country. These are the growing basis of the New State, People's democracy, and socialism. What is needed from supporters of the People's War abroad is to break through the fog of deception and lies with which the lackey Fujimori and his imperialist masters are attempting to envelop the real situation by misinforming the public.

At the present time, the genocidal armed forces, experts in defeats at the hands of the People's War has been engaged in skirmishes with its reactionary Ecuadorian counterpart. Encouraged by the weakening of the Peruvian army's morale and effectiveness, and the dilution of its forces spread out fighting the PCP, the Ecuadorian government seized the golden opportunity to slice off a part of Peruvian territory. Meanwhile the U.S. puppets Fujimori and Duran Ballen are posturing "in defense of national sovereignty" to divert attention from their domestic failures and the inevitable crises of their putrescent states. This will only benefit U.S. imperialism and the Peruvian and Ecuadorian bourgeoisies who seek more profits, while the masses of poor and oppressed not only supply the dead in this conflict but suffer continual hunger and misery. The alternative for the people in both countries is: more People's War against imperialism, semi-feudalism and bureaucratic capitalism that oppresses our countries.

This issue features articles about the role of youth and workers in the revolution. This issue also discusses the struggle against the opportunist line within the Committee of the Revolutionary Internationalist Movement (RIM) and the RCP-USA, who have embarked on a course of betrayal of the Peruvian revolution under the disguise of "defend the life of Dr. Guzman" and spread the reactionary propaganda of "peace accords". We are also against those "friends" who erroneously claim that in Peru "peace talks" and "elections"----in other words, capitulation----are consistent with Maoism! All this in spite of the advances and

victories of the Peoples War. While we condemn the traitors to our movement, we nevertheless recognize that there are honest differences among us that require discussion and a patient hearing. We are happy to enter into comradely dialogue with those who uphold revolutionary principles. We do not keep the problems we face from the masses nor restrict open discussion. We uphold the ideology of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo Thought, therefore we practice unity-struggle-unity. But we will never conciliate with capitulators, no matter on what grounds it is defended. We thank the support of the Peru People's Movement (MPP), the Committees Sol Peru, Solidarity Committees, Emergency Committees, and the Communist Parties, especially the Maoist parties that support the People's War.

## Ashaninkas In The People's War

Thousands of combatants of the glorious People's Guerrilla Army (PGA) are members of the Ashaninka nationality as well as other ethnic groups that inhabit the immense jungle region of the country.

Imperialism, the reactionary State and its class collaborators have targeted these lands in their plans for a bigger plunder of the natural resources, super-exploitation of the work force and grabbing the land of these native peoples of the jungle region. All these could not go on anymore.

The reactionary newspapers in Peru, mainly *La Republica* and *Expreso* jumped to defend the interests of the landlords who stand out not only as prosperous "lumber dealers" or "cattle owners" or "exporters" and narcotraffickers but above all as "bwanas in safari" hunting down natives for prostitution or for the enslavement of their free labor for their companies and households.

Along with these exploiters are the officers of the genocidal armed forces, who act like reptiles trying to perpetuate the the ignominious phrase that has been practiced for decades: "I have a *campita* in my house"; "Have my servants *campas*".

The reality is that the People's War has entered the scene to resolve the semi-feudal and even enslaving conditions of oppression and exploitation that for decades the *caciques* (landowners), the imperialists and the State have subjected the population of Ashaninkas and other peoples.

All the campaigns of Channel 2, Channel 5, *La Republica* and *Expreso* deliberately hide, among others, the following facts: encroachment, depriving the Ashaninkas and other populations of their forest lands by the State bodies, through the Ministry of Agriculture; granting the native lands to the lumber dealers, oil companies, miners, or the credit banks to plunder their resources without taking into account at all the wishes of the Ashaninka population.

The People's War has destroyed the power of the *caciques* and the system of exploitation in wide regions of the jungle. It has forged the New Power and has promoted the development of the productive forces with the resulting social and political emancipation. The condition of the peasantry has improved and developed and there is no more serfdom or slavery, there is no more despoiling of land nor trafficking with their consciences by the ecclesiastic hierarchy.

The extremely undernourished children, the rags and misery, the plagues and diseases, the ignorance and death that today affect the so called "Ashaninkas" recovered by the armed forces from the hands of "Sendero" are direct consequences of the troops of the genocidal Fujimori who with the greatest cynicism exhibits before the world their concentration camps, the Vietnam-style "villages of civil defense" or bases of *ronderos*.

Forced military occupation is their plan, which they seek to prolong. Despite the state of siege the armed forces have had against the support bases of the PCP, they have not been able to break the power of the new State that is flourishing.

The landlord-bureaucratic State subjected the Ashaninkas for decades to an extreme condition of servitude, slavery and disregard. The People's War emancipates them and finally the State with greater and increased resources and its genocidal armed forces can't reestablish the old order in the region. Here is one more evidence of the unconcealed strategic equilibrium that has shaped the Maoist revolution and that is a necessary step and guarantee for the masses and for the proletarian cause in the whole country.

## The Youth in the People's War

The profound social transformation generated by the People's War has become evident among the youth in Peru. The following text is a testimony expressing the class position of a young settler in a People's Committee of the Alto Huallaga Base Area in Peru.

From being an unemployed young man, contaminated by bourgeois culture, and indifferent to revolutionary politics, Lucio has become into a brave and valiant combatant, and above all, a firm activist in the construction of the New Power and the People's Republic of Peru. Thousands of youth like him make up the strength and energy of the youth movement, an undeniable strength of the People's War and the democratic revolution.

"Soon after the celebration of the 101st anniversary of Mao Tse-tung it is important to state that the youth, as a new generation, increasingly embodies Maoism in our country. A youngster is a revolutionary in today's Peru if he/she is willing to become an active part of the proletariat and the

peasantry. He becomes a counter-revolutionary if he stays distant from their class interests and opposes and goes against the interests of the poor."

The youth is our hope and our future; it is the most numerous and militant sector of today's Peru, they are always present in all social transformations and violent changes throughout history.

## The Youth: an Active and Strong Force of the Revolution

Mao Tse-tung teaches us that the youth "is the most active and vital force in society; the young are the most willing to learn, and the least conservative in their thinking."

But it is not enough to make a general appreciation of the youth's physical vitality since we know that they are also part of social classes, they may be a part of the bourgeoisie or the proletariat or peasantry and poor masses in general.

Those who are part of the exploiting classes become reactionaries and defend the system of exploitation: imperialism, bureaucratic capitalism and semi-feudalism. The proletarian and peasant youth, because of their oppressed condition, are conscious and resolute in serving the revolution, they are part of the ranks of the People's Liberation Army (EPL), and are constructing the New Power based on the alliance of proletarians, peasants and progressives.

Objectively, there is a revolutionary youth and a reactionary youth. The first is serving the interests of the oppressed and part of the masses who fight to conquer Power and defeat all kinds of reactionary attacks, including psychological manipulations such as the defeated "peace accord" (peace for reactionaries and exploitation for the poor). On the other side, the counter-revolutionary youth is serving the existing system of exploitation in a clear and objective way.

It is almost impossible to trust the youth from the exploiting classes, rather, it is essential to be cautious when dealing with them as well as with those who originate from the proletariat and the peasantry but live infected under the influence of ideas, habits and customs of the bourgeoisie. Many of them have contempt for humble and hard work, and prefer to make money at any cost, thus easily becoming petty criminals, mafia gangsters, mercenaries for the exploiters, blackmailers, swindlers, alcoholics, drug addicts, and clients for brothels, etc. causing great harm to humble people and plenty of suffering to their own families.

Because many reactionary youths also depend economically on their parents and family members, and because they do not suffer unjust exploitation nor participate in the struggle for production, their ideas are self-serving and allow themselves to be manipulated by the procedures and customs created by the bourgeois system, consequently, lacking proletarian ideological and political formation.

The root of all the problems in Peru and Latin America is the semi-colonial, semi-feudal and bureaucratic capitalist system dominated by imperialism, chiefly US imperialism. Such a corrupted system propagates bourgeois, individualistic and reactionary ideas. It is clear that the only path to follow is to destroy the old rotten state in order to construct New Power and the People's Republic of Peru, serving world revolution.

Many times, because of their inexperience and lack of proletarian political consciousness, some honest youth are used, deceived and betrayed by reactionaries of all shades, such as the revisionists (these counter-revolutionary agents posing as leftists), fascist groups and opportunists, lately trying and failing, to win a reactionary and ridiculous "peace accord". Miserable opportunists and revisionists make use of all kinds of tricks and deceptions to attack the just struggle of the poor masses, the People's War; for instance, these enemies of the people attempt to create armed groups without a political party to lead them, trying to operate parallel to the vanguard of the international proletariat, the Communist Party of Peru (PCP). They attempt to divide and confuse the people in order to create support for the existing system of exploitation.

The revisionists and opportunists shout all over that they are "revolutionaries", but in practice they are petty charlatans who use lies to deceive the masses.

In the same manner, many youths are recruited into the police and reactionary armed forces of the genocidal government, only to die when fighting against the powerful and invincible People's War. These deceived youths are used as cannon fodder, as cheap war material to support a rotten system. This is an objective fact. Confronting such reactionary actions, the revolutionary youth stands out with modest, humble, tough, and just life style, serving the interests of the poor masses, constructing New Power for the benefit of the people in all aspects of life.

The new generation of youth understands how important is to participate in production, working in the most modest and difficult tasks, and not to become used to easy life, learning that things cost hard work. Youths now learn to confront all kinds of problems and sufferings, making sacrifices and often taking dangerous risks, without selfish interests "to make money", and thus embody the revolutionary cause, understanding and applying the ideology of the proletariat: Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo Thought, principally Gonzalo Thought.

The revolutionary youth, as a support base of the revolution, loves the people with all its heart and for this reason takes part in the armed class struggle, and upholds, defends and applies Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo Thought. Considering the active participation and interests of youths, the PCP has created the People's Youth Movement (MJP) as an organization of a new type. In it the youth is organized

as part of the just struggle of the oppressed masses against hunger and exploitation, the People's War! The new generation is increasingly conscious that reality must be understood and transformed through materialist dialectics, and not through imperialist metaphysical idealism.

The revolutionary youth, with conscious class morale and firm determination, takes part in the conquest of Power in all of Peru.

Source: *El Diario*, Lima, Peru.

## **The Student Movement: Youth Rebellion Intensifies**

### **Defending Their Rights Through Struggle, Defeating Military Occupation**

Under the disguise that the "universities are the training centers of subversion", Fujimori ordered the military occupation of the main universities in the country. Initially he boasted that three months will be enough to subdue the students, but his troops are on campus permanently. The repugnant genocidal record of the armed forces can not overcome the ideological strength in the universities and the great resistance by revolutionary organizations made up of students, workers and faculty.

There have been massive and continuous mobilizations in 1994 as well as actions such as selective executions of informants, propaganda and posters in the face of the army as forms of militant resistance to military occupation. The rallies at San Marcos and La Cantuta universities, and others throughout the country, reach out to the streets shouting slogans in support of the People's War. That is the evidence of the failure of Fujimori in his attempt to destroy the universities and the student movement.

The heightened participation of university students in the development of the People's War is another guarantee of the triumph of the Communist Party of Peru and the Revolution. In the face of this fact, the old State seeks to displace the popular classes from the schools and turn them into schools of the elites so that the people will be denied technical and scientific knowledge.

In that vein the attitude of the authorities of the National Universities, most of them appointed by the tyrant during the last years has been to privatize the food, transportation, health and housing services.

Since May 1991 up to today the schools have been occupied and constantly harassed by military stormtroopers, libraries have been looted, female students raped, faculty and students suspected of being "subversives" were assassinated. The cases of La Cantuta Teacher's College and the University of Huancayo are recent examples.

In spite of the brutal repression, the class-conscious youth is fighting against fascism demonstrating courage and determination with bold mobilizations, showing its rejection of the old State, the genocidal armed forces and most importantly that faithful lackey of imperialism, Fujimori. This wretch was able to see the proof of this for himself at San Marcos University. He thought that by showing himself in campus on top of a tank he would scare the youths. In his tour through the University zone, the students spat in his face: "Genocide! Traitor! Murderer of La Cantuta!"

At the same time, vanguard students set off various dynamite charges, that further shortened the genocidal leader's tour through the glorious University of San Marcos which has given the People's War many of its best cadres.

In hindsight, the goal of Fujimori's murderous dictatorship in the takeover of the schools is essentially: the elimination of free education.

It is no coincidence that a vulgar director of public transportation, hand-picked by Fujimori for using reactionary laws in his favor, seeks to require stickers and restrict the right of half fares on Saturdays, Sundays, holidays and the first three months of the year. But it is not these obedient bureaucrats with delusions of grandeur that are the real culprits of these crimes, it is really the old State that is behind any measure to displace the people, especially the poor, from the University.

Thousands of students from Ayacucho, Lima and Arequipa were mobilized in the streets on August 25th and 26th to protest against the old State and its reactionary measures placed in its crude Constitution.

In Lima on September 7th and 8th, there were new demonstrations targeting the genocidal dictatorship, the CCD, its "Education Commission", its "privatization commission", and reactionary deans such as the president of the National Association of Deans, the most reactionary of the lot.

The university students identified with the ideology of the proletariat, Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo Thought, and struggle to defend the rights of the people in the universities.

Against the unpunished genocide of La Cantuta, in defense of free education, for the unlimited right of half fares, for more funding for the universities, the class-conscious students will keep up their struggle.

## **Teachers in Struggle: PCP Leads the Fight from the Bases**

While butcher Fujimori jokingly named 1994 "the year of the modernization of education," and while he promises if he is reelected: "he will open one school per day", more than 260,000 teachers suffer with a miserable salary of \$60 US a month, and with the risk of being fired

from their jobs. To confront this, the teachers associated with the National Teachers Union (SUTEP) have called for many forms of struggle.

The combative teachers understand that their rights must be addressed within the context of economic justice and of the economic and political structures which systematically violate the most fundamental rights of the Peruvian people, the right to a better life. In Peru as well as in all Latin America, the teachers' struggles are seen as part of the class struggle between the poor and the rich. It is not only a fight against puppet regimes such as Fujimori's but against imperialism, mainly U.S. imperialism that through its international banks, World Bank and IMF have directly assumed control of the economy. Their program to extract "profit" from our impoverished countries also known as "economic recovery" means more profitable investment for them and massive unemployment, hunger and misery for the people. The solution to these problems does not lie in reforming their bureaucracies or renewing their corrupt government through "elections" but rather by eliminating completely the three mountains that oppress the people: imperialism, semi-feudalism and bureaucratic capitalism. The Peruvian society needs to be changed not from the top down but from the bottom up. The approaching mockery of "elections" does not awaken the hopes of the masses; electoral politics is traditionally the domain of the bourgeoisie and the armed forces not the toiling masses. The People's War is the most effective weapon that the people have to solve their problems, it is only with the New Power that chronic structural problems will be solved.

The combative teachers know that their struggle not only targets the genocidal dictatorship, but also the revisionist clique of "Patria Roja" entrenched in the leadership of the Union. This group has a record of treason to the people by selling out their principles and workers rights to each government in place.

Whereas the reaction impose abusive taxes on the meager salaries of the teachers (i.e., for IPSS, Fonavi, Loans, etc.), and the revisionist "leaders" take their own "piece of the cake" by charging the impoverished teachers mandatory "union dues," the families of the teachers are living in extreme poverty. Can a teacher survive on \$60 a month?

The "basic family basket" prepared by the same reactionary government requires \$1000 a month to support a family of three in Lima. The situation of the administrative personnel is worse. They hardly make \$45 US a month. Anyone can clearly see that the teachers and their families are facing massive hunger. The revisionist "leaders" of "Patria Roja" are also to blame for this situation for colluding with the oppressor and selling out the interest of the teachers to each regime. What can miserable and perennial revisionists such as Soledad Lozano, Olmedo Auris, Julio Mendoza, and

Ramos, among others, offer to the Peruvian teachers? Nothing. These traitors have gotten fatter themselves at the expense of thousands of teachers whose rights are being sold out year after year. That's why the masses denounce the generalized corruption of the public educational centers, and the fact that hundreds of "teachers" supported by revisionism, APRA and reaction, are only preoccupied with how to be appointed as administrators and enrich themselves, thus abandoning the interests of the teachers' struggle and selling out their services to the interest of the highest bidder. One example of the above is "professor" Juan Gallegos, a corrupt element, extortionist and black-mailer of female teachers, friend of Fujimori, who is now the director at the departmental level.

The teachers denounce the lackey Fujimori who along with the genocidal armed forces traffick with the construction of new schools, some of them only for TV shows, lacking furniture, such as the one in the shanty town of Los Rosales in the district of Ancon which Fujimori has tried to use for purposes of propaganda. Finally, the revisionist gang of "Patria Roja" that bureaucratically controls the Teacher's Union does absolutely nothing for the hundreds of teachers who are being held in many jails of the country accused of being "subversives", nor the teachers who have "disappeared" at the hands of the army.

The masses of teachers and the people will smash the whimpering revisionists that are still entrenched in their ranks and are the accomplices of each successive reactionary government. Also of serious concern is the alarming number of student dropouts due to the widespread hunger and lack of school materials.

In sum, the Peruvian teachers are linking their struggle to the People's War led by the PCP that advances towards the seizure of power nationwide for the class and the people.

**Rights are conquered and defended only by struggle!**

**Combat and Resist for People's Rights!**

**Death to the Whimpering and Treacherous Revisionism!**

**Long Live the Development of Strategic Equilibrium!**

**Long Live President Gonzalo!**

**Long Live Maoism!**

**Long Live the Communist Party of Peru!**

Bases del Sutep - Lima, Peru.

## **The Working Class and the Proletariat:**

### **With the Collapse of Revisionist Leadership, the PCP Leads the Struggle from the Base.**

The People's War has deeply imprinted its class consciousness in the daily struggles of the Peruvian proletariat and working class. The result is clear: No banner, thesis or platform of revisionists can be sustained any longer in Peru. And this happens not only because of their political and ideological weakness, but because of the long history of treason and class co-optation. The result is the proliferation of open struggles of the working class against the unjust system nationwide.

The revisionists who always work hand-in-hand with each regime are in a state of decay. The proof of revisionism's total failure is the thesis of "fight to dismiss ministers", "interpellation" in Fujimori's Congress CCD, the "indexation", and the "introduction of laws" and "dialogue" with the capitalist thieves to solve the problems of workers and the proletariat. In none of these "projects" have they succeeded. Their proclaimed "successes" are in reality failures.

From their role of participants in government, the Peruvian revisionists, pupils of Gorbachev and Deng Xiaoping, proclaim their victories, especially when Fujimori and the armed forces occasionally replace the ministers of Economy, Labor and Agriculture, etc. and introduce the indexation of wages at the official monthly rate of inflation. So for them, it's simple to achieve their entire program.

However, the reality is very different. Let's see the struggles of the proletariat in the most important industries like textiles, steel, metallurgy, mining, paper, and construction, etc. who full of combativeness and belligerency, raise up their revolutionary platform in the heat of the class struggle, pushed by the bases and overcoming the resistance of revisionist leaders, carry out the workers struggle as part of and as a complement to the revolution and the seizure of power countrywide.

The state civil sector was also shaken up, deepening and channeling the unstoppable class struggle in support of the People's War. The teachers' struggle (primary and secondary schools) and the health workers are in the front ranks. For the first time in the history of the teachers' struggles, the PCP led the strikes from the bases with the masses. And in the health sector, the revolutionary positions of the masses make the revisionist leadership pursue the struggle even further.

In today's Peru the deteriorating State is in a deepening crisis, it is a general crisis that the ruling classes are imposing on the masses, with more poverty for our people and their basic rights denied. The people's path is to resist and combat, and this is happening in the slums, shanty town

dwellers who fight daily for their rights to housing, potable water, and electricity. And they along with the proletariat in the belts of steel around Lima are the engines of the successful armed strikes that periodically, with the iron fists of the working class and the international proletariat, hit the old State.

**Against Hunger, Unemployment, and the Crisis. For Land, Salary and National Production!**

**Against Genocide and Generalized Repression!**

**For People's Rights and People's War!**

**Against the Old State and Imperialism. For the People's Republic of Peru!**

**Down with the Crippling Taxes!**

**Long Live the People's War!**

**In Defense of the Leadership, against the Genocidal Dictatorship!**

**No the payments of property taxes for our Ghettos!**

Movimiento Obrero Clasista - Base Lima

## **Fujimori Orders The Arrest Of Peruvian Journalists**

The censorship in Peru has three objectives:

1. To keep the world from learning about the victorious advances of the People's War that strikes hard blows to the reactionary regime.
2. To cover-up the recent reports that prove beyond any doubt the involvement of the higher echelons of the army in the drug business.
3. To curtail any real opposition to its demagoguery of "economic success" so as to promote a major penetration of imperialism in the country.

Because the old State is incapable of implementing its plans to prevent the dismantling of the putrescent old State, Fujimori is attempting to silence Peruvian journalists. For this purpose, he uses all his repressive forces and his mercenary writers (D'ornellas, Rickets, the senderologists, etc.) who somehow always "justify" his crimes. Through the evolution of the People's war, the reaction has persecuted, detained and assassinated journalists whose work has exposed and questioned their actions.

The reactionary Belaunde Terry assassinated eight journalists who were just doing their job in Uchuracay. Garcia Perez jailed Janet Talavera and ten journalists of *El Diario*, militarily suppressing the newspaper and thus closing its legal work. His armed forces in Huallaga assassinated U.S. journalist Todd Smith (*Tampa Tribune*) after he discovered

leads about army involvement in cocaine trafficking. The butcher Fujimori ordered the assassination of Melissa Alfaro, Janet Talavera, Pedro Yauri, Luis Morales, Hugo Bustios, Adolfo Isuiza and others. In addition, Fujimori jailed journalists such as Danilo Blanco, Jorge Durán Araujo and Carlos Banda, among other journalists of *El Diario*; Danilo Quijano and Magno Sosa of *La Republica*; Gisella Gutarra of *Onda*; José Antonio Alvarez and others of *Cambio*; Rosa Neyra and Tula Luya, recently indicted; and the harassment and threats to jail the directors of the magazines *Caretas* Enrique Zileri, of *Si* Ricardo Uceda, and Francisco Igartua of *Oiga*. Warrants were issued for the arrests of journalists Cesar Hildebrandt and Cecilia Valenzuela but were withdrawn later. There were plans to silence the magazines *Ideele*, Radio Liberty, and ATV-Channel 9.

### **Stop the Servile Press! Fight for Freedom of the Press!**

Ignoring that rights are achieved and defended only through struggle, the bosses of the College of Journalists of Peru, the National Association of Journalists, and the Federation of Peruvian Journalists have dishonored their professions by the practice of a servile journalism. The above groups are influenced by flunkeys and mercenaries such as D'ornellas, Lucar, Escanto, Sakuda, Rickets, Levano, Orillo and others of their ilk. They are utterly reactionary. Rank and file journalists in Peru ask, what have those rats done for the imprisoned journalists? Absolutely nothing. Their open collusion with the regime has been their routine practice. They sell their consciences to each regime in turn. They bend their knees to the lackey Fujimori and his imperialist masters. The time will come when the masses and the PCP will appropriately apply a fair and correct punishment to the sell-outs.

Each May 3, the International Day of Freedom of Expression, the progressive journalists of Peru join rallies with the masses and call for the lifting of the fascist censorship and demand for the release of all detained journalists, as well as the cessation of the savage persecution ordered by the tyrant Fujimori.

The regime has issued warrants for the arrest of many journalists nationwide. It has used its draconian "judicial branch" to provide sentences of up to 20 years to journalists who have written articles for criticizing or uncovering his crimes. The infamous military "faceless judges" have imposed the same penalty to "absentee journalists" who have not been captured as yet. These actions that we vigorously repudiate are a serious attempt to undermine the physical and moral integrity of many men and women of the Peruvian press. We denounce to the people of the world the genocidal "law" to silence dissent and seek to control what Peruvians want to see and hear. It calls for unprecedented

and sweeping restrictions on the right to freedom of the press and speech.

In 1994, at least 31 journalists were indicted, 13 of them were jailed and several more in the interior of the country were murdered or arrested. The regime has lost all moral credibility. It is easy for Fujimori to say that those who were killed were "executed by terrorists" or by "narcotraffickers", but those who are being detained in his dungeons and military barracks he claims, without evidence, that they are "apologists for terrorism", guilty of "illegal association" and "collaboration." All the "faceless judges" need to sentence a defendant is a police report. No investigation or trial is necessary.

One example is the case of journalist Alfonso Castiglioni Mendoza, sentenced by a "faceless judge" to 20 years in prison. He was accused of being a "Senderista", although he has absolutely nothing to do with the PCP. Others are Javier Tuanama Valera, radio broadcaster in Tarapoto (10 years), Anteri Gargurevich, prominent journalist and university professor (12 years), and Hermes Rivera Guerrero from Jaen.

**Against the Fascist Censorship, Combat and Resist!**

**In Defense of the Leadership, Against the Genocidal Dictatorship!**

**Free all Detained Journalists!**

## **Maoism Advances Worldwide**

In the 101st anniversary of Mao Tse-Tung, Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, principally Maoism, is the leading ideology of the revolutionary wave advancing worldwide.

The reactionaries around the world believed that after the death of Mao Tse-Tung Maoism would become part of history, that it would die out. Nevertheless, as the Communist Party of Peru (PCP) clearly and correctly indicated in the midst of the People's War, Mao Tse-Tung's contributions to the development of Marxism worldwide have been so great that the ideology of the proletariat entered into a new, third and superior stage: Maoism.

Chairman Mao Tse-Tung synthesized, starting with the experience of the Chinese revolution, the path for the international proletariat and oppressed countries to free themselves from the three mountains: imperialism, bureaucratic capitalism and semi-feudalism. That path is People's War.

Furthermore, the leader of the Chinese revolution developed the strategy to defeat the three mountains: the proletarian military line.

However, what becomes more relevant at the world level is the masterful application of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, principally Maoism, to the concrete conditions of the revolution in Peru, that is Gonzalo Thought, a superior doctrine based on Maoism which proves in practice that the leadership of Mao Tse-Tung was correct in the frontal struggle

against world reaction, right wing fascism and revisionism. This doctrine ensures that future revolutions do not end in defeat or only in a change of imperialist masters (as are the cases of the revolutions in Mexico, Bolivia, Cuba, Nicaragua, El Salvador, Guatemala, etc.) This succession of political defeats shows the lack of a just and correct proletarian ideology. At the present time such mistakes are being brilliantly corrected through the application of Maoism worldwide and by its concrete development: Gonzalo Thought.

In Peru, a bunch of right wing and revisionist ideologies declined with the initiation of the People's War. A historic event carried out by the PCP, crushing a number of groups and "movements" preaching confusion and treason to prevent the revolutionary explosion, and now, after 14 years of revolutionary armed struggle, the PCP has achieved great conquests and glorious victories: New Power, Support Bases, Strategic Equilibrium, People's Liberation Army (EPL), and People's Front of Liberation (FPL).

## **Against Counter-revolutionaries Posing as Leftists**

Revisionists in Peru, employing their cheap talk, attempted for many years to negate the teachings of Mao Tse-Tung, to negate the People's War, proposing instead the opportunist path of "insurrection". Rotten in their own contradictions, now the revisionists ended up joining the reactionaries as supporters of the genocidal State being destroyed by the People's War.

As Mao Tse-Tung justly and bravely expressed: we must combat revisionists not only by defeating their theories, but also by developing the People's War.

Chairman Gonzalo provides masterful examples of how Maoism should be applied to concrete situations, considering specific and universal conditions.

## **Cultural Revolution**

In his struggle against remaining reactionaries and principally against revisionism (attempting capitalist restoration), Mao Tse-Tung deepened class struggle under the conditions of the dictatorship of the proletariat, that is after the triumph of the democratic revolution in 1949.

The Proletarian Cultural Revolution is the continuation of the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat; in practice it is the political mobilization of the broad masses of the population to wipe out revisionism and prevent it from taking over the State and Party leaderships.

Mao Tse-Tung proved that during socialism it is necessary to defeat revisionism through successive cultural revolutions. In the current stage, Chairman Gonzalo has indicated that through Proletarian Cultural Revolutions, we will reach communism. Leap Forward to the Conquest of Power!



From the reactionary dungeon, in a masterful speech, our respected Chairman Gonzalo called for all Maoists around the world to Defend, Uphold and Apply Maoism, and to place it in command of the world revolution as the guiding ideology of the new revolutionary wave. The triumph of the strategic offensive of the Proletarian World Revolution can only be possible through the application of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, principally Maoism.

In the 101st anniversary of his birth, Chairman Mao Tse-Tung lives on in the hearts of the masses and revolutionaries around the world.

Source: *El Diario*, Lima-Peru.

## Why the New Power Exists in Peru

The democratic revolution in Peru and the world proletarian revolution, in the struggle towards its final goal, springs from the greatest fruit of conscious matter, which is conceived and forged by the communist proletariat: Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo Thought.

Dozens of years, hundreds and thousands of battles and major victories, facts which crown what the oppressed and exploited of the whole world yearn for: the leadership of the revolution, the organized vanguard of the proletariat, the Communist Party! The development of the ideology of the proletariat, reveals the laws for transforming the world until communist society is reached, and in the summit of such an invincible fortress, the leadership: synthesis of thousands of wills, light, teacher and guide of communists and revolutionary masses, leader of the revolution, conducting the oppressed and exploited towards their own emancipation.

The Communist Party of Peru (PCP) is invincible because it applies with creativity the theory and practice of the Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo Thought.

After being founded in October 7, 1928, and after Mariategui's death, during the more than four decades up to the Reconstitution, the PCP was under the influence of revisionism in many forms. After the Reconstitution process which lasted 15 years, under the leadership of the Red Faction founded by comrade Norah and led by Chairman Gonzalo, the proletariat in Peru forged a Party of a New Type: a Marxist-Leninist-Maoist, Gonzalo Thought Party.

Understanding the development of the laws that transform society, and in the midst of a developing revolutionary situation, in 1980 the PCP initiated the armed struggle, the People's War!

From a steeled group of communists in the 1970's, after the Reconstitution, the PCP emerged in conditions to initiate the People's War in the late 70's. Today, thousands of combatants, especially the youth make up the revolutionary ranks.

The People's Liberation Army (EPL) and People's Liberation Front (FPL), which under the direction of the PCP

compose the three instruments of the revolution, are advancing in the midst of the People's War and developing powerful political and military actions all over the country. Their major achievement today is the conquest of Power in the Base Areas and the People's Committees of Workers and Peasants, expressing the system of government of the New State, the People's Republic of New Democracy.

## Why do the Open People's Committees Exist?

The PCP's military line (continuation and development of Maoism forged through the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution in China) resolves the concrete problems of a revolution which, with particular developments during its initiation and expansion, is also characterized by its relation to the following important conditions:

- 1- Definition of imperialist countries at the level of super-powers.
- 2- The proletariat is betrayed by revisionism in socialist countries, accelerating the restoration of capitalism there.
- 3- The defeat of US imperialism's invasion of Vietnam, which means the defeat of the most powerful reactionary army in the world.
- 4- Failure of the revisionist and petty-bourgeois military line in its attempt to take over the people's struggles: defeat of the "foco" strategy (e.g. Che Guevara, etc.) and of other errant guerrilla tendencies.
- 5- The development of revolution as the main tendency in the contemporary world.
- 6- As a counterpart, more and greater imperialist actions to prevent, openly repress and dominate the masses, are being carried out to stop revolutions.

Such developments have caused some revisionist "theoreticians" in Peru to claim: "It is impossible to establish support bases since, with such a sophisticated technology and the fire power of the armed forces, it would be impossible to maintain them", "the road has to be like Nicaragua" (today we see how the Sandinistas and their Cuban partners are selling out their countries to bourgeois democracy and imperialism.)

At the start of the People's War, the reactionaries attacked the people's war with police forces and this led to their defeat in the front line (which today explains the reason for their total disintegration); they then made use of their main prop: the reactionary armed forces. The PCP responded by creating the People's Guerrilla Army (EGP) and constructing the New Power in the support Base Areas and People's Committees.

The reactionary army then carried out major genocides in their mechanistic attempt to "leave the fish without water," that is by killing the masses of unarmed people, mainly the poor peasants, so as to leave the People's Libera-

tion Army (EPL) and the New Power without a social base, to promote the depopulation of the rural areas through genocides, and concentration of remaining civilians in prison camps.

The PCP responded with counter-restoration campaigns and further development of the Base Areas, expanding the People's War throughout the entire country.

Then, the reactionaries began the formation of paramilitary groups called "peasant patrols" or "civil defense" made up of big landlords, rich peasants and other peasants under death threats. The PCP responded by carrying out a revolutionary agrarian policy, counter-restoration campaigns, consolidation of Base Areas, developing further the New Power, increasing the potential of the EPL, especially its main forces, infiltrating the "patrols" and causing internal uprisings, striking powerful blows to the "black heads" and elite troops of the armed forces, and applying Mobile Warfare.

In almost 15 years of People's War, the old State is breaking apart, as recognized even by the government representatives. The PCP has reached the Strategic Equilibrium stage in the protracted war.

The counter-revolution, subjected to US government recipes, tries to restructure the old state. The PCP enters the implementation of a new and greater plan, and it approaches the definitive Plan to Conquest Power, that is the strategic counter-offensive.

Since the start of the People's war in 1980, in strategic terms and according to the five great plans as applied by the Military Commission of the Central Committee of the PCP, the initiative of the People's War is in the hands of the Communist Party of Peru. Each revolutionary advance forces the reactionaries to respond with reactionary plans and actions; with the application of the new PCP plans the reactionaries will be unable to respond, the conquest of Power will be the great victory of the revolution.

Source: *El Diario*, Lima-Peru.

## **Defeat the Counter-revolutionary Offensive Campaign in All Fronts!**

### **Carry out the Counter-campaign to Expose and Reject the "Peace Accord" Scam and All Reactionary Lies**

It is essential for all authentic communists and revolutionary masses worldwide to counter-attack the propaganda campaign slandering the People's War in Peru and the world proletarian revolution. Such reactionary scams are nothing more than part of the low intensity warfare directed by the world counter-revolution, chiefly US imperialism, against the unblemished political record of Chairman Gonzalo, the Communist Party of Peru (PCP), Marx-

ism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo Thought, the People's War and the strategic equilibrium, in preparation for the strategic counter-offensive, as well as against the People's Republic of Peru in formation and the Proletarian World Revolution.

The desperate attacks of the world counter-revolution include psychological warfare components such as:

**PEACE LETTERS:** Fabrications made up by the political police SIN under the direction of its parent organization: the CIA. These laboratory letters slandering Chairman Gonzalo only benefit U.S. imperialism and the reactionaries, and are a tactic used to discredit, divide, conquer, malign and destroy the most powerful people's revolution in today's world. They are against the interests of the oppressed in Peru and in the world.

**VIDEOS OF SURRENDER:** Made up in laboratories according to reactionary plans, they are an output of digital technology for manipulating images that has subverted the certainty of the fake video evidence. A gross cut-and-paste photomontage. Such a fake video technology showing "Chairman Gonzalo" calling for "talks" with Fujimori can now be produced by using widely available "paint" and image-processing software to rearrange, recolor and otherwise transform the elements of a scene. The same software can combine fragments of different images into one new image. It is a technique commonly used to present architectural projects and to create Hollywood special "photorealistic" motion pictures. This fake image of presenting Chairman Gonzalo with a handful of real capitulators in the prisons (the case of Morote) can easily trick people into false beliefs. Faking photographs to manipulate belief is not new. It was a favorite tool of the Nazis to discredit political opponents. In the case of Peru, the common sense of the people has smashed the hoaxes of the SIN: If Chairman Gonzalo is at their disposal at the Navy base in Lima, why didn't they show him in person? The purpose of such depictions is obviously to try to "destroy the myth" as Fujimori has confirmed, it is a pure psycho-social manipulation to demoralize the people from continuing the People's War. It was a crude Hollywood movie with extras and props that was trashed by the powerful guerrilla actions of the People's War.

**PEACE ACCORD:** The only peace being advertised is the imperialist peace known as "the peace of cemeteries" to continue the exploitation of the oppressed masses. Fujimori with his drug dealing partners and death squads, as a faithful pet of U.S. imperialism, wants "peace" to sell out our country, to humiliate the dignity of the Peruvian nation and profit personally from imperialist handouts as his own wife has confirmed. He counts on the support of counter-revolutionaries posing as "the leftist opposition" in Peru and abroad who collaborate with the regime in advertising his "struggle for democracy," and so openly participate in the charade of electoral campaigns, siding with the reac-

tionaries and world counter-revolution. They cry that “bureaucratic capitalism is strong and viable.” These mercenaries are dreaming that people are as stupid as they are. How ridiculous! The publicity campaign against the people’s war, advertised by the imperialist mass media (e.g. *NY Times*, NBC, CNN, etc.) must be rejected for what they are: a farce, a pack of lies to deceive the working class in all countries.

The fact of the matter is that the People’s War in Peru advances victoriously through the strategic equilibrium and unfolding fluid mobile warfare with hundreds of political and military actions every day, a genuine revolution that is in preparation stage for the strategic counter-offensive and conquest of Power countrywide. This is the New Power emerging from the revolutionary masses to serve their own interests, to their own benefit in all aspects of life, exercising Power: The proletariat, the peasants, mainly the poor peasants, the progressives and national bourgeoisie, a class alliance in a united People’s Front against the domination and power of the big landlords, big capitalists and imperialists.

The People’s War is invincible. With a powerful ideology: Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo Thought, that is the science of the proletariat who in alliance with the peasantry form the glorious PCP, and are victoriously leading the heroic People’s Liberation Army (EPL) that relentlessly strikes blows to the genocidal army of Fujimori in fluid and victorious mobile warfare. In a protracted war, counter-restoration campaigns are carried out against restoration campaigns, the active defense of liberated areas, and the undertaken of military offensives in hundreds of support areas. That’s the New Power! Let us Salute the living cells of the People’s Republic of Peru!

**Down With The Reactionary Scam!**

**Long Live Chairman Gonzalo, More People’s War!**

**Long Live The Communist Party Of Peru!**

**Long Live The Heroic And Victorious People’s Army Of Liberation!**

**Long Live The Pcp Central Committee!**

Movimiento Popular Peru (MPP) - BASE  
NORTEAMERICA.  
December 1994

## **Preparing the Strategic Counter-Offensive**

**L**et the Strategic Equilibrium Shake-Up the Country! is the call that synthesizes the actual moment in the People’s War advancing with victories under the leadership of the Communist Party of Peru (PCP).

As stated by the PCP’s Central Committee, through the application of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo Thought, principally Gonzalo Thought: “It was enough to say, we salute the strategic equilibrium! so that the reactionaries and revisionists tremble in fear; they all started to shout “terrorists!” pulling out their hair. They search for a quick fix, the random execution of unarmed civilians, including women and children through bloody military operations, to “show that there is no strategic equilibrium.” They announced with fanfare “Sendero is strategically defeated.” But over and over again, the facts bury their wishes: the Strategic Equilibrium, second stage of the People’s War, shakes up the country even more through the application and development of mobile warfare, through the glorious and victorious proletarian military line; the five forms of struggle of the People’s War are even more powerful not only in terms of quantity but also in quality. Guerrilla combats, mobile war maneuvers in exterior and interior lines (assaults on fortified bases and military detachments, ambushes on police and army patrols) have become an everyday thing, but each time causing more casualties in the elite enemy forces which today are more demoralized. Their “bravery” shown in television during their training vaporizes and disappears when these elite troops confront the People’s Liberation Army (EPL). Then they start to run in fear. Powerful political blows: the PCP’s advance and victory in taking over the provincial capitals such as Pallasca, in Ancash, and in Puquio have resulted in the total surrender of the police and reactionary armed forces, where several prisoners of war were liberated. If we add to this the attack and destruction of a helicopter with troops (killing four military, three of them US Marines) it proves that the People’s War in Peru is demolishing the old system of exploitation, and it is striking where it hurts most this monster of oppression, US imperialism; this is a warning leading to its total defeat and expulsion from Peru.

The People’s War in the cities is advancing; in Lima only this month ambushes and hit-and-run actions occurred almost every day against army patrols and police units, to the extent that the so-called “Rambos” and “ninjas” (as the genocidal government elite troops call themselves) now begin to disobey orders to carry out repressive tasks against unarmed civilians. These events confirm to national and international public opinion the many ways through which the strategic equilibrium is expressed, following the correct and just PCP directives:

“The strategic equilibrium and preparation for the counter-offensive: for the enemy it is to recover positions and maintain its system; for us, prepare the strategic offensive through the construction of the conquest of Power.” As facts confirm, the EPL, led by the PCP, is the one that has the initiative and advances in combat.

The problem for the reactionaries is that they cannot recover positions as they wish. The perpetuation of the old system becomes more difficult, and the so called "strategy" that Fujimori pretends to have (to attain the pacification of the country during his term) is an echo of the same cackling sounded during the Belaunde and Garcia regimes, which failed in their attempt to defeat the People's War. And following the same path of his predecessors, Fujimori only concentrates in more genocides, more war without prisoners, and constant abuses of the surviving prisoners' families, lawyers and those in concentration camps (prisons).

To cover up their failures, the criminals unleash national and international campaigns to drag down the prestige of the PCP and the People's War.

Once again they make up "divisions", "struggles", and "desertions" from the PCP ranks; the last one is what the mercenary press presents in large letters as the "massive desertion" of PCP guerrillas. This lie, which falls apart as rapidly as its own presentation, shows that imperialism and all reactionaries, no matter how hard they try, lack imagination and creativity. The big bourgeoisie lacks ideas even when presenting their own falsified news of hired criminals to pose as deserters.

Some news organizations tried to sell false information as "authentic", and today the truth remains: that the present government employs petty criminals, Mafia gangsters like Montesinos, and under-cover agents (for example the so called "speaker" of the "ex-Senderistas" interviewed in Argentina is no other than Walter Gomez Reategui, the same one employed by the Garcia-APRA government to infiltrate a gang of criminals known as the "Machi"). These personalities serve Fujimori, rich landlords, capitalists and US imperialism, by presenting themselves as "ex-guerrilleros." At the same time, trying to take by surprise other news organizations, the Church and the Red Cross are pushed once again into the circus (these organizations were forced to deny that they were giving "protection" to more than 68 members of the SIN attempting to pose as "repentants").

The farce was set up so badly that only a couple of newspapers, known for their shameless sensationalism and blind obedience to rich gangsters and US imperialism, *Ultima Hora* and *La Republica*, repeated the lie.

They lose no opportunity to eat up the droppings of the old State with pity, as if wanting to comfort their masters, trying to show as true the lies that they themselves helped to create. Let us see what the mercenary Cesar Levano writes in his newspaper: "It all seems to confirm that there is a numerous group of deserters ... the character that spoke for them is, in fact, a spokesman".

It is necessary to clarify to this individual that the spokesman is not of the Maoists. He is the spokesman of the group hired

by Fujimori to pose as "deserters" struggling for a "peace accord."

But still wanting to show as truth the government's farce, the mercenary Levano runs in a hurry to get the "opinion" of another mercenary, the foolish senderologist Raul Gonzales. This one says: "A request to the parliament (CCD) to prepare the pacification mechanisms taking into account the integration into society of those who want to abandon the armed struggle ... this escape of guerrillas to countries abroad shows that the policy of amnesty and re-insertion for those who for various reasons are willing to desert is a failure".

What remains clear is that the reactionaries want to institutionalize spying and intelligence activities; they even plan to install one office of the political police (SIN) in each government bureaucracy. Each time that desertions or "repentance" occur these are from their own ranks (soldiers from poor sectors of the population who refuse to fight their own brothers and sisters, and prefer to join the ranks of the revolution, or in the case of officers lacking a conscious ideology, they prefer to submit their resignations before being forced to abuse the unarmed population, or to die in the battlefield).

Trying to give the appearance that their misinformation and double talk has political relevance, Levano (who once claimed to be a Marxist) and co. request help from other mercenaries such as the plagiarist ex-senator Ferrero Costa, who also tries to comfort the rich and asks not to lose hope: "The information received reporting the desertion of 65 ex-militants from the ranks of Sendero Luminoso is the start of something meaningful" and adds, "even considering the leadership problems existing in the interior of that organization".

For this filthy reactionary, the two line struggle within the Party, as practiced by the PCP, is symptom of rivalry and antagonistic confrontations. What he cannot understand, nor will ever understand any member of the counter-revolution, is that the two-line struggle is the source of life for the PCP. It is the mean to liberate all that is contrary to the proletariat and the revolution. This is why the PCP, under the guidance, application and development of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo Thought, is the vanguard of all true revolutionaries and Communist Parties worldwide, because the PCP leads the People's War as part of the World Proletarian Revolution.

To conclude, let us briefly assess what *La Republica* another mouthpiece of the regime, this sewage prints in its editorial of this month: "In the meantime the news of these 68 desertions [unable to agree even in the numbers] should cause happiness for the country. This should be answered immediately with an effective pacification strategy, without neglecting the military field, bringing back in our country the dominance of civil society, and the complete re-establishment of Human Rights. We are not there yet, and there is a lot more to do before saying that we are advancing".

From this statement, as well as from others, the following stands out: they recognize that their strategy is not effective, it is falling to pieces, and calls for the participation of the civilian population in the counter-revolutionary campaigns under the cover to establish respect for "human rights", which are only remembered when they are useful as a pretext for the reactionaries. And last, it is recognized that the government is clearly losing the war since they cannot even state that they are advancing, because they have been wiped out in great part of the national territory, where today the New Power develops, the People's Republic of Peru in formation.

Result: this attempted campaigns of "desertions", "divisions" and "peace accords" remain defeated; imperialism and reactionaries continue to suffer failures and defeats in all fronts. The construction of the conquest of Power advances, the People's War is invincible!

**Glory To Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo Thought!**

**Defeat The General Counter-revolutionary Offensive Campaign!**

**Glory To The Pcp And The People's Army Of Liberation - EPL!**

**Proletarians Of The World, Unite!**

"We raise our belligerent voices and spirits to denounce, condemn and reject with full class hatred, the sinister action of that handful of known and probable capitulators, informers, cowards that did not know how to give up their lives, revisionists, servants of Yankee imperialism and of the genocidal dictatorship, accomplices in the major genocide against our people, that persist in isolation in the counterrevolutionary slander, within the premeditated, treacherous and insane plan of assassinating Chairman Gonzalo, vainly pretending to plant capitulation in our heroic people, liquidate the Party and annihilate the people's war..."

[Committee of families of political prisoners, prisoners of war and the disappeared of Peru]

The Peru People's Movement (MPP) with a basis in the imperialist USA, rejects the apocryphal document: "Struggle for a peace accord and set the basis for the second congress" elaborated by some capitulators imprisoned in Yanamayo and transferred and toured by the reactionaries to Canto Grande, Chorrillos, etc. to spread it with the aid of the police authorities of the prisons, repressing whoever is not in agreement with the "Peace Accord" and thus pretending to silence the unmasking by combatants of the revisionist positions. In the same way, in an action well coordinated between the capitulators and the reactionaries, this document was published by that most obscene lampoon of the psychological war against the people, *La Republica* and later reprinted by Sol Peru of Paris who

without scruples and without the authorization of the MPPs sent it to the yellow press of that country for widespread distribution, thus confirming their role as servants of the mass murderer Fujimori and of Yankee imperialism. The basis for this is simple: divide and conquer.

Based on an M-L-M, Gonzalo thought analysis we reach the conclusion that the notorious document is REVISIONIST, capitulationist, and is based fundamentally and in essence in the pessimism expressed in giving the government a relative superiority (the reactionaries, the enemy is a paper tiger,) shamefully praising it by saying: "the government has achieved real successes..." We know from Marxist principles and analysis that an incorrect strategy or one with errors carries problems of application and fatigue (captures) but does not give the enemy total successes; *their temporary successes are a product of our errors*. In another document produced in November, whose wording carries the headline: prisoners in the shining trenches of combat, states that "... the Peruvian nation faces strong setbacks and the bourgeoisie should complete its bureaucratic development..." This statement signifies: that these miserable and decrepit revisionists are suggesting that the proletariat as leading class and its organized party with the peasantry as an ally cannot bring to its conclusion the New Democratic revolution, but that the bureaucratic bourgeoisie should complete the bourgeois democratic revolution, for which it is necessary to implement Peace Accords, supposedly to combat imperialism (a thesis of Apra: *Anti-imperialism and Apra*). They state that if some leaders are captured there are no successors and no leadership and that this cannot be resolved for a long time (until after 2010!) and that in the meantime, "the perspective of the people's war would not be one of growth, but of maintenance..." (they must mean a stalemate); furthermore, they say that "we should fight for a peace accord... and it will thus serve to unite the people; despite their divergences they have a common interest that unites them." For them, society is not divided into classes, rather they differentiate by divergences and that they have a profound commonality of interests that unites them. This is called: class conciliation. Conclusion: 100 percent revisionism. The document "Conversations Leading to a Peace Accord..." that some revisionist capitulators are spreading in the prisons, as well as banners in front of Canto Grande, painted slogans, etc. surprised many comrades in the prisons at first, but little by little as they analyzed and studied, the comrades have taken the correct position. The first step was the special edition of *El Diario* and what spoke even more clearly are the actions throughout the country, acts of sabotage, propaganda, occupation of towns (Saturday, March 26: 100 guerrillas take the town of Trujillo, bring government authorities to justice, paint slogans and spread people's war, etc.). To describe all the actions is beyond

the scope of this article, aside from those actions in distant regions where the Party is influential and news is scarce.

The reactionaries throughout the years of development of the people's war could not and cannot liquidate the party; they have unleashed repression against the combatants, tortured them, and massacred peasants organized by the Party. For years they have also invented and spread rumors of fights within the Party, divisions, confrontations between factions of "militarists" and "politicians," illnesses of Chairman Gonzalo, his death, etc. None of this made the merest dent within the Party, the fighters, the masses, the people, as well as the objective press and the international press; they saw that the only to do this was by capturing Chairman Gonzalo and some part of the leadership (not all of it) so as to decapitate the Party. They partially achieved this, but that is a long way from liquidating the Party because the Central Committee is intact. The enemy directed by the SIN and supported by a special apparatus of DINCOTE (GEIN) which is staffed by agents of Israeli intelligence, who have suggested to and convinced the government of Fujimori to complete the plan they have created: letters calling for "peace accords" and television appearances where someone appears as author of the letters and is supposedly Chairman Gonzalo seeking "peace accords." These accords have only one party, the reactionary one, where the government gives no concessions and where the government has insisted that same accord could only be completed with the unconditional surrender and handing over of arms, ceasing of actions and using the law of repentance (becoming informers). In synthesis, this is called: CAPITULATION, SHAMEFUL SURRENDER.

To finalize the crushing of the slander by the Party, the appearance of capitulators (both within and without the country) is good for us, because from this we will discover who are the rightists within our ranks, and who are the defenders of the red line; the proletarian faction will win. There are friends, many members of the RIM, and all the masses in foreign countries that support the Peruvian revolution and repudiate the work of the fifth column of the genocidal dictatorship overseas. The people's war masterfully lead by the PCP and Chairman Gonzalo continues victoriously until the seizure of power countrywide.

**Long Live Chairman Gonzalo!**

**Long Live the Glorious Communist Party of Peru!**

**Unite the People in Defense of the Leadership,  
Against the Genocidal Dictatorship!**

**Down with the Counter-revolutionary Slander,  
the "Peace Accords"!**

**Long Live Proletarian Internationalism!**

Peru People's Movement

## **"With These Kind of Friends Who Needs Enemies" Part II**

### **Carry out the Counter-campaign and Defeat All Reactionary Lies Against the People's War and the World Proletarian Revolution!**

Revolutionary struggles must aim at unity to carry out revolution and conquer political power for the proletariat and the masses of poor and oppressed peoples in every country. This is called revolutionary unity, and where there is unity there is contradiction. Unity is transformed into struggle, and then there is unity again. Thus on a new basis, unity-criticism-unity which is Marxism-Leninism-Maoism (M-L-M), principally Maoism, the leading ideology of the proletariat in today's world. All revolutionaries must unite under M-L-M, apply this ideology to the concrete conditions of each country, and at the same time struggle against those who talk about "unity", a unity in the vacuum, and do not practice struggle. Specially, we should struggle against those who pretend to analyze or "investigate" all the time but fail to take a position on critical issues. Those "friends" do not understand nor practice Marxism-Leninism-Maoism.

The Revolutionary Communist Party of USA (RCP-USA) is continuously presenting every week for more than two years, in its newspaper the *Revolutionary Worker*, a deceptive version of reality. It says: "Fujimori has repeatedly claimed that Chairman Gonzalo has made a call for negotiations from prison. In this situation, what possible excuse can Fujimori now offer for continuing to deny Comrade Gonzalo independent contact...? It is vitally important for people in Peru and around the world to hear what Chairman Gonzalo's views are from Chairman Gonzalo himself----directly and unimpeded".

After more than 14 years of victorious People's War, now in the stage of strategic equilibrium in preparation for the strategic counter-offensive, a clique of revisionists (counter-revolutionaries disguised as "leftists") ensconced in the RCP-USA attempt to suppress the position of Chairman Gonzalo. Now, after more than 14 years of People's War in Peru, the RCP-USA acts as if they suddenly forgot that the aim of the People's War is. To refresh their memory, this was clearly expressed by Chairman Gonzalo and the Communist Party of Peru (PCP) for decades. It is the conquest of Power in the whole country to serve the proletariat and oppressed peoples in Peru and the whole world. By claiming that, "it is vitally important for people in Peru and around the world to hear what Chairman Gonzalo's views are from Chairman Gonzalo himself ----directly and unimpeded" the RCP-USA tries to deceive the public into believing that the views of Chairman Gonzalo are **unknown**, and in

this way, the RCP-USA refuses to expose and reject the imperialist "peace accord" for what it is: a sinister imperialist attack against Chairman Gonzalo, the PCP, the People's War in Peru and the World Proletarian Revolution.

Following a bourgeois perspective ("heroes make history") some paper Maoists of the RCP reject Maoism in practice. Instead, they uphold, defend and apply individualist capitalist ideology. It is clear that through Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, principally Maoism, *the masses make history*, the organized revolutionary masses of poor and oppressed peoples led by Communist Parties in People's War.

In addition to their "support", and the cover of "neutral investigation" without "endorsement", revisionists in leading positions inside the RCP-USA are circulating, through "Revolution Books" stores, and by other means in the US, counter-revolutionary propaganda against the People's War in Peru, against the PCP Central Committee, and the MPP-USA; in concrete, a "study package" is being distributed which includes counter-revolutionary psychological warfare materials under the cover of a statement from the Revolutionary Internationalist Movement (RIM). In the package, in addition to old PCP materials and fragments from supportive organizations, the RCP-USA distributes materials from Comite Sol Peru in France, which has been infiltrated by SIN (Peruvian CIA), calling to "struggle for a peace accord". Further, the RCP-USA is also distributing documents prepared by the CIA, these are the "peace letters" and the essay: "Take up and fight for a new decision and new definition: peace accord" both in Spanish and English. This counter-revolutionary propaganda is distributed together with RIM materials to give the appearance that such are the "two lines inside the PCP" and that there are "two lines among supporters of the People's War". The MPP-USA categorically denies such assertions. The RCP-USA is applying psychological warfare components prepared by the imperialists against the People's War. [For a detailed explanation of how the "peace accord" was fabricated see the Editorial of *El Diario*, Lima, January 1994; and the article "Operation Capitulation" in *El Diario Internacional* No. 24, November 1994]

It is clear that intelligence services and the puppet Fujimori regime are manipulating images of Chairman Gonzalo, and, employing some traitors already in prison, to create a fictitious "central committee" under the name of "direccion central". In conjunction, the reactionaries are employing the mass media to fool the public in various countries that such "direccion central" in prison is the one that commands the People's War and that now it is asking for a "peace accord." Such document is entitled, "Take up and fight for a new decision and new definition: peace accord," document that the RCP-USA is distributing

through its "Revolution Books" stores, and through other means, in the United States.

The truth of the matter is that the so-called "direccion central" is a group of tortured individuals and traitors, in the prison of Yanamayo, Puno, who are being manipulated by foreign experts and the Fujimori government to create the appearance that the People's War is defeated or the PCP is "split." In reality there is no such "two line struggle" of this kind (on capitulation) inside the PCP, those who call for "peace" are the reactionaries and imperialists reacting in desperation because the People's War is victoriously advancing countrywide; the reactionaries want people to believe that the PCP is "surrendering" and come up with new imaginative names for the PCP such as "Red faction", "Sendero mar rojo" "Guzman faction", "Feliciano faction", "remaining militarists", etc. Moreover, because of so much emphasis on "defending the life of Dr. Guzman" the CIA has devised a plan to present Chairman Gonzalo, the great leader of the revolution, as a traitor calling for a "peace accord." In this way, imperialist agents infiltrated in some organizations supportive of the People's War can raise their heads shouting "we defend and follow the great leader of the revolution, let us struggle for a 'peace accord.'" These "friends" want people to ignore, in practice, that Chairman Gonzalo is in prison, in isolation and under torture. These "friends" forgot the great speech from the cage, they present Chairman Gonzalo as a capitulator, and call many honest people "traitors" and "ultraleftists" who sincerely support the masses of poor and oppressed peoples carrying out the armed struggle in Peru.

In essence, the "friends" of the RCP-USA do not recognize that the PCP Central Committee is commanding the People's War, the RCP-USA does not consider valid the PCP Directives; RCP members continuously keep on repeating to supporters of the revolution in Peru: "Who knows IF it is the PCP", "we have to investigate" and under this cover, since the middle of 1993, news from Peru is delayed and recent PCP documents, even *El Diario Internacional*, are summarily banned or censored in their "stores"; the RCP tries to cover up this treachery by offering *for sale* old issues of *El Diario Internacional*. In addition, *The New Flag (La Nueva Bandera)* published by the MPP-USA, is attacked by these "friends" claiming "who knows who they are" "who knows IF it is the PCP", "we have to be very careful", "we are investigating", "how can anyone believe what they write in their paper? they lie". However, what is most striking is that the contents of *The New Flag* journal are clearly *against* the reactionary "peace accord" and supportive of the PCP's Central Committee, the strategic equilibrium in the People's War and the People's Republic of Peru in formation. It does not matter, these RCP-USA "friends" continue in their

attempts to create distrust and suspicion around the MPP-USA and the PCP Central Committee.

The RCP "friends" constantly refer to Mao's negotiations with Chiang Kaishek in China, and use such as a basis for serious consideration of "negotiations" of the People's War. But "negotiation" of the People's War in Peru "because there is a leadership problem that cannot be solved" is nothing more than a sinister scam, a trap, prepared and implemented by the CIA through the puppet Fujimori government. The revisionists leaders of the RCP-USA are experts at "mind games", at manipulating the past to distort the present. Again, they confuse people and suppress, in practice, the position of Chairman Gonzalo, and reject, in practice, the great conquests of the People's War in Peru. In this way the revisionists in the RCP-USA attack Chairman Gonzalo, and attack Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo Thought. They do not want people to learn that the People's War is invincible, and betray the proletariat and oppressed peoples in all countries.

People who honestly support the revolution in Peru are conscious that after more than 14 years of victorious People's War, at present in strategic equilibrium and preparing the strategic counter-offensive, with a system of Base Areas, with a heroic PCP leading the powerful and victorious People's Liberation Army (EPL) and People's Front, and with strong international support, it would be a *treason to now negotiate a "peace accord", an imperialist peace*. Why stop? It is obvious that the People's War is advancing towards the conquest of Power in the whole country, and the only ones who want to stop it and achieve "peace" are the imperialists and reactionaries in Peru and all over the world. For the PCP, there is no reason to "negotiate peace"; on the contrary, there is every reason for the PCP to lead the armed struggle---and it is doing so---to complete the democratic revolution, and continue with the socialist revolution and cultural revolutions, to reach communism in Peru and the whole world. These are the tasks for the present to conquer a brilliant future, until communism.

MPP USA, January 1995

## A Committee Of Platonic Philosophers

"Hitherto philosophers have interpreted the world in various ways, the question however is to change it."  
(Karl Marx, *The XIV Theses on Ludwig Feuerbach*, Thesis XI).

At this moment in time, the International Committee of the Revolutionary Internationalist Movement (RIM) continues stubbornly to procrastinate in taking sides against the reactionary fraud of the Fujimori regime and its

accomplices, the turncoats headed by the "individual of Sweden." Moreover, they anonymously continue to circulate the propaganda of the fascist regime and are demanding that the Maoists of the world should study these documents in complete secrecy. They say: "this document is not to appear in any public or semi-public form."

The time has come to speak out clearly to these gentlemen. The Marxist-Leninist-Maoist, Gonzalo thought red fraction is not prepared to allow them to get away with such a lame excuse that clearly reveals the most callous opportunism. There is no way that the red faction would give up on its task of unmasking the Right opportunist line that they are developing. What are these people afraid of? They fear the reactionaries may use these polemics for their own propaganda. If this so, the only thing they have to do is heed what the Maoists masses are demanding: CONDEMN THE TRAITORS! Then, there would be immediate unity and reaction will be thwarted.

It is about time that these bureaucrats stop sucking their thumbs and dodging their obligations. The role of the leaders is to lead, not to trail behind the masses. Marxism-Leninism-Maoism is not a "telescope" or "microscope" for mad scientists locked up in their ivory towers. The proletarian ideology is not a toy rattle for soothing the complaints of the oppressed. Marxism-Leninism-Maoism is A GUIDE FOR REVOLUTIONARY ACTION OF THE PROLETARIAT.

Is it not true that the Communist Party of Peru, the Communist Party of Turkey M-L, the United People's Front of Nepal, and all the authentic organisms of the international proletariat in the five continents have taken up clear positions in condemning the traitors and continue to do so? What possible use are leaders that are deaf to the demands of the masses? Do not these people realize that they are turning the RIM into the laughing-stock of the International Communist Movement?

In accordance with Maoists principles, Committee Sol Peru---London has persisted in this debate in a principled, open and massive manner, and will continue to do so. However, in all seriousness, we remind these bureaucrats of what we said in our documents "Maoism and the Two Line Struggle Within the Revolutionary Internationalist Movement (RIM)": Those who would act otherwise, shall be considered die-hard elements, "individuals like Trotsky and Chen Tu-hsiu".

Many comrades think it necessary to reorganize the RIM. They think it is imperative to apply the Maoist policy of "*fewer but better troops and a more efficient administration*" to the RIM. In synthesis, they think that the movement should get rid of those die-hard elements that are playing along with the RCP-USA and Robert Avakian. To date, the attitude of the International Committee of the RIM is proving these comrades right. We, for our part, still advocate the widest **principled** unity, but under no circumstances would we ignore the voice of the



masses. To achieve a principled unity the IC of the RIM should clearly take the side of the revolutionary line and carry out self-criticism of their own centrist positions. However, these **minimum** conditions for unity are necessarily limited in time. The more the "platonian philosophers" of the International Committee of the RIM procrastinate, equivocate and dither, the greater will be the demands for a total reorganization of the Movement ---- that is, the revolutionaries will be indeed united, but this unity would certainly proceed **against** the gentlemen of the IC of the RIM!

COMMITTEE SOL PERU  
LONDON, December 18, 1994

[**Editor's Note:** the full text of the 20 page document *Maoism and the Two Line Struggle Within the Revolutionary Internationalist Movement (RIM)* is available in English from us. Please send a stamped, self-addressed envelope to receive a copy.]

## The International Communist Movement And The Revolutionary Internationalist Movement

[**Editor's Note:** the following is part four of the PCP document *Linea Internacional*, published in *Guerra Popular en El Peru*]

The history of the International Communist Movement is a glorious process of struggle through which the communists in the world have fought, and continue to fight, for unity in order to attain their unalterable goal: a communist society. In this heroic struggle, three Internationals took shape.

The International Workers' Association, or First International, was founded by Marx and Engels in 1864 in the hard struggle to oppose and crush the anarchistic positions of Bakunin. It established the doctrine of the proletariat: Marxism. Lenin says that the role fulfilled by the First International was to lay the ideological foundations of the doctrine of the proletariat. This International split, and when this split was blamed on Marx and Engels, they answered that if such a division had not occurred, the International would have died in any case----killed by those who were united in rejecting principles.

The Second International was founded by Engels in 1889. It served to multiply organizations and parties, but with the death of Engels, old-style revisionism was unleashed. This was to be fought and crushed by Lenin. This International became bankrupt in the First World War when its leadership (Kautsky and Bernstein) supported that war of plunder and their own countries' bourgeoisie, instead of opposing the imperialist World War in order to transform it into revolution. They turned into social-patriots.

In 1919 Lenin formed the Third International, the Communist International, conceiving it as a fighting machine to carry out the world revolution and the establishment of the proletarian dictatorship. Two problems emerged in the Communist International during the 1920s which were to have great repercussions: the problem of Germany (or rather, the revolution in an advanced country), and the China problem (or revolution in a backward country). The situation then became more acute with the emergence and victory of fascism. Thorez and Togliatti proposed revisionist opinions on the conception of the United Front, seeking to support rather than destroy the old order, while centering solely on the anti-fascist struggle. It is an urgent task for communists, and for our Party, to evaluate the Communist International, especially its Seventh Congress before World War II, and the role of Comrade Stalin. In 1943 the International was dissolved, leaving only an Information Committee.

The struggle of communists to unite at an international level has been long and complex. This was shown after World War II in the struggle against contemporary revisionism. Tito was condemned in 1948. The ideas of Browder also played an ominous role. The Workers' and Communist parties met in Moscow in 1957 and 1960 after the Twentieth Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) in 1956, in which Khrushchev had already overturned the dictatorship of the proletariat in the USSR, and assaulted it under the pretext of combating Comrade Stalin. The prestige of the USSR was great throughout the world, and in such circumstances the meetings of 1957 and 1960 agreed on ambiguous positions, in spite of the firm, principled positions upheld by the CCP (especially those of Chairman Mao), and the Labor Party of Albania. The positions of Chairman Mao caused the CPSU to alter some of its positions, but the positions of contemporary revisionism were systematized in 1961, when the CPSU held its Twenty-second Congress.

Chairman Mao, leading the Communist Party of China, summarized the essence of the new revisionism systematized in the "three peacefuls" and "two alls." With "peaceful coexistence," Khrushchev had twisted the old thesis of Lenin that distinguished between relationships among states to those within states, to propose that the general line of the International Communist Movement is "peaceful coexistence." For Khrushchev, the problem was to prevent war, because according to him, atomic weapons did not distinguish between exploiters and exploited and men had to fraternize in order to prevent the annihilation of humanity. "Peaceful transition" proposes that revolution no longer required revolutionary violence but that one social system could be transformed into another through the "peaceful route": through elections or parliamentarianism. The concept of "peaceful emulation" expressed the idea

that to destroy the imperialist system, the socialist system had to emulate it in order to demonstrate to the imperialists that the socialist system is superior, and thus encourage the imperialists to become socialists. The "state of the whole people" was the revisionist thesis with which Khrushchev intended to deny the class character of the state. It was specifically aimed against the dictatorship of the proletariat. The "party of the whole people" was another monstrosity which denied the class character of the Party as the party of the proletariat. Thus Khrushchev maintained that the Twenty-second Congress of the CPSU was the new program of the communists, and substituted the bourgeois slogans of "liberty," "fraternity" and "equality" for the Communist Manifesto. The Manifesto is the program of the Communists, and its denial aroused and sharpened the struggle between Marxism and revisionism.

On June 14th, 1963, the "Proposal on the General Line of the International Communist Movement" (also known as "the Chinese letter") was published. Then the "Nine Commentaries," in which Chairman Mao and the CCP brilliantly unmasked and crushed modern revisionism in all aspects, were circulated.

We understand that Chairman Mao and the CCP felt that it was inconvenient to form a new Communist International in such circumstances, because the political and ideological base---which had to be Marxism-Leninism-Mao Zedong Thought---had not yet been defined. This was mainly due to the fact that the Labor Party of Albania, led by Enver Hoxha, did not accept Mao Zedong Thought and advocated an International based only on Marxism-Leninism, disregarding the new developments. This was because in essence, Hoxha was opposed to Mao Zedong Thought.

The growing influence of Chairman Mao in the world unfolded with the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution. The CCP focused on very urgent problems, such as recovering power in the People's Republic of China from the usurpation of the revisionists Liu Shaochi and Deng Xiaoping, and on the method to continue the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat. Thus Chairman Mao, in the class struggle at home, and in the struggle against revisionism on the international level, became the great teacher of the proletariat and the leader of the world revolution. His thought developed into the third stage of Marxism. In that era, we Communists referred to this as "Mao Zedong Thought." The Communist Party of Peru adopted Marxism-Leninism-Mao Zedong Thought as the basis of party unity at the Sixth National Conference in January 1969, as a result of the struggle of Chairman Gonzalo and the Red Fraction of the Party that had been adhering to Marxism-Leninism-Mao Zedong Thought since 1966. Chairman Gonzalo upheld the positions of Chairman Mao as early as 1962, and on the basis of that

viewpoint, went on to forge the Red Fraction. The authentic Communists were waiting for the CCP to define Maoism as the third stage of Marxism, but with the death of Chairman Mao in September 1976, the Chinese revisionists pulled off a counterrevolutionary coup aimed at Chairman Mao and his thought. Thus the unity of the Marxists encountered serious and complex problems, but the Communist Party of Peru remained firm and unshakable in the defense of Marxism-Leninism-Mao Zedong Thought, unmasking the counterrevolutionary coup and the revisionist usurpation in China. It was at that time that the Widened Political Bureau of October 1976 declared, "To be a Marxist is to adhere to Marxism-Leninism-Mao Zedong Thought."

With the death of Chairman Mao and the revisionist usurpation in China by Deng and his gang, we Communists were left scattered in the world without a center or base for world revolution; the counterrevolutionaries sank in their claws to negate Chairman Mao and the validity of Marxism-Leninism-Mao Zedong Thought. The triple revisionist assault of Deng Xiaoping (Chinese revisionism), Hoxha (Albanian revisionism), and Brezhnev (Russian revisionism) was unfettered. In the face of this, in 1979, at the First National Conference, Chairman Gonzalo called upon the whole party to defend and apply Marxism-Leninism-Mao Zedong Thought against the revisionist triple assault. In these positions the Party remained firm and upheld an unalterable, principled position. In 1980, the PCP launched the People's War, based on Marxism-Leninism-Mao Zedong Thought and is applying and developing the People's War that has advanced further with the comprehension of Maoism as the third stage of Marxism. It was therefore agreed at the Second National Conference in May 1982 that Marxism-Leninism-Maoism is the third stage of Marxism, and that the PCP constituted the only party in the world in the vanguard of the defense of Maoism, assuming the task of struggling for the unity of the Marxist-Leninist-Maoists of the world so that this ideology might become the leader and guide of the world and Peruvian revolutions.

The application of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism must be specific to each revolution, so that it does not become a mechanical formula. For this reason, the Peruvian Revolution has generated Chairman Gonzalo and Gonzalo Thought---the principle and basis of Party unity. Each revolution must specify its guiding thought, without which there can be no application of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, nor any revolutionary development.

In the autumn of 1980, 13 communist parties and organizations signed a statement, "To the Marxist-Leninists, Workers and the Oppressed of All Countries," calling upon Communists to unite in Marxist-Leninist struggle and to uphold Chairman Mao. But it did not present Maoism as a

new stage with universal validity. The Revolutionary Communist Party, USA led this effort. In 1983 the RCP, USA contacted the PCP and invited it to sign the 1980 statement, but the PCP opposed it since Mao Zedong Thought was not considered therein. We were already basing ourselves on Marxism-Leninism-Maoism.

In March 1984 the Second Conference of these organizations was held, and the Revolutionary Internationalist Movement (RIM) was founded. A joint statement was approved, referring to unity and struggle within Marxism-Leninism-Mao Zedong Thought. Our position on the inclusion of the PCP in RIM is condensed in a letter written to the Committee of RIM in October 1986:

“We wish to reiterate two questions about this issue. First: from the beginning of our ties, the origin of our differences was the substantive and decisive question of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism as the only, valid new stage in the development of proletarian ideology, having universal validity. Maoism is the key issue. Hence our objection to the choice of ‘Marxism-Leninism-Mao Zedong Thought.’ Even so, we think that to solve what we regard as an indispensable premise, is complex, will require time and revolutionary development.”

“Second: While signing the Declaration produced by the second meeting which founded the RIM, we did so with observations and even differences, which we specifically outlined in memoranda. We reiterated these in meetings, reports and communications which clearly indicate differences---on the principle contradiction, the revolutionary situation of unequal development, on world war, and on some of the criteria for the role of the RIM. There are, moreover, more important points, such as the universal validity of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, and in particular the general validity of People’s War (the expression of proletarian military theory that our class has developed completely with Mao Zedong), and our insistence in always raising the great slogan, “Proletarians of all countries, unite!” Nevertheless, we thought and continue to think that the Declaration constituted and continues to constitute a relative basis of unity. The advance of our Movement itself demands the development and improvement of this [organization], as facts already demonstrate clearly.

“Some at present dismiss the Declaration as opportunist. Others assert that it does not help solve the burning problems that the revolution demands, and say that we should move on to a new declaration. The PCP believes that the RIM faces problems on various levels: on the ideological level, to advance towards the comprehension of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism. This advance is principal, and even political development hinges upon it. On the political level: to advance in defining the fundamental contradictions, and the principal global contradiction, [and advance in understanding] the issue of the Third World War, [the fact]

that revolution is the main tendency, and in the event of imperialist war, we must transform it into People’s War. In the course of this, the lines we follow to achieve the establishment of the needed International must continue the glorious International Communist Movement. Concerning mass work, our point of departure is the slogans “The masses make history,” “It’s right to rebel,” and “The colossal garbage heap...” The purpose of mass work is to begin and develop People’s War. Leadership is key, requiring time for its training, development and authorization. Two-line struggle is not being handled as it should be [in RIM]. These are problems of development, but if they are not handled fairly and correctly, they can produce disarticulation, and such negative possibilities necessarily cause us concern. We believe that the Committee of the RIM aims to impose the phrase “Marxism-Leninism-Mao Zedong Thought,” to place us within the Declaration, and to resolve the problems of direction of the Committee that give us cause to think about the existence of hegemonistic tendencies.”

Taking this situation into account, we reaffirm, in the Fourth National Conference of the PCP (October 1986) our intention to constitute a fraction within the International Communist Movement, in order that Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, principally Maoism, is the direction and guide of world revolution. We “Uphold, defend and apply Marxism-Leninism-Maoism!” since only with this ideology can the international proletariat, through its Communist Parties, seize power and emancipate itself as a class.

We advocate the reconstitution of the Communist International, and we regard the Revolutionary Internationalist Movement as a step in that direction. It will serve this purpose as long as it upholds and follows a correct and just ideological and political line.

The struggle to make Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, principally Maoism, the direction and guide of world revolution will be long, complex, and difficult but in the end, the Marxist-Leninist-Maoists of the world will succeed. Marxism has not taken a step in its life without struggle.

**Glory To The International Proletariat!**

**Long Live The World Proletarian Revolution!**

## **Message from Australia**

The Committee for a Revolutionary Communist Party in Australia (CRCPA) extends our revolutionary greetings to the *New Flag* whose information is closely linked to the heroic actions developed by our Peruvian comrades.

In Australia we suffer from a media whiteout on the People’s War, therefore we are grateful for your publication.

The CRCPA rejects the Fujimori/USA scheme to bring the PCP to the conference table for a negotiated settlement.

The Fujimori reactionaries cruelly lay this imperialist fraud at the door of Chairman Gonzalo who they have kept buried in a dungeon for two years.

The aim of the People's War is to overthrow the old order of the semi-colonial and bureaucratic capitalist regime and they have been fighting for 15 years to achieve this goal.

The Fujimori/USA 'peace proposals' scheme has been put forward because the reactionary forces cannot defeat the People's War militarily or ideologically. Nor can the imperialists defeat the world wide campaign to defend the life of Abimael Guzman and his comrades which has extended to all continents.

Two lines have existed in the international communist movement (ICM) on the question of the state for 150 years and more. One line is to persist in revolutionary violence to smash the bourgeois state and establish the dictatorship of the proletariat, and the other line is to oppose the dictatorship of the proletariat. This has been the focus of repeated struggles between Marxists on the one hand and revisionism, Trotskyism, reformism, anarchism and all kinds of bourgeois and petty bourgeois ideology on the other.

This has been the experience from the Paris Commune; the 1917 October Revolution in Russia, to the victory of the revolution in China in 1949, to today. Violent revolution is the universal principle of proletarian revolution. Marxist-Leninist-Maoists and their party must adhere to this universal principle and apply it to the concrete conditions of their own country; and apply the thesis of Mao Tsetung, "Political power grows out of the barrel of the gun".

On the other hand, a political party suffers setbacks in revolution if it fails to have a strong army or gives up revolutionary armed force.

Some parties failed to take hold of the gun and therefore were helpless when the reactionaries attacked. The result was the slaughter of millions of revolutionary people and the revolutionary cause of the masses was put back for decades. This was the experience of our Indonesian sisters and brothers.

In other cases, after the revolutionary people had already taken up arms and their armed forces had grown, certain people in their ranks handed over the peoples' armed forces to the sterile parliamentary benches or they were duped by various bourgeois schemes

Communist parties have participated in parliaments only in situations where this was necessary to more effectively expose the fraud of bourgeois parliamentarism. Revisionists and reformists, on the other hand, worship parliament and structure their whole activity around getting seats. If the revisionists win a majority in the bourgeois parliament,

it does not alter the class character of the bourgeois state. Even if a majority is won through elections, the bourgeoisie either cancel parliament, declare the election null and void, or expel the Communists. No one has ever overthrown the bourgeois state through a bourgeois parliament.

Chairman Gonzalo (Interview with *El Diario*) said, "A Communist Party's central task is the seizure of power for the proletariat and the people..."

During the Interview, Chairman Gonzalo was asked about talks with Alan Garcia, and we should study this passage. Chairman Gonzalo said, (in part), "... In diplomatic meetings agreements signed at the table only reflect what has already been established on the battlefield, because no one is going to give up what they have not obviously lost"; and, "... who talks about talks? the revisionists, the opportunists... and those who have hope for the demobourgeois order, for this reactionary order... are they not the same ones who are promoting pacification, our destruction?... "

The present Fujimori/USA "peace accords" is a refurbished Krushchev version of the "state of the whole people", party of the whole people, peaceful competition and peaceful coexistence, imperialism is no longer predatory, reconciliation between classes, and peaceful transition to socialism. Just as Krushchev sought to eliminate class struggle, obliterate classes and split communist parties all over the world; so Fujimori/USA peddle their 'peace accords' to split the PCP and the world movement to support the revolution in Peru.

These sinister proposals have not split the PCP whose statements and evidence since, proves that the People's War is strengthening all over the country. The capture of Chairman Gonzalo and other leaders by the fascist Fujimori was a blow to the revolutionary forces in Peru and world wide... but, Chairman Gonzalo said, from the cage: "it is a bend in the road." And, as Mao Tsetung said, 'Pick up your dead, tend the wounded and fight on.'

The old imperialist dream to stop the People's War is an aim impossible to reach because the Maoist revolution in Peru is part of the evolution of matter and it will unleash storms and fire in the future to bury this decadent and dying world wide imperialist order.

Our committee believes, that all people generally and the communists in particular, must support the People's War in Peru. It is a basic task for all who are for the destruction of imperialism, bureaucratic capitalism, semi-feudalism and fascism. Any wavering on behalf of negotiations mid stream will only weaken the will of the masses to fight and carry on the struggle to the end.

Wavering in our resolve will strengthen the fascist regime, backed by US imperialism, to carry out further vicious attacks on the Andean communities, annihilating

whole villages and killing innocent people accusing them of 'terrorism', and the further massacres of prisoners of war.

Some people calling themselves Maoist fail to come out strongly in support of our sisters and brothers waging People's War. It is not enough to only support Chairman Gonzalo as he cannot be separated from the nation wide struggle. The Peruvian comrades are in the forefront of the world wide struggle against Yankee imperialism's New World Order and we must give all out support. If we do not, and if we fail to fulfill our internationalist duty, we will take a fatal step into the marsh of revisionism.

We strongly believe, whatever organizations distort proletarian ideology, the practice of the PCP in waging People's War, is revolutionary practice. This inspires oppressed people everywhere to work and develop Maoist ideology in their own country and prepare the conditions to begin people's war.

The people's verdict on the so-called "peace talks" in Peru is in. The genuine communists the world over ought now come out in strong voice and denounce these "talks" as a counterrevolutionary sham. There is nothing more to "investigate and consider" on this question. Revolutionaries must be supported and revisionists must be opposed. To further public silence on this question is to comply.

The MPP (USA) and *New Flag* have taken the lead on this and the genuine communists and supporters of the People's War in Peru must join with them in supporting the Central Committee of the PCP.

As in Peru, the so-called Senderologists play their counterrevolutionary role in Australia. The main mass media (yellow press) print only slanders against the People's War. Libraries have many volumes by the senderologists whose role is to confuse the masses. There are also some who profess to be 'Maoist' while complaining, "I don't like their methods" or "why did they take to arms?" These stories and trends have been in evidence for many years. The Australian mass media, owned and operated by three giant monopolies, is one of the tightest controlled in the world. Therefore, the Australian people get the news the bourgeoisie wants them to get. The Australian mass media dishes up the most reactionary and slanderous material against communism and in support of the New World Order.

**[Editor's Note:** the rest of this essay concerns the history of struggles against oppression in Australia and New Zealand. For the full text, write to: Committee for a Revolutionary Communist Party in Australia, Box 474D, GPO Melbourne VIC 3001, Australia.]

## Behind the Border Problem: the Hidden Interests of the Imperialists and their Servents.

### Fujimori's troops: incompetent, corrupt and genocidal.

International and national public opinions has been the witness to the level of political degeneration of the genocidal Fujimori and his armed forces: launching their "Special Forces Division" of the Army against shantytown dwellers such as in "Raucana"; against students and the universities they didn't wait more than two hours to attack with whole battalions; "disappearing" innocent students and professors such as in La Cantuta and Huancayo; bombings and massacres in the countryside, like in Ayacucho and Hualaga; assassinations in the shantytowns and genocides in the prisons of Fronton, Lurigancho and Cantogrande. All these actions show the real nature of the armed forces of the old state, experts in defeat but skilled in shedding the blood of the unarmed people of their own country.

With regards to the question of Ecuador, the armed forces with their tails between their legs hide behind the charlatan Goldenber, the Foreign Minister, and Fujimori, the fool propped up by their bayonets that they call "com-mader in chief." They unleash their class hatred like wounded hyenas against the people, dressing it up with "civic actions" and "guaranteeing the national sovereignty" against a "immanent invasion from the north", in essence a prelude to major genocides against the people.

With regards to the incident with Ecuador in 1981, Chairman Gonzalo, referring to the reactionary politics of the Belaunde regime, said: "... to not justly and correctly handle the question of Ecuador can generate serious problems with great consequences, which are obviously never faced more directly by the people, who with their own blood and efforts have won the territory that makes up our county. ... no one will fail to see that the interests of the imperialists in contention with those of their agents and internal allies who govern our republics is the source of conflicts in Latin America and the many wars that our people have had to fight."

Starting from the fundamental principle that the problems which trouble Peruvian-Ecuadorian relations are not between peoples, but rather between governments that periodically come up with these incidents as a smoke-screen to hide their noisy failures. The people of Peru and Ecuador do not wish to grab borders, but to end their bestial and decrepit systems that no longer have a reason for being.

"... Our point of departure is that our borders will be the object of serious difficulties. In Peru's history it has been this way, when there have been crises, etc. they have been reduced by border problems. In perspective, the situation

is that these will be instruments that the great powers will use to strike out at the revolution and the new state; when we have the new state. But today what is the situation? This border problem is not entirely defined and in a few months or years they will begin to completely question the Rio Protocols, that much is certain. This way they have a pending problem which will serve as a major excuse for them to attack the revolution; if they were to resolve it there would be no problem for them to act on, they would have to make another excuse, so the problem should be resolved, shouldn't it? But they have never defended an inch of territory, the borders of this country have been made by the masses, with the people's blood, never by them. Whether because of economic problems, or problems of people's war or because of U.S. intervention to avoid conflicts, they are not defending the borders; the U.S. is responsible for the lack of boundary markers on the border despite international treaties. We believe they are allowing these incursions at the insistence of the U.S., this should be our position, that we are not 'territorialists' but are indicating the problem that exists, since the territory doesn't cost them anything they have a problem that will facilitate their future aggression. All of the things that they do shows this, Peru is really being invaded, it is fact, since the month of July or August 1991 the troops are there, occupying territory that belongs to the nation. What they don't have to pay for they won't defend, rather they wish to leave a problem for Peru. This means it is necessary to combat the false positions of bourgeois pacifism that don't serve the revolution; aside from this war with Ecuador is coming, so we must continue the People's War."

[CC of the PCP, *May the Strategic Equilibrium Shake Up the Country More!*, transcript of a report by Chairman Gonzalo, 1991, pp. 50-51]

Thus, in 1995 we see the problem repeating itself. The truth is that for some time Ecuadorian troops have invaded Peru and only recently have they dared to announce what was in an obscure bulletin dated January 26, which the sellout Fujimori announces after the Ecuadorian press had reported for some time, that an Ecuadorian helicopter attacked a Peruvian border garrison. Enough lies! Our country has been invaded for some time, look at the border with Brazil where they have occupied a strip of our territory, or Chile to which we permanently ceded Arica. Since the territory costs the rulers nothing they use it for their miserly political interests or negotiate behind the backs of the people.

**Genocidal Peruvian army, the shame of Grau and Bolognesi!**

**Honor and glory to the Peruvian people!**

**Only the people will defend our land!**

**Long live the People's War in Peru!**

## **Message from Committee Sol-Peru, London: to Our Brethren, the Proletariat and People of Ecuador**

"Let us begin from the undeniable principle that the problems bedeviling Peru-Ecuador relations, are not issues for the people of either country. These are issues created by both governments who periodically stage incidents as a smoke screen to hide their own monumental failures...The people of Peru and Ecuador do not want to eat borders." "They want to end their obsolete systems that no longer have any reason to exist." *Let the Strategic Equilibrium Shake the Country Even More*, 1991, page 50-51, Central Committee of the Communist Party of Peru.

With the full knowledge and complicity of the Fujimori dictatorship, and even before 1991, Ecuador's military posts were already in the Cordillera del Condor. This is something that Chairman Gonzalo himself had pointed out in the document quoted above. In this context, the tyrant himself, as an opportunist quisling, visited Ecuador in various occasions. There he met with president Duran Ballen and with military and other ruling circles of your country, thus encouraging in practice this status-quo in particular. Why? Then, the big bourgeoisie of Ecuador, acting upon their own narrow anti-popular class interests, attempted to portray Fujimori, a proven mass murderer, as a wise and reasonable leader. They presented him before their people as a good neighbor of generous sentiments and peaceful intentions. Now you know and have seen with your own eyes the evidence that this was nothing but cruel deception.

Then the issue was to legitimize his anti-national, pro-imperialist, anti-popular and reactionary dictatorship. The issue then was obtaining support from the Ecuadorian Bourgeoisie. Then Fujimori and his generals wanted support for their bloody war against the Peruvian revolution and its New Democratic State. His aim was securing silence and complicity from neighboring countries while carrying out a blatant policy of genocide against the Peruvian people and brutal massacres against the prisoners of the People's War. Principally, Fujimori aimed at covering-up his endless illegal and human abuses and tortures against Chairman Gonzalo, leader of the revolution and of the people of Peru.

That is why, not only Ecuador, but also with Chile, Bolivia, Colombia and Brazil, the rotten old Peruvian state adopted a policy of concessions. They turned a blind eye and allowed military garrisons from those countries to enter Peruvian territory. In fact, Fujimori's policy positively encouraged this under the guise of fighting "terrorism" and drug trafficking. In this fashion Fujimori cravenly carried out Yankee policy aimed at helping imperialist domination and exploitation throughout our region.

He whetted the ambitions of the ruling classes of these countries to secure desperately needed imperialist investments and loans. Nevertheless, today, Fujimori needs to legitimize his rule before the Peruvian masses. No matter what cosmetic changes he tries to make to appear "legitimate", he is still the bastard child born out of a military coup. Now he is attempting to resort to fraudulent elections under a fascist military jackboot. In 1990, this counterfeit clown disguised himself as a poor Indian peasant and made his electoral campaign deceiving the people aboard a farm tractor. Today he wants to generate a "Falklands" (Malvinas) Factor to emulate Margaret Thatcher. Thus this little beetle wants to harvest votes by disguising himself as a tin-pot soldier and making his pitch atop a battle tank.

However, Fujimori is in deep political, economic and military trouble. He is frustrated by the stubborn and growing People's War that he had vainly vowed to end before 1995. He has mounting electoral difficulties amid a deteriorating economic situation while undergoing grave political internal problems. His only support is the army. He can't even solve the problems with his own wife. His henchmen, Montesinos and the drug dealing military find themselves caught red handed. This is because of a case of cocaine trafficking involving them with the general in charge of the military zone bordering with Ecuador. This large scale criminal activity was under intense judicial and journalistic investigation just before he started the conflict with Ecuador. In addition, it was the time when the CLAE scandal was widely reported in the press. This was the largest banking fraud ever uncovered in Peru in which Fujimori's associates and several military were involved.

To cover up the mounting corruption, and to drag along the backward masses, Fujimori has today resorted to the stock in trade of chauvinist provocations. He has resorted to blackmail and war threats. He has resorted to the only language he understands: air bombardments, artillery fire, ominous military mobilization and the navy blockade of the waters around the gulf of Guayaquil. Thus, the reactionary ruling class of Ecuador is harvesting the whirlwind. They are paying the price of the craven homage they rendered to the mass murderer fascist Fujimori during his "conquering hero" visits to that country.

For the proletariat and oppressed people of Ecuador, and for their suffering Peruvian brethren, this is nothing but a harvest of death, anxiety and destruction.

The people of Ecuador and Peru are both victims of the same imperialist oppression. The robber-barons of both countries want to insure for themselves the absurd privilege of selling to imperialist monopolies this or that portion of our homeland. For this aim, they use the masses as cannon fodder. The soldiers on both sides are mainly workers and

peasants in uniform, recruited by force and hurled against each other armed to the teeth in fratricidal combats.

The ruling circles, murderers of the people, hide their political and economic disasters behind nationalistic bombast. They also hide the corruption and the swindles of tyrants and drug dealing dictators. The workers and peasants, students and white collar workers, are the oppressed masses of the countryside and the cities. They are the unemployed and the victims of starvation, those who make up more than 90% of our peoples. They have nothing to gain and very much to lose in this kind of militarized farce.

It is therefore right to denounce the reactionary character of this war. The Peruvian and Ecuador's big bourgeoisie, and the landowners, big bureaucrats and high ranking military circles, are all anti-national elements in both countries. They serve mainly US imperialism. Both sides sell out our respective motherland to the foreign exploiters. Both ferociously repress our masses who only fight for bread, liberty, and for the people's democracy they need for their authentic development and progress.

During more than 150 years of "independence", the semi-feudal and semi-colonial states have fought over the corpse of the Spanish colonial empire. They have continued oppressing our masses and treating our territories as their private property. They have failed to offer our peoples peaceful and secure borders. They foster and tolerate a situation of neither peace nor war that entails heavy economic, political and social burdens of both nations.

Therefore, the popular masses of both our countries must strengthen their unity. They must unmask and fight the chauvinistic politicians, social-fascists and revisionists fanning fratricidal hatred of purely electoral purposes. The people and the revolutionaries of Peru have fifteen years of glorious and heroic experience in fighting and defeating the genocidal armed forces of the old Peruvian state. They will certainly render the people of Ecuador the most decided and effective support in defending their integrity from the criminal merchants of war.

The unity of our peoples in fighting against US imperialism, our main common enemy, and against their lackeys, the big bourgeoisie and the reactionary classes of both countries, will develop victoriously. The hyena of Fujimori may indeed out his threats. If he hurls his legions against the towns and cities of Ecuador, the masses of that country will know how to defend their homeland. They will know that the people and the revolutionaries of Peru, principally the People's Liberation Army led by the Communist Party, will be in the same trenches. They will then stubbornly and ceaselessly fight against the same enemy.

That the People's War may achieve victory in Peru, and that the people in Ecuador may find the road to develop it on their own. This would be the best guarantee of failure

of imperialist and reactionary plots to divide our peoples and to pit them against each other.

**Down with Us Imperialism!**

**Down with the Fascist U.S. Puppet Fujimori!**

**Down with Reactionary War!**

**Down with the Reactionaries Enemies of Our Peoples!**

**Long Live the People's Liberation War!**

**Long Live the Fighting Unity of the International Proletariat and the Popular Masses of Ecuador, Peru, Latin America and the World!**

**Long Live Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo Thought!**

Sol-Peru Committee, Feb. 6, 1995  
10 B Homestead Road  
London SW6 7DB, England

## Second Solidarity Meeting for the People's War in Peru - Spain

The individuals and organizations that support the revolution in Peru, coming from Alicante, Canarias, Cantabria, Catalunya, Euskadi, Galicia and Madrid, agree as follows:

- \* Our revolutionary greetings to the Communist Party of Peru, its leaders, Chairman Gonzalo, the Central Committee (CC), combatants and militants, as well as the heroic proletariat and Peruvian people. United under Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo Thought, the struggle for the development of the People's War will soon see 15 years as the beacon for the world revolution. Therefore, we salute the process of Party unity, which through the two-line struggle has crushed sinister plans of the revisionists and capitulators.
- \* We denounce with a profound class hatred the attempts of treason and capitulation that revisionism and opportunism (ensconced in the revolutionary process), in collusion with the genocidal sell-out dictatorship of Fujimori and Yankee imperialism, were preparing and that today are being swept away by more People's War.
- \* To lay the foundations for the creation and growth of the MPP-Spain, which as part of the process of reorganizing the MPP in Europe, will carry out the tasks that the PCP has assigned to the generated organisms for international work.
- \* We denounce the Fujimori dictatorship, the military and imperialism, mainly Yankee imperialism, for the

bloody repression it carries out against the Peruvian people. We also denounce the perverse effort by the Spanish government, its institutions, its ruling classes, media, etc. who without any scruples continue to support the diverse plans of the Peruvian dictatorship. We also condemn the so-called NGO's, that taken together are nothing more than a cushion for the dictatorship.

- \* We denounce the perverse politics of the dictatorship, which systematically tortures and kills thousands of political prisoners and prisoners of war, especially the situation of Dr. Abimael Guzmán Reynoso, who remains in isolation.

We resolve to uphold:

- \* *El Diario Internacional*.
- \* The restructuring of the propaganda work of the People's War in Madrid.
- \* A unified organization in Spain.

Spain, January 1994

## News Briefs

**Two U.S. military advisors** in Peru, Lt. Colonel Jeff F. Addicot and Major Andy Warner, praised the Peruvian army for its "good record in human rights" and the "support of civilian population" as part of the "low intensity warfare". [No doubt the massacre of 28,000 Peruvians carried out by the Peruvian military, including the forced resettlement of civilians in the countryside are part of the U.S. guidance on low intensity warfare] (*Military Review* July 1994, *Expreso*, 7/11/94).

**Peruvian Sociologist** Julio Cotler stated: "Fujimori and Perez de Cuellar advocate basically the same economic policies. The difference is in the degree of liberalism. Fujimori's government implements an extreme liberalism and De Cuellar prefers a conventional brand of liberalism like in Chile. Some ideologists sustain that liberalism means the suppression of the role of the State which will sharpen the class struggle and polarize society even more. That's why now the multinationals promote 'the fight against poverty', decentralization of power, and stability, which may not fit necessarily with the dictatorship of Fujimori. Even though he is willing to sell all State companies to multinationals." *Semanario Si* (No. 400, Nov. 94).

**The government** has plans of installing offices for the political police SIN, "Oficinas de Defensa Nacional", in all civil service institutions, state branches, and local governments, regions, and multi-sectorial institutions as part of an intelligence operations. Thus all work places will have one espionage office that not only prevents labor organizations from meeting and striking but any worker can be detained at his/her work station. (*La Republica*, November 7, 1994).



**Lima, August 29** (Reuters). Soldiers and Maoist guerrillas fight in Peru. Two soldiers and six Maoist guerrillas were killed in separate fighting over the past week in Peru's south-central highlands and drug-producing northeastern jungle, the military said Monday. Meanwhile, in the highland Ayacucho province, two soldiers were killed and two wounded in skirmishes over the week between army patrols and PCP columns. Military officials there said, "There have also been deaths in the ranks of the subversives," but did not provide a number. The military said the fighting in the Andes, which could last another 10 days, has occurred near Vizcatan in Ayacucho department, some 220 miles south-east of Lima. The army is using helicopter gunships against the rebels, it said. Fighting in the jungle has taken place from Huanuco department 180 miles north of Lima to Moyobamba in San Martin department some 410 miles north of the capital, military officials in the Huallaga Valley said.

Lima, August 31 (Peru People's Aid Leaflet). The remains of a mass murder of about 1,000 Ashaninkas dumped by the Army during several incursions in Satipo in the 1980's has been known in the area for years. As usual, in Peru, the very same culprits of the Army try to blame it on the PCP for propaganda purposes. Most PCP members in the Huallaga are members of the Ashaninka people. The human remains were dug up by soldiers of the Huallaga and Tocache army posts. The communique denounced the claims of the army that they have destroyed 4 rebel bases. It uncovered the components of the psychological warfare campaign carried out by the army: 1) To combat the strength and party unity of the PCP, they claim there are many "senderos" (Red Sendero, Red-Peru, Pro-Guzman Sendero, Pro-Feliciano Sendero, etc.); 2) To divert the attention to their current crimes, the army dug up their mass graves (fosas comunes) and blame it to the PCP in an attempt to fool the international press; 3) to continue the lies that Chairman Gonzalo has called several times for his supporters to lay down their arms.

**Madrid, September 23** (EFE). Car bombings of economic and military targets in Lima. Clashes between guerrilla forces and the Army in Huallaga. The explosion of a car bomb today, after the vehicle was driven into the wall of a candy factory D'onofrio in the main industrial zones in Lima, resulted in significant material damage being sustained. The explosion caused a huge hole in one of the walls. In other developments, the army reported that several clashes between the armed forces and the Maoist PCP occurred between September 15th and 20th. General Nicolas Hermoza de Bari said the main clash took place on Sunday 18th September, at a site called Paraiso. Some civilians from the local populations were presented to the media by the army as "captured terrorists." Hermoza stated that the "terrorists" were gathered in the so-called "Battalion Independiente T-4",

which has some 150 men divided into five companies, one of which was headquartered in Paraiso.

On Wednesday 21st September, the Maoists executed a paramilitary member in Lima.

**Lima, September 23** (UPI). A bomb blows up the home of Fujimori's aide. Maoist rebels blew up the house of a close aide to Fujimori and detonated another bomb outside a factory, causing material damage but only minor injuries, police said Saturday. A 50-pound dynamite explosive device late Friday caused severe damage to the house of Segifredo Luza, a member of Peru's intelligence service (SIN) and a close advisor to Fujimori on intelligence matters. Earlier in the day a car bomb containing 160 pounds of dynamite was detonated outside a Lima factory, causing damage but no injuries to neighbors. On Friday an explosive device was found on Lima's international airport runway, forcing the rerouting of a plane carrying a group of visiting Bolivian military officials. In all above incidents pro-PCP leaflets were spread.

**Lima, September 23** (UPI). Political violence surges in Peru.

Several powerful car bombs were detonated in Lima. In other political violence, Maoist rebels executed Carlos Herrera late Thursday, apparently for his efforts on behalf of the army to form brigades (urban paramilitary rondas) in a poor Lima neighborhood to fight the insurgency. Feliciano Chamorro, the manager of a brick manufacturing plant that recently faced a strike and fired dozens of workers without any benefits, was shot and killed Wednesday by Maoist rebels. The Maoist rebels of the Communist Party have waged a guerrilla campaign against the government of Peru for almost 15 years. Its doctrines are based on the writings of the late Chinese leader, Mao Tse-tung, their imprisoned leader Abimael Guzman and its founder Jose Carlos Mariategui.

**Toronto, October 12** (By Leslie Papp, *Toronto Star*, Pg. A10). Ontario Hydro's investment in Lima, Peru, has been hit by a blackout after a bomb attack and the utility's \$74 million investment went up in smoke. Six transmission towers were destroyed in a bomb attack outside Lima last week, plunging the capital into darkness and forcing a rationing of electricity.

Canadian embassy sources in Peru said four of the downed towers were about 100 kilometers east of Lima while two were near the city, to the north and south. All were destroyed within 20 minutes and Maoist PCP guerrillas were responsible. Jordan, an officer of Hydro said the bombing proves Hydro made a major mistake in buying part of the Peruvian company delivering electricity to Lima. The government and Hydro chairman Maurice Strong "were duly warned that attacks on utilities were commonplace," he said in a news release, adding the government

should now realize "just how unsound Hydro's investment is."

Energy Minister Bud Wildman last month asked the Ontario Energy Board to examine Hydro's international spending, especially the risk associated with foreign investments such as the Lima venture.

**Lima, October 13** (UPI). The claim of a military defeat of the "Sendero" insurgency would be dangerously irresponsible, a well-known sociologist said today. Cesar Rodriguez told a local radio station that "not only does extreme poverty exist, a factor which generates violence, but it has grown as a consequence of the inhumane liberalism which is being put into practice." "Behind the utopia of a pacified society---or something close to that---being marketed to foreign investors and Peruvian voters, is a real country that is extremely poor, vulnerable and explosive." Rodriguez is the president of the Democratic Forum, a think tank group of intellectuals in Peru.

According to Rodriguez, Fujimori two serious mistakes: his concept of "pacification" is exclusively military, and the "supposed pragmatism of believing that social development can be achieved through individualism in a society as poor as Peru." He stated that, "according to the law of the jungle in the market economy, each street-hawker and child begging for a coin in the streets is counted as a potential business person, on whose backs a prosperous nation (with few miserable groups) will be built."

**Lima, October 13** (UPI, Reuters). Peru's rebel attacks cause \$500,000 damage. There is a massive blackout in Peru. Six electricity towers were demolished last week by PCP rebels, Luis Rodriguez, head of the Electrolima electricity company, said Thursday. The Oct. 7 attack, celebrating the Anniversary of the Peruvian Communist Party (PCP), caused half of Lima to lose power as well as communities along Peru's Pacific coast and in the central Andes region of the country. Gen. Juan Briones, Peru's interior minister, will revise security measures at towers and said that a plan to reinforce protection at the sites had been put in place. The attack, attributed to the Maoist-oriented PCP group, was the first outage on such a scale since organization head Abimael Guzman was jailed in 1992 and one of the most serious since 1984.

**Pisco, November 4** PCP combatants clashed with military forces. A well known death squad member Police Lt. Marco Antonio Marin Quispe from Dincote (political police) was killed in combat. (*El Comercio* Nov. 5, 94).

**Huanuco, November 10** (*El Expreso*). On Nov. 9 the political police SIN and members of the army assaulted the home of Adolfo Cortavarria Linares, Dean of the University of Huanuco "Hermilio Valdizan". He was taken prisoner for allegedly being a member of the PCP. In a press conference at the main auditorium of the university, the political-

military chief of Huanuco, Colonel Eduardo Negron announced the detention of professor Cortavarria and warned, "the faculty and students should keep their heads down or else, and to stop spreading rumors that more professors will be arrested." At the same time students and faculty conducted a massive rally protesting the arbitrary detention. In a fierce speech Professor Eleazar Buitron protested the cowardly attacks against civilians that have nothing to do with the insurgency and the condemned the military occupation of the university campus.

**Ayacucho, November 11** (*La Republica*). 100 PCP combatants supported by the local population clashed with the army in Pucayacu-Vizcatan, Huanta. Also an army patrol was ambushed the same day. The army reported that "Senderistas were armed with FALs, submachine guns, and grenades. Seven army members were wounded and many were killed. The PCP has also hit an army helicopter 17 times. The PCP contingent withdraw after the attack. Army Official Communique No. 021-JPM/RRPP, Ayacucho.

**Lima, November 11** (*Expreso*). PCP combatants attacked the Air Force base of San Isidro-Lima (Centro Aeronautico) Nov. 10, at 1:45 AM. Hundreds of leaflets with PCP slogans were found.

**Cajabamba, Lima, November 11** (*El Comercio*) Combatants of the People's Liberation Army and the armed forces clashed several times in the localities of Cajabamba, San Marcos, and Celendin on Nov 8. The army reported that 10 "subversives" were captured and suffered "no losses", however this report can't be confirmed. Abundant subversive propaganda and revolutionary paintings were visible on the walls of these cities.

**Los Olivos, Lima, November 11** (*La Republica*). The army carried out search and seizure operations in all homes of the shanty town Los Olivos. An army patrol dragged five youngsters, 15 and 16 years old, from their homes in chains. Presumably they were members of the PCP. One them was a girl. Another sweeping operation of civilians occurred in the shantytown Laura Caller, 18 Km. north of the main highway Panamericana.

**Lima, November 12** (*Expreso*). PCP combatants attacked the police garrison at Km. 11 of Av. Tupac Amaru, Comas-Lima on Nov 11. Several bombs were hurled that caused considerable damage to the police station. No civilians were injured. That was the fourth attack in the last 72 hours in different parts of Lima. Banco de Credito was one of the targets. A large distribution of PCP literature was carried out. (*El Comercio*, 13.11.94).

**Piura, November 14** (*El Comercio*). A large contingent of the PCP is operating in the northern border with Ecuador between the departments of Lambayeque and Piura. The army claimed to have captured Leonardo Huaman (19), an alleged member of the PCP. There are also reports of

clashes with subversives in Huarmaca-Piura which borders with Ecuador.

**Lima, November 14** (*El Comercio*). Because of the increasing military and political offensives of the PCP, the state of emergency and suspension of all civil liberties were extended in the entire department of Lima and Callao. In a brief statement (93-DE/CCFFAA) the government said that the conditions that triggered these harsh measures did not change and it is necessary to preserve and reestablish internal order.

**Lima, November 22** (*Expreso*, Nov. 28, 94). Army Captain Gilmar Valdivieso Rojas who recently served in the Huallaga valley denounced in a TV interview that the high command of the army in Huallaga have been working with narco-traffickers for years. He said that the army not only allowed the drug business into the area and released those traffickers who are captured by the police after big pay-offs, but they also frequently use army helicopters to transport raw materials for the processing of cocaine. General Eduardo Bellido (Military attache to Israel and close to general Nicolas De Bari Hermosa Rios) was identified as the lead drug trafficker in the Huallaga, along with the former commander of the army base in Tocache, Miguel Najar, Capts. Antonio Saldana and Capt. Alfredo Infante, Adolfo Bernuy and Alfredo Prado. In Uchiza, army Captains Oswaldo Delgado, Esteban Abad from the base of Tarapoto, Capt. German Flores Huaman, Capt. Cayo from Bellavista, Jaime Siura Flores. Commander Rodriguez Cateriano, Capt. Carlos Chacon; in Campanilla, Capt. Franco de la Cuba; in Pizana, Capt. Genaro Serrano; in Aucayacu Capt. Cromwell Espinoza, Elvis Revilla and the private Alejandro Cacho "Morgan" (*Expreso*, 11/28/94).

**November 23** (*Expreso*). On Nov 17 in San Jose Bajo, Huallaga, an army patrol clashed with members of the PCP resulting in the death of Sergeant Juan Upiachihua. Another clash occurred on Nov. 19 in Juanjui, the army did not report its casualties, but reported that three PCP combatants were captured in combat.

**November 25** (*Expreso*). Interior Minister, army general Juan Briones Davila, said that Fujimori's wish to "wipe out subversion" by July 28, 1995 will be met. He said that "Sendero dissidents are still acting," "capitulations have surged."

**Lima, November 25** (*El Comercio*). Army Captain Falconi Alvarez and Maj. Evaristo Castillo who denounced with documentary evidence the involvement of the leadership of the army in Huallaga in narcotrafficking left the country. They were under death threats by the intelligence operatives of the army and SIN. After their public statements, they were dismissed from the army "for disobeying orders." In addition, August del Rio, a former U.S. DEA agent reaffirmed his report of 1993 in which he stated that the Peruvian army in Huallaga was heavily involved in the drug

business since 1990. The priest, Rev. Fermin Cantabrama of Juanjui, also come forward with his report, he stated in 1993 that officers of the army in the bases of Juanjui, Bellavista and Saposoa provides protection to narcotraffickers.

**Ayacucho, November 26** (*La Republica*). In its latest offensive in Ayacucho, PCP combatants clashed with paramilitary peasant rondas in Leoncio Prado. At least 8 ronda members in Yanacancha were executed in combat. The army reported that a battalion of 60 PCP combatants are in the sector known as La Morada.

**Tocache, November 26** (*La Republica*). A contingent of the PCP clashed with the army in La Morada-Zone A, in the province of Marañon. Then the PCP took over the districts of Nuevo Progreso, Yanajanca in Tocache. Two police members and a paramilitary were killed in combat.

**Huancabamba, November 25** (*La Republica*). Although Fujimori has claimed that Huancabamba was completely pacified and the State of emergency was lifted, PCP combatants killed several *ronderos* in combat during the last few days. The combats were reported in the village of Cordova where the head of the paramilitary Amado Cruz Berneo was killed in combat. Thereafter, the same contingent of Maoists supported and greeted by the population, took over the village.

**Madrid, December** EFE news agency. Some 800 policemen and soldiers conducted "search" and "seizure" operations in the Huaycan shantytown, regarded by the authorities as a "red zone", and arrested some 100 people. The army, as well as the National Police, have stepped up their counter-insurgency operations in Lima after PCP combatants blew up a high-tension pylon in this capital on Tuesday 29th November, and perpetrated a bomb attack against the Development Corporation in Callao Port. On Thursday December 1st, the police carried out a series of operations in the Huanta, Huscaran and San Juan de Lurigancho districts in Lima, where hundreds of civilians were arrested. The security forces are on "red alert" because on Saturday December 3rd, Abimael Guzman, the leader of the Maoist PCP celebrates his 60th birthday. In November, *El Mundo*, a new pro-government paper citing national intelligence sources, reported that the PCP had formed a new organization called "New Network" [Spanish: Nueva Red], which will replace the "People's Aid of Peru." Like the "People's Aid of Peru", the "New Network" recruits members for the "People's Liberation Army", as well as forming "combat committees in the urban areas" according to the same sources. Another PCP plan is to "surround the prisons to apply the PCP's escape policy." "New Network" also proposes to continue working in the legal labor organizations, especially within the General Confederation of Peruvian Workers, CGTP. According to the same newspaper, in documents obtained by the Peruvian naval intelligence service, the "New Network" criticizes the "capitulation" of a few

jailed former PCP members and their relatives outside, following the peace proposal made by Fujimori.

Moreover, the Lima daily *El Comercio* today states that PCP groups in the central Peruvian jungle area have clashed with the army on 27th November, the army arrested (“rescued”) 196 peasants living in PCP controlled area. The army stated that a PCP leader nicknamed “Omar” headed a column of some 200 subversives.

Fujimori’s claim that once his mandate is over in July 1995, “terrorism” will have been fully eliminated from Peru, is seen to be no more than a good dream.

Lima, November 15 (*El Peruano*). In the face of the advances of the People’s War, the government renewed the state of emergency in the Department of Cusco for an additional 60 days. This measure, the army says, is to “facilitate” the operations against the Maoists of the PCP. The curfew and total suspension of civil liberties for all population cover the provinces of Paruro, Acomayo, Chumbivilcas, Canas y Canchis will continue.

**Villa El Salvador, Lima, January 18, 1995** (*La Republica*). The political police SIN reported that it has clashed with guerrillas of the PCP and has “captured” several “terrorists.”

**Ayacucho, Castillo Grande, January 18, 1995** (*La Republica*). Subversive actions have intensified with the seizure by the Maoist “terrorists” of police stations on Jan. 12 and the attack on the main counterinsurgency army garrison No. 313.

**Junin, January 22, 1995** (*Expreso*). Two soldiers were killed and several were wounded by a guerrilla ambush in Tincabeni, Valley Ene, on the border of Ayacucho and Junin.

**Lima, January 26, 1995** (*La Republica*). Although the government claims “the country has been pacified”, about half of the Peruvian population lives under state of emergency, deprived of all their civil and human rights. This includes the capital Lima and its provinces, Callao, the departments of San Martin, Pasco, Ayacucho, Apurimac, Huancavelica, Huanuco, Cusco among others. More than 10,258,826 Peruvians live under military occupation.

**Agencias, Lima, January, 1995**. Important revelations about the level of corruption in Peru’s government were revealed as a result of the capture of Carlos Manrique in Miami, the culprit of a major banking scandal in Peru (CLAE). High government officials of Fujimori among them Absalom Vasquez, Dante Cordova, Blacker Miller and Jorge Chavez were involved in the multimillion scam.

Jorge Chavez was the former president of the National Central Reserve Bank (Banco Central de Reserva) and ex-personal secretary to Fujimori. Victor Diaz Lau, until recently secretary of Fujimori was partner of Manrique. In September 1993 CLAE illegally moved 900 million dollars out of the country, 350,000 depositors were robbed. At the

same time, Susana Higuchi, wife of Fujimori denounced that a former prime minister of Fujimori, Oscar de la Puente Raigada received \$100,000 in one single bribe from a deal of a privatized public company. De la Puente now lives in New York City and has recently purchased a \$300,000 house in cash. Another revelation was the fact that in 27 provinces more than 70% of children had T.B.

**Lima, February 9, 1995** (*El Comercio*). Carlos Torres y Torres, a government spokesman and member of Congress (CCD) stated that the “gentlemen’s agreement” arranged with Ecuador was beneficial to the country. He said: “Peru has expelled all Ecuadorian soldiers without any cost in life and property. Our military forces were very much dispersed because of the fight against subversion. To continue the war in those conditions, would have meant our total destruction. Therefore, the diplomatic solution was vital.”

**[Editor’s Note:** This shows clearly the PCP’s contention that the frequent “conflicts with Ecuador” are generated and used to divert attention from the social and economic crisis facing the reactionary regimes in Peru to solve their internal problems, in the case of Peru against the People’s War. This also shows that Ecuador has been taking full advantage of the civil war to gradually invade Peruvian territory.]

**Special Research** of *The New Flag*: Transcript of CBS Television Network, “In the Pay of the CIA, an American Dilemma” (March 13, 1967). We came across this important document based on an interview by Mike Wallace of CBS with Allen Dulles CIA director at the time. This is one of the few times that the recipients of CIA funds in Latin America and in the world were officially listed. Among the well known CIA-links such as National Council of Churches, International Federation of Journalists, etc. appeared one that very few knew: The Peasant Federation of Puno-Peru (Frente Departamental de Campesinos de Puno FDCP ). This peasant federation has been historically controlled by the catholic church and the United Left (PUM). The “peasant” leader for several years was the Trotskyist Hugo Blanco. Blanco now lives in Sweden.

### *The New Flag Shines On Internet*

Despite the cry of reactionaries, the continuous sabotage of lackeys of U.S. imperialism, agents of the political police of Fujimori (fujicops) who for years have dominated the internet, *The New Flag* is now available by e-mail. Thanks to a principled stand on free speech by our provider New York Transfer, we have soundly defeated the fascist forces who tried to silence us. Since September 1994, *The New Flag*, voice of the oppressed people of Peru, is in “cyberspace” available throughout the world. We are waging a relentless ideological struggles not only against the reactionary garbage of senderologists but are also combating with powerful

ideas reactionaries everywhere. From now on, subscribers can request articles or the entire issue via e-mail. The articles include selections from latest PCP books, announcements, and international directives, to features from *El Diario-Lima*, *Diario Internacional*, MPP publications, Committee Sol Peru, and the communist parties supportive of the People's War. To obtain information by e-mail send a message to: [lquispe@nyxfer.blythe.org](mailto:lquispe@nyxfer.blythe.org). You can submit articles or highlights on any revolutionary struggle to *The New Flag* for publication.

### **Materials On The People's War In Peru Available Through *The New Flag***

#### DOCUMENTS

1. "Reaffirm and Uphold the Basis of Party Unity and the Seizure of Power" [Reafirmarse en las Bases de Unidad Partidaria (BUP) y la Conquista del Poder], Documento del Comité Central (CC) del PCP, February 1994.
2. Summary of PCP Political Position [Fundamentos Políticos]. Citas del III Pleno, PCP Central Committee, June 1994.
3. Peace Accords: Reactionary, Liquidationist and Divisive Slander. Communique of the PCP's Northern Regional Committee, March 1994.
4. Declaration of the PCP Central Committee, October 7, 1993.
5. International Directive to the Peru's People Movement, Sol Peru Committees, and solidarity groups. PCP Central Committee, December 1, 1993.
6. Accords of the III Plenum of PCP's Central Committee, August, 1993.
7. Poem. Gonzalo Thought, Guarantee of Victory until Communism. PCP Base-Ayacucho, June 1994.
8. Glory to the Day of Heroic Resistance, on the First Anniversary of the Genocide of Cantagrande, by Socorro Popular de Peru (Peru's Peoples Aid), May 1993.
9. Let the Strategic Equilibrium Shake up the Country! Central Committee, 1991. (60 p.).
10. 1991: The Decade of Victory, Great Conditions for the Leap Forward from the Strategic Equilibrium. December 1991.
11. Elections, No, People's War, Yes! PCP Central Committee, May 1990 (192 pages).
12. Construct the Conquest of Power in the Midst of the People's War! (Central Committee, II Plenum), February 1991 (39 pages).
13. The Two Hills (Sobre las dos Colinas), Analysis on the balance of the III Campaign, Central Committee, December 1991.
14. On the Rectification Campaign with "Elections, No, People's War, Yes!", Central Committee, August 1991 (43 pages).
15. On the Construction of the Party, Central Committee, 1992. (13 pages).
16. The Interview of the Century. Chairman Gonzalo grants his interview to *El Diario-Lima*. 1988 (138 pages)
15. The PCP and Maoism, Central Committee, December 1987. (95 pages)
16. Fundamental Documents. i) On Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, ii) on Gonzalo Thought, iii) Program and Statutes, iv) General Political Line, Central Committee, 1988.
17. The Party, the People's War and the Electoral Boycot. PCP Central Committee, 1989. (195 pages)
18. The Day of Heroism, Third Anniversary. Central Committee, June 1989. (Text and graphics 85 pages)
19. Glory to the Day of Heroic Resistance, Central Committee, June 1987. (110 pages)
20. Develop the People's War Serving the World Proletarian Revolution. PCP Central Committee, August 1986. (83 p.)
21. Develop the Guerrilla Warfare! Central Committee, 1982. (28 pages)
22. No to Elections, Generalize the Guerrilla Warfare to Conquest Power for the People. Central Committee, 1985. (16 p.)
23. Resolution of the PCP. Central Committee, December 1992.
24. Directives of May 1991 to Metropolitan Lima. Central Committee, 1991.
25. Revolutionary Internationalist Movement, Announcement for May 1st, 87. Reproduced by the PCP.
26. Letters and Denouncements by PCP Prisoners of War and Political Prisoners after the genocide of May 1992. (24 p.)
27. Communiques of the Urban Support Basis calling for the Armed strike of May 17-19, 1993. Movement of Revolutionary Workers and the Proletariat (Movimiento de Obreros Y Trabajadores Clasistas M.O.T.C.) calling for the Armed Strike of May 18, 1987.
28. Honor and Glory to the Proletariat and the People of Peru. Communique on the 10th anniversary of the People's War. PCP Central Committee, 1990.
29. Denouncement presented by the Peruvian Democratic Lawyers against the Government of Peru at the OAS Inter-American Human Rights Commission on behalf of the Political Prisoners and Prisoners of War. (31 p.)
30. A selection of Poems and Songs in tribute to the People's War. January 1984.
31. For the New Flag. 1979 speech by Chairman Gonzalo launching the People's War.

## Our Readers Write

**CANADA:** 10/29/94. Message from Comité de Solidarité avec La Revolution au Perou c/o Socialist Action, Montreal  
Dear Friends,

We will distribute *The New Flag* in Montreal. Keep up the Struggle and warm regards.

CSRP.

**COLOMBIA:** Article Published by *Contradiccion*, a Marxist-Leninist-Maoist newsletter in Bogota, Colombia (November 15, 1995.) The phoney "PCP directive" and "secret documents" manufactured by the intelligence services are dangerous poisons that seeks capitulation. We, supporters of the People's War resolves, 1) to condemn those treacherous slanders cooked up by world reaction and right opportunism, 2) our full support to the PCP Central Committee that have rightfully and correctly resolved this challenge presented by the reactionary regime of Fujimori, 3) to raise high the international support to the PCP so as to create favorable public opinion to benefit the triumph of the revolution nationwide.

**ITALY:** Materiali-ROSSOPERAIO, Giornale Comunista, December 1994.

1995 Year of Re-launching the Support to the People's War in Peru. Against the tyrannical regime of Fujimori-USA, Against the Capitulators and "Peace Accords." We support *El Diario Internacional*, voice of the oppressed people in Peru. Cut the censorship of *El Diario Internacional*. Complete edition of *El Diario Internacional* in Italian is available from Rossaperaoi. Keep up the Struggle!

**TEXAS, USA:** 12/25/94, prisoner Ana Lucia Gelabert. Greetings to the PCP from this Cuban Revolutionary. I congratulate very much on your success. I was extremely pleased with the contents of *The New Flag*. I read with tremendous interest. Here from the belly of the beast I convey my unconditional support to the People's War. Like in the past when our leaders Mariategui (the founder of the PCP) and Mella (founder of the Cuban CP) were comrades and friends, the people of Cuba and Peru are tied by their history, struggle and common enemy. We Cubans know the pain that have caused in the peoples of the world the capture of Chairman Gonzalo, but the people's war can't be stopped but continued until total victory because there is no other alternative...Let's look in the mirror to those who have surrendered: The FMLN, M-19, Sandinistas...With imperialism it can't be accommodations or reconciliations. Either we struggle to the end or they will murder us mercilessly if we surrender. Once again, I offer my full solidarity to the PCP's Central Committee to continue the People's War until seizure of power countrywide. Patria o Muerte, Venceremos!

**FREIBURG, GERMANY:** 1/10/95. Journal "Qatarisum Lliu" Freundeskreis "Edith Lagos" c/o Jos Fritz, Wilhelmstr. 15, 79098 Freiburg, Germany. Here are the documents of the MPP-North America in German. Our greetings to *The New Flag*. Murals on the streets of Freiburg reads: Victory to the People's War in Peru! No to Capitulation! The poster of the declaration of support to the PCP from the political prisoners from Europe and the US can be read on the walls of Germany...We need more literature to distribute in Germany, Switzerland and Austria. We are working to clear out some confusion by capitulators in a Maoist group in Berlin, and will continue the ideological struggle against pernicious influence of revisionist Peruvian group "Patria Roja" on the M-L Party of Germany. The interview of Chairman Gonzalo in the German language is circulating. Revolutionary greetings.

Unterstützt Den Volkskrieg in Peru!

Schulub mit Folter und Ernordung der Politischen Gefangenen!

Verteidigt das Leben von Gonzalo! Stoppt das Legale Lynchen!

Free Mumia Abu-Jamal!

Yankee go home!

**BOGOTA, COLOMBIA:** Grupo Comunista Revolucionario/RIM. 12/21/94. Greeting to *The New Flag*. Here is some of our work...our ideology and our internationalist position. Convey to our comrades of the PCP our tireless struggle in support of the People's War. We will put Maoism as lead and guidance of the world proletarian revolution (...) Down with capitulation and the silence tactic! Victory to the People's War in Peru!

**[Editor's Note:** In Colombia, there have been several activities, paintings and posters in support of the PCP in 1994: In Bucaramanga, National University of Bogota, Universidad Industrial de Santander of Bucaramanga, Universidad Distrital Bogota, posters in the streets of Medellin, Universidad of Antioquia-Medellin.]

**MADRID, SPAIN: Ediciones Insignia Roja.** Greetings to the great publication *The New Flag*. Your information is right on target and genuine. We are, however, quite concerned with the article on the RCP-USA: "With these kind of friends, who needs enemies." First, We want to state our position: We are resolutely against the so-called "peace accords" mounted by the CIA on behalf of the murderous regime of Fujimori. Their intent is clear: Divide and weaken the international support to the PCP. But the overwhelming actions of the People's War led by the PCP's CC have smashed their dreams: The struggle continues! We also denounced the cowardly tactic of remaining silent which gives a subtle approval to such counter-revolutionary traps. We are appalled that the Committee of the RIM and RCP-USA have taken the later tactic. It is a fact that the RIM

Committee does not publish the PCP Declaration of October 7, 1993 nor other PCP documents condemning capitulation. The only issue we do not agree with *The New Flag* is the use of some adjectives that goes beyond the Maoist style to criticize the RCP-USA: "In the present circumstances, there are a number of important divergences on principle within the International Communist Movement. Although those divergences may be serious, we should seek their solution calmly and patiently in order to consolidate and fortify our forces against the common enemy." [Reply from the CC of the Chinese CP to the CC of the Soviet CP, 3/30/63. Foreign language editions, Peking 1973, p.2.] We disagree with your criticisms to the RCP-USA.

In the Spanish State, the support to the People's War in Peru has been expanding steadily. There are support committees in Catalunya, Galicia, Euzkadi, Madrid, etc.) In 1994, there were two National Conference of Supporters to the PCP. These successful events were held on January and November 1994.

**PARIS, FRANCE:** Nov. 3, 1994. Atelier de Estudios Franco-Peruanos (AEFP). Dear Comrades. First, under the Maoist principle of unity-struggle-unity we convey our revolutionary greetings for your great publication *The New Flag* No. 3. There are very substantive and meaningful articles. The role of *The New Flag* in the struggle is the concrete response of the people in support of the PCP and a blow to the plans of capitulation and treachery of the opportunists that now work hand-in-hand with the genocidal government of Fujimori. Second, as part of the struggle of two lines we would like to criticize your article on the RCP-USA: "With these Allies, Who Needs Enemies." Although we believe that some of your points are legitimate, you place the RCP-USA in the reactionary camp with which we respectfully disagree. We have not taken a position on this issue. But we would like to point out the following points: 1) Contradictions among our organizations should be dealt with as contradictions among the people and by internal channels, 2) let the CC take the final decision on the RCP's duplicitous tactic. We should base ourselves on the Maoist principle: fight with reason, always on the offensive but without excesses, 3) Chairman Gonzalo has delineated the Party's position with regard to the Revolutionary International Movement (RIM), notwithstanding RIM's limitations and hegemonistic tendencies. [see documents, interview of PG and the international line] PG said: "We are aware that the problems are complex and difficult, but as communists we are prepared for this type of journeys." We are concerned that the MPP in USA may follow the same practices of using harsh criticisms against liberal and democratic tendencies that may be still in the people's side. Practices that have isolated and eventually liquidated the right opportunists in Paris and Stockholm. Unity: We will continue

to send our writings and research for the future editions of *The New Flag*.

**[Editor's Note:** We believe that the MPPs must take a position on the revisionist line of the Committee of RIM and the RCP-USA. That will strengthen our movement. We know the RCP. We do not criticize them for what they published in their paper that may fool some intellectuals abroad. We are against its practice that can't go beyond a liberal and social-democratic agenda. Mao taught us that he who has not investigated has no right to speak. You seem not to understand the ideological positions of the RCP-USA. And to apologize for the obvious rightist deviation of the Committee of the RIM, like a couple of intellectuals do in USA, does a disservice to the international communist movement, specially to the People's War. To those who claim we are too rough towards revisionism we will answer with Mariategui: "We are politically opposed to reformism. We are revolutionary. We [I] shall never understand the other political sector: that of mediocre social democrats, of domesticated socialism, of farcical democracy. Furthermore, if revolution demands violence, authority, discipline. We accept them as a block with all their terrors, and without cowardly reservations." [Mariategui, letter to Samuel Glusberg, *Trinchera*, pp. 45-6]

"It is not necessary to expressly state that *Amauta* is not open to all spiritual currents...We make no concessions to the generally treacherous criteria of the tolerance of ideas. For us, there are good ideas and bad ideas." [Mariategui, a compilation by Carlos Altamirano, *El Marxismo*, p. 9]

**Puerto Rico, San Juan.** I agree with your tough reply to the RCP-USA in the third issue of *The New Flag*. We Puerto Ricans have a very bad experience with the white "left" in the mainland. Aside from this, we are very concerned why you have not replied in kind the gross misrepresentations against the PCP from the revisionist group Spanish Communist Party (PCE-r) in its paper *Resistance*. Saludos. An independentista & supporter of the People's War.

**[Editor's Note:** This reader is right. Although we received several papers for publication refuting the groundless assertions on the PCP by the revisionist group PCE(r), "Arenas: Maoism and caricature of Maoism," we have not published them for lack of space. The PCE(r) and GRAPO have carried out few armed actions in Spain and we have maintained friendly relations with them. The PCP has a favorable position on groups like them who have risen up in arms in Europe regardless of their political line. The fundamental problem with the PCE(r) is precisely their ideological weakness which are very inconsistent and erratic. At the beginning they claimed to be Maoists, to soon thereafter become staunch supporters of Soviet revisionism until the time of Gorvachev. In 1990, their CC published a book, *GRAPO, The Children of Mao*, p. 206 They stated: "We

can not agree with the line applied by the Senderistas... we think revolution will come from Germany not from a poor country like Peru... the use of TV by imperialism will be enough to wipe out the Senderistas, like in Nicaragua." In 1992, when the People's War was in the midst of shaking up the old State, its paper Resistance published: "Peru: From Fujishock to Fujicoup" where they were very supportive to the People's War, "...It is important the solidarity with the people of Peru and its vanguard the PCP..." Unless this was a personal opinion of the writer M. Queralt, we do not understand the erratic political behavior of this organization. On the other hand, the internationalist position of GRAPO prisoners of war who have signed the international campaign to save the life of Chairman Gonzalo is admirable. However, the piece written by Arenas trashes their claim that they are "studying and deepening Mao-Tse-tung Thought", quite to the contrary, we believe that by slandering the PCP using the same arguments imperialism uses, they are deepening themselves more and more into revisionism, which is a very fertile ground for them. *The New Flag* has contacted the PCE(r) to clarify its position. We received a weird replied from them: "We have not enough information on the PCP...we recognize the PCP as the vanguard Party leading the Peruvian masses. Our problem is not with the PCP but with its local supporters in Madrid who have not stopped attacking us...we could not keep idle any longer." They continued, "we request the PCP CC discipline its supporters in Madrid." This last statement, indeed, demonstrates their lack of understanding of Marxism-Leninism-Maoism. Thus no further comment is necessary.

**BOSTON, USA, February 5, 1995.** As a long time supporter of the People's War in Peru, I like to comment on the piece: "With these kind of friends who needs enemies", *The New Flag*, No.3)... First, I want to make it clear that I myself have major differences with the RCP on several issues. I criticized RCP's failure to denounce the trap of "peace talks" and their censorship of key PCP documents in its bookstores. Indeed, your charge of an opportunist RCP in that respect is correct. However, your criticism was not principled, it was vituperative and based on inadequate research. You conflated flawed friends [RCP] with consolidated enemies [reaction]...Don't you think that the RCP is conducting a difficult "investigation", and perhaps prevented from taking a position due to an internal struggle? Would you clarify if international supporters are divided and have profound differences among themselves? Is that true the claims of Fujimori that "massive arrests" of PCP militants occurred in Peru? The RCP may be being "cautious" in taking a position, but the IEC and other forces linked to RIM continue to report the advances of the People's War. Aren't the same people who used to support the People's

War in the past who are disputing the validity of PCP documents? The RCP may be confused with all these... Since the inception of the People's War, the RCP has worked in support of the People's War... In denouncing its leadership, accusing it of mercantilism and misrepresenting the nature of documents penned by RCP members or sympathizers, you undermine your positions.

**[Editor's Note:** A number of people have responded to the articles in our previous articles criticizing the RCP-USA's silence on the issue of "Peace accords." Many responses were favorable, but some felt we went too far.

For well over a year the RCP has remained utterly silent on the issue of "Peace Accords" in Peru. It has ignored the various statements on the subject by the PCP, questioning their authenticity in private to those who ask, implying that only they are "authorized" to speak on these matters. If they are conducting a two-line struggle, it is well hidden from the masses. Apparently they want to "keep it in the family." They will only speak on this issue to long time supporters in an effort to maintain that support. Recently, they began to sell a study pack with selected documents from the capitulators and from the PCP, perhaps a belated response to our work.

In the face of this silence, and a refusal to discuss this issue, we published parts of two documents "leaked" to us, to show the underhanded manner in which the RCP is handling this question. The RCP and their supporters sidestep the fact that not taking a position after all this time is in fact taking a position - one of defacto support for the CIA and Fujimori's hoax.

Their latest tactic is to circulate an "Open Letter to the MPP" to their supporters, without bothering to send one to us. They say we refuse to meet with them to discuss our differences on the "peace accords", which is untrue. They use high sounding words about principles and about their great support for the People's War. We ask: where is *El Diario Internacional*? Where is *El Diario* from Lima? Where are the many PCP documents that are available, including many in English? Why no translation or widespread distribution of recent Central Committee documents? Why the long silence in the pages of the RW after the conspicuous tailing after the Zapatistas? Our task is to popularize the line and actions of the PCP. If the RCP doesn't like that, let them say so openly.

For years the RCP has basked in the reflected glory of the People's War. In the absence of a revolutionary practice it has established a certain revolutionary credibility from its public ties to the PCP. T-shirts, posters and buttons are sold to give the semblance of militancy without the substance. To those who say the criticism of merchandising is too harsh, consider the poster the RCP began selling in Decem-



ber 1993 to raise funds, based on a wall mural made by a PCP POW. The artist was a victim of Fujimori's genocide. Does anyone who knows the RCP well think a dime of their profits went to the families of fallen comrades?

In 1980 the RCP signed a joint declaration with a revisionist group in Peru. In 1984, it began to support the People's War. Given their ideological uncertainty, it is not surprising they would support the handful of capitulators who have abandoned principles and split.

It seems to us that they see selling things as a higher priority than mass work. Those who proclaim themselves to be a revolutionary vanguard have an extraordinary obligation to fill in this country. Paper tigers will never be defeated by paper revolutionaries.]

### **Communique of the Peru Solidarity Committee (PSC)- Rhode Island**

**[Editor's Note:** The PSC-Rhode Island has been one of the most active organizations in support of the revolution in the New England area of the U.S. during 1994. The New Flag has received pro-PCP literature and posters in support of the People's War from this organization. An original wall-size poster designed by this PSC has been widely distributed. Here are some extracts from its latest public announcement: ]

"We share your concerns with the actions of the U.S. backed Fujimori dictatorship and its horrendous record of human rights abuses inflicted upon the people of Peru. The deliberate murder of 9 university students and a professor at La Cantuta University at the hands of death squads run by the regime highlights the genocidal nature of Fujimori and his armed forces. In Peru a heroic struggle for dignity and self-determination is being waged by the Peruvian masses against the regime and its U.S. paymasters. This revolution, this mass-based People's War is a watershed in the history of the Americas. It has freed literally millions of Peruvians from their lives of wretched poverty and virtual enslavement at the hands of the powerful landlords, narco-traffickers and greedy capitalists, as well as from the dictates of foreign investment capital such as the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund. The CSP feels this important struggle merits the support of Americans everywhere.

The Peru support committee was recently formed to provide an independent resource for people in the New England area concerned with the political situation in Peru. Our purpose is to lend unqualified support to the right of the people of Peru to liberate themselves from three mountains that afflict them: imperialism, the remnants of feudalism, and bureaucratic capitalism. And thus to counter the U.S. State Department/CIA campaign of slander and disinformation against the PCP, defend the rights of political

prisoners rotting in Peruvian dungeons, and, especially oppose U.S. intervention in Peru. We depend wholly on the people for support.

The Peru Support Committee holds regular mass meetings in communities in the New England area (Rhode Island and Massachusetts). We issue posters, banners, and distribute a wide range of literature in English and Spanish about the People's War in Peru and the new democracy being established throughout the country. We welcome your comments and suggestions.

PSC  
P.O. Box 12  
Valley Falls Rhode Island 02864

### **Statement of the Puerto Rican Prisoner of War (POW) in the United States Edwin Cortes**

Compañeros,

Here in the dungeons of imperialism I am firm in my principles and in my struggle: Luchar por un Puerto Rico Libre y Soberano!!

I send my sincere greetings to the comrades of the Communist Party of Peru and especially to President Gonzalo. I am eager to learn more on the People's War in Peru and on Gonzalo Thought the ideological legate of that great revolutionary fallen in combat. Here is the PCP's document "For The New Flag" in English...I am so please to contribute with my people...Your struggle is my struggle! Future will be ours. For the independence of the mother Land.

**[Editor's Note:** Edwin is a courageous freedom fighter for the independence of Puerto Rico. At a very young age he was already a student activist in Chicago, then a community activist and a militant political leader and combatant "independentista." The FALN was born on Octubre 27, 1974 not only in words or promises but in deeds (with political and military actions). These young POWs have given everything, including their own lives for the independence of their country: Puerto Rico. They are also internationalists and have dedicated some of their activities to the cause of national liberation in other countries. Ideological limitations had allowed the first setbacks in 1978 with several captures and fatigue. In 1980, Edwin and 10 others were captured in Evanston Illinois. In 1983 occurred the last captures of members of this great revolutionary organization. Since then the Puerto Rican struggle has suffered a lack of leadership and ideological strength not only here but in the island. But the struggle continues, Puerto Rico remains a colony and sooner later the people of PR will speak up loud and clear with the only invincible weapon for all oppressed in today's world: The People's War. Although some PR comrades may disagree with us, we support Edwin's and Alberto's request for parole in 1995. It is a

revolutionary tactic to use the bourgeois courts until their full limitations are exhausted. It is not only an opportunity to raise public awareness on the issue but to unmask the farcical jurisdiction of imperialism's laws to the people of Puerto Rico. The examples are clear: In Peru the Association of Democratic lawyers defend PCP's POWs ...as a result even the lawyers were jailed. Germany's fascist courts tried Dimitrov for the burning of the Reichstag, and he was acquitted. Not to use the imperialist laws at this stage of the struggle or not to support their cause now, in practice will mean to abandon the fate of these great patriots who suffer torture in the dungeons of U. S. imperialism.]

## Reactionary Violence and Revolutionary Violence

People all over the world have grown weary of reading the uninformed assertions, deliberately planted in the mainstream media for misinformation purposes, against the Peruvian revolution.

In Peru, in almost fifteen years of hard-fought struggle, all the PCP does is reaffirming (in theory and practice) the science of Marxism-Leninism- Maoism. Karl Marx sustained that violence is the midwife of history. Lenin explained in detail the meaning of revolutionary violence to change a society, to replace one class by another, and to overthrow the old order to build the new order that must be led by the proletariat through Communist Parties. Lenin cited at length the panegyric praise of revolutionary violence by Engels. However, it is Chairman Mao Tsetung who established the universal principle, with no exceptions, for the need of revolutionary violence to resolve fundamental class contradictions by means of an army, through People's War. And this law is applicable everywhere in accordance with the concrete conditions of each society.

War has two aspects, destructive and constructive. For us, the second one is the principal one; not to see it in this manner undermines the revolution. On the one hand the people rise up in arms to overthrow their oppressors, on the other hand the old order seeks to crush, destroy and annihilate the people's struggle, using all the might at their disposal, including genocide. That's what we are seeing now in our country and will continue to see even more until the rotten Peruvian State is demolished.

One aspect of the political and military war unleashed by the reactionaries is the psycho-social one. There is a cynical claim that the Peruvian army has learned to wage "dirty war" from the PCP and the people of Peru. But, in Peru each regime in turn has used its murderous armed forces to annihilate us. Why? Because they know well that we the people led by the heroic PCP will do the same to them, we will sweep them away and eliminate them as a class. The

PCP founder Jose Carlos Mariategui said that only by destroying the old order could a new social order be established. And Mariategui's concept is in complete agreement with what Chairman Mao-Tsetung has stated regarding the People's War: Annihilate the reactionary forces and preserve our own forces. We are absolutely clear that reaction, the present one headed by the butchers Fujimori-Hermeza de Bari, and the ones to come, use and will use genocide against the people. Consequently, this raises the problem of the price we have to pay in this war. A price in blood, the need to sacrifice a part for the triumph of the People's War. What does imperialism and native reaction think about our People's War? They claim it is terrorism. Our response to them is simple: Isn't it true that Yankee imperialism, through its entire history, has branded all revolutionary movements in the world as terrorists? The label of "terrorist" with respect to the PCP is completely unjustified and not supported by any evidence at all. It is an attempt to discredit and isolate the PCP in Peru and in the entire world. That's their dream. It is not only Yankee imperialism that uses this tactic to combat revolutionaries in arms, there are other imperialist powers including social-imperialism and revisionists who do the same. Isn't that true that now the reactionary Yeltsin is using the "struggle against terrorism" to combat secessionists or nationalists in Chechnya? Who is the real terrorist the people or their oppressors who blatantly bomb entire populations? Let us recall what Lenin wrote: "Long live the pioneers of the people's revolutionary army! It is no longer a plot against some detested individual, no acts of vengeance or desperation, no mere intimidation. It was a well thought-out and well prepared series of military operations done by a contingent of the revolutionary army." "Fortunately, the time is over when social violence was 'made' by individual terrorists and when people were not revolutionary. The bomb has ceased to be the weapon of the solitary idealist bomb thrower, and has become an essential weapon of the revolutionary people."

Lenin taught us that the times had changed, that the bomb (in Peru, la bendita dinamita) had become a weapon of combat for our class, for the people, that what we were talking about is no longer a conspiracy, an isolated individual act, but the actions of the Communist Party of Party, with a political plan, with a system, with a revolutionary army. So, where is the imputed terrorism? It is a pure slander. Then, who uses terrorism? The reactionaries use it repeatedly as a mean to combat us, the armed forces of the exploitative and oppressive system use terrorism on a daily basis. Terrorism has been used by the Peruvian State over and over again. The label of "terrorist" fits the genocidal armed forces of Peru like a glove.

They call acts "terrorist" to hide the existence of a genuine People's War that is shaking up Peru countrywide

and that has become the number one problem facing the Peruvian State. Can "terrorism" achieve the successes of the People's War, the stage of strategic equilibrium after almost 15 years of hard-fought revolution? No. Absolutely no. Moreover, no one now denies that a Communist Party is successfully leading the People's War. Some reactionaries said: "Well, it is over, the regime has captured Chairman Gonzalo, the leader of the revolution, it is a new situation and a time for capitulation via peace accords." They were dreaming. That position was perfectly true for revisionist groups built top-down, but not for a Party ingrained in millions of people that is leading a People's War. That explains the current development of the People's War in Peru.

The principle of revolutionary violence is an issue that must be reaffirmed by genuine communists and revolutionaries in the world. The problem of revolutionary violence must be linked to the issue of how to actually launch, develop and complete a People's War. Chairman Mao-Tsetung provided the proletariat with the theory and practice of People's War that is universally valid but only applicable in accordance with the character of the revolution and adapted to the specific conditions of each country.

### **Revolutionary Violence in Peru as Compared to Other Countries**

In Peru, the conditions in which the People's War is evolving is very clear. It is a struggle that is waged in both the countryside and the cities, as was established in the PCP's military line of 1968. This is a specific condition of Peru. In Latin America, for example, there are larger cities comparable to those in other continents. It is a reality that can not be ignored. Lima has a high percentage of Peru's total population and it is its main industrial center. Therefore, the city can not be left aside, and the war is being developed there as well. But the struggle in the countryside is principal, the struggle in the city a necessary complement. There is another particularity for Peru, from 1980 to 1982 we confronted the police, the armed forces played only a support role and studied the development of the People's War. The actions of the PCP created a power vacuum and there was a need to establish a New Power without having defeated large armed forces because for political reasons they had not come into the war. Later on they did come because the PCP has established People's Power. If the PCP had applied the letter and not the spirit of Maoism, the PCP should not have been able to establish the New Power and they would have been waiting for the armed forces to come in. Does this makes the People's War in Peru different from other struggles in Latin America? Yes, it does. We carry out People's War. For example, in Cuba there was no People's War, but they had other particularities which they have now

intentionally forgotten. In the past, they used to say Cuba was an exceptional case (Che Guevara), because of the fact that U.S. imperialism did not take part. In addition, there was no Communist Party there to provide leadership. These are questions of Cubanism and its five characteristics: an insufficient class differentiation which demanded that saviors save the oppressed; socialist revolution or a caricature of revolution; united front but without the national bourgeois; no need for Base Areas; and no need for a Party. This model has been imitated and completely failed in other parts of Latin America; the case of Central America is a good example. Another particularity of the People's War in Peru concerns independence, self-reliance, and making our own decisions. Because others do not have these characteristics, they are used as pawns, while we are not. And the biggest difference is that we take Marxism-Leninism-Maoism, Gonzalo Thought as our guide, others do not.

### **The Cases of Cuba and Nicaragua**

The people of Nicaragua carried out an incomplete revolution. Their main problem was that they did not completely destroy the power of the big bourgeoisie. Anyone who was anti-Somoza was in the Front. A genuine democratic revolution must wipe out the three mountains that oppress the people, which was not done in Nicaragua. The entire revolution was developed within the Cuban framework, slightly readjusted, which has led in the end to a dependency on the former Soviet Union and therefore, an issue that was negotiated between the "super-powers." Thus, the fate of Nicaragua, Afghanistan, the Middle East, El Salvador, Angola, Cuba and other countries were discussed, manipulated, and "settled" in conversations between representatives of the then two superpowers. In Nicaragua there was a need to develop the democratic revolution completely, and this task demanded a People's War. They did not break their dependence with the former social imperialist superpower. Therefore, they did not take their class interests in their own hands, they negotiated power in a "facade" of elections in exchange for petty interests (la pinata), they did not have a Communist Party nor were their leaders communists. But let us be clear that the heroic people of Nicaragua has nothing to do with the treacherous leadership of the FSLN, those putrid and corrupt individuals who sold-out the Sandinista revolution to Yankee imperialism (the Ortegas, Borge, Ramirez, etc.) The people of Nicaragua who defeated Somoza had demonstrated a great fighting spirit, and they certainly deserve a genuine revolution, sooner or later they will take their destiny into their own hands and will raise up again in arms, but this time with People's War without the patronage of any power, whether it be nearby or a distant one.

How about Cuba? Concretely, the government of Cuba played a faithful role in the service of the former Soviet Union, not only in Latin America, but also in Angola, for example, and in other places. Cuba changed hands, from one master to another, by a process called by the same Cuban leaders as "exceptional." Where will this exceptional relationship with social imperialism lead after the collapse of its former master the Soviet Union? To negotiate the terms of an imminent return to the arms of the "old master" Yankee imperialism. The gradual but effective return of private capitalism in joint ventures with State capitalism in detriment to the Cuban people is a reality that cannot be hidden any longer. Moreover, it leads to close relationships (providing military assistance and counterinsurgency intelligence in exchange for economic aid), with despicable regimes where revolutions are taking place, such as the genocidal government of Fujimori. That's what Castro calls real politics (*politica realista*), the "return to the family of latin democracies", meaning to the group of virtual puppets of Yankee imperialism (one among the Menems, Fujimoris, Freis, etc.) The Cuban leadership has completely ignored the class struggle as a starting point. In 1988 they prepared their last "recipe" for "Latin Revolutions", a document of the Cuban leaders which was widely circulated in military and revisionist circles in Peru: "Socialist Revolution and Caricature of Revolution," describing how to uphold a one stage revolution in the oppressed countries; a united front without the national bourgeois; no need for a Communist Party, which means dismissing the leadership of the proletariat; and the negation of the People's War and rejecting the need for Base Areas. These ill-fated principles were their last attempt to form surrogate groups in Latin America. Now, they are in collusion with U.S. made "democracies" in Latin America who on behalf of Castro plead to their master Clinton to "lift the embargo" to exploit better the Cuban masses.

Cuba had a big responsibility in America, because it provided hope. And we must support the Cuban people in confronting Yankee imperialism. But we must remember the record of the Castro regime. In 1970, Castro said that the strategy of armed struggle had failed, and he sought to abandon what he had encouraged and supported in Latin America. Douglas Bravo of Venezuela confronted him, countering that the strategy has not failed, but Castro's tactics had. Unfortunately, Bravo, later on capitulated. In the 70's and 80's the ill-fated ideas of Castro propagated as "revolutionary developments" by Moscow and Havana generated a lot of confusion in the Americas. All these ideas were readjusted to the economical and military interests in Latin America of his social imperialism masters (Krutchev, Andropov, Chernenko, and Gorbachov.) Also, in the 70's in Lima in a stop on his trip to Chile, Castro announced his

support to the fascist military regime of general Velasco Alvarado, Castro said: "If I was a Peruvian, I would support general Velasco". It was clear that Castro was acting on behalf of Moscow. A close military tie between with the military regime followed. The support of Castro to the counter-insurgency campaign began during the regime of Garcia Perez and has intensified during the government of Fujimori. The details of such relationship announced with fanfare in Gramma and radio La Havana and other "military aid" to the tyrant which were not reported will be the focus of a future article. As a pathetic example, on December 1994, the Commander of the Peruvian Armed Forces, general De Bari Hermoza along with a group of SIN (Peruvian CIA) were special guests of Raul Castro and the Chief of Cuban military intelligence.

Despite the action of revisionists and traitors, Latin America is now ripe for People's War, and that is its historical road. We Latin Americans have a historical role to play. We are what the arrogant U. S. imperialists call its "backyard." We also have an importance for the world which will grasp in the practice the triumph of the powerful ideology of today's proletariat: Marxism, Leninism, Maoism, mainly Maoism. The forging of Communist Parties will carry out People's War as part of the world revolution.

We will reach 500 million at the end of the this century, there is much that unites us, and we must work together because of this closeness, which does not mean that we can detach ourselves from the world revolution. Peru is not enough. Latin America is not enough. Communism is for the whole world or for no one.

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