

**PEOPLE OF THE WORLD,
UNITE AND DEFEAT
THE U.S. AGGRESSORS
AND ALL THEIR
RUNNING DOGS!**

China Reconstructs (Extra Issue), May 1970



The great leader Chairman Mao at the Peking rally supporting the struggle of the world's people against U.S. imperialism.

U.S. IMPERIALISM WILL BE DEFEATED!

PEOPLE OF THE WORLD WILL WIN!

PEOPLE OF THE WORLD UNITE AND DEFEAT THE U.S. AGGRESSORS AND ALL THEIR RUNNING DOGS!

MAOTSETUNG

Ma20, 1970

A new upsurge in the struggle against U.S. imperialism is now emerging throughout the world. Ever since World War II, U.S. imperialism and its followers have been continuously launching wars of aggression and the people in various countries have been continuously waging revolutionary wars to defeat the aggressors. The danger of a new world war still exists, and the people of all countries must get prepared. But revolution is the main trend in the world today.

Unable to win in Viet Nam and Laos, the U.S. aggressors treacherously engineered the reactionary coup d'état by the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique, brazenly dispatched their troops to invade Cambodia and resumed the bombing of north Viet Nam, and this has aroused the furious resistance of the three Indo-Chinese peoples. I warmly support the fighting spirit of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, in opposing U.S. imperialism and its lackeys. I warmly support the Joint Declaration of the Summit Conference of the Indo-Chinese Peoples. I warmly support the establishment of the Royal Government of National Union under the Leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea. Strengthening their unity, supporting each other and persevering in a protracted people's war, the three Indo-Chinese peoples will certainly overcome all difficulties and win complete victory.

While massacring the people in other countries, U.S. imperialism is slaughtering the white and black people in its own country. Nixon's fascist atrocities have kindled the raging flames of the revolutionary mass movement in the United States. The Chinese people firmly support the revolutionary struggle of the American people. I am convinced that the American people who are fighting valiantly will ultimately win victory and that the fascist rule in the United States will inevitably be defeated.

The Nixon government is beset with troubles internally and externally, with utter chaos at home and extreme isolation abroad. The mass movement of protest against U.S. aggression in Cambodia has swept the globe. Less than ten days after its establishment, the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia was recognized by nearly 20 countries. The situation is getting better and better in the war of resistance against U.S. aggression and for national salvation waged by the people of Viet Nam, Laos and Cambodia. The revolutionary armed struggles of the people of the Southeast Asian countries, the struggles of the people of Korea, Japan and other Asian countries against the revival of Japanese militarism by the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries, the struggles of the Palestinian and other Arab peoples against the U.S.-Israeli aggressors, the national liberation struggles of the Asian, African and Latin American peoples, and the revolutionary struggles of the peoples of North America, Europe and Oceania are all developing vigorously. The Chinese people firmly support the people of the three Indo-Chinese countries and of other countries of the world in their revolutionary struggles against U.S. imperialism and its lackeys.

U.S. imperialism, which looks like a huge monster, is in essence a paper tiger, now in the throes of its death-bed struggle. In the world of today, who actually fears whom? It is not the Vietnamese people, the Laotian people, the Cambodian people, the Palestinian people, the Arab people or the people of other countries who fear U.S. imperialism; it is U.S. imperialism which fears the people of the world. It becomes panic-stricken at the mere rustle of leaves in the wind. Innumerable facts prove that a just cause enjoys abundant support while an unjust cause finds little support. A weak nation can defeat a strong, a small nation can defeat a big. The people of a small country can certainly defeat aggression by a big country, if only they dare to rise in struggle, take up arms and grasp in their own hands the destiny of their country. This is a law of history.

People of the world, unite and defeat the U.S. aggressors and all their running dogs!

Peking Holds Grand Rally in Support of World People's Struggle Against U.S. Imperialism

Our Great Leader Chairman Mao and His Close Comrade-in-Arms Vice-Chairman Lin Attend the Rally

CHAIRMAN MAO, the great teacher of the proletariat and the great leader of the Chinese people, and his close comrade-in-arms Vice-Chairman Lin Piao attended Peking's May 21 grand rally in support of the struggle of the people of the world against U.S. imperialism. Half a million army-

men and civilians turned out in Tien An Men Square for the occasion.

Vice-Chairman Lin Piao read out Chairman Mao's solemn statement of May 20, "People of the World, Unite and Defeat the U.S. Aggressors and All Their Running Dogs!" Shouting slogans at the top

of their voices, the revolutionary masses showed firm support and response to Chairman Mao's great militant call. They condemned U.S. imperialism's towering crimes of aggression against Cambodia and expansion of its war of aggression in Indo-China. They voiced the solid support of the 700 million

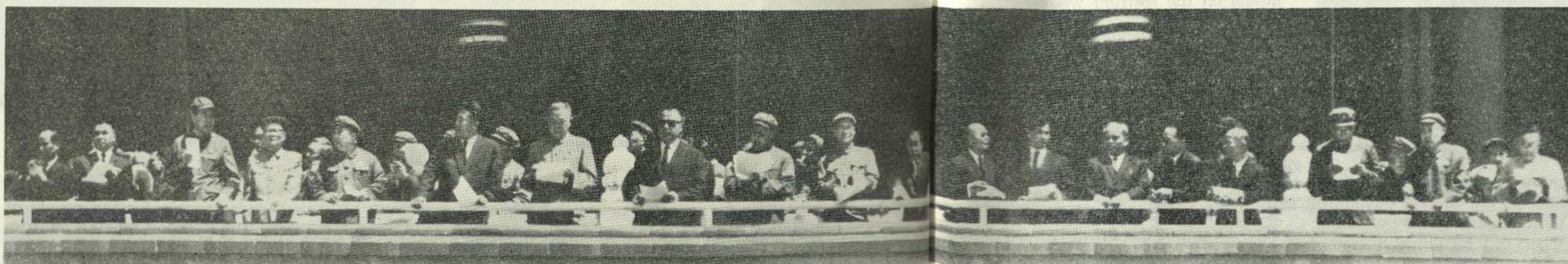
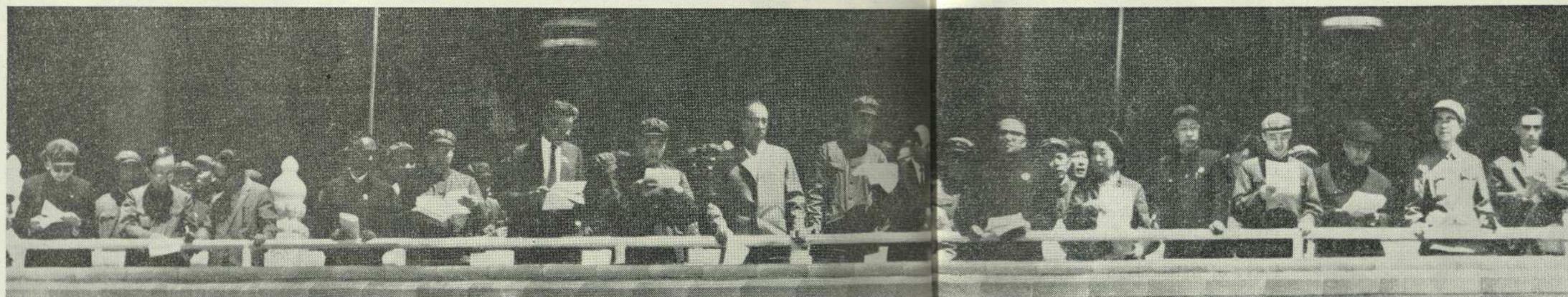
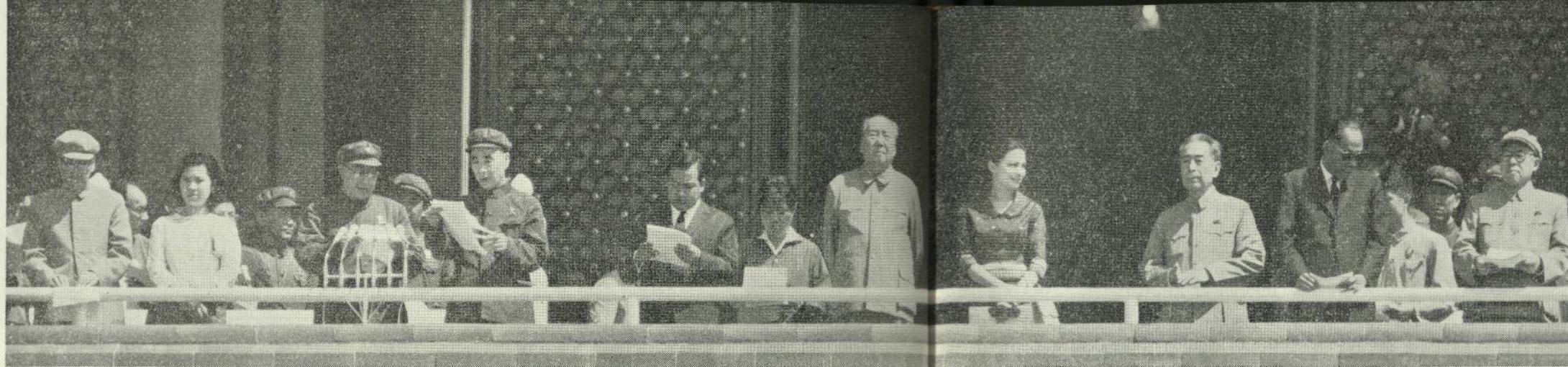
Tien An Men Square on the day of the rally.



The great leader Chairman Mao, his close comrade-in-arms Vice-Chairman Lin Piao and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, at the rally.

Chinese people for the people of the three Indo-Chinese countries in their war of resistance against U.S. aggression and for national salvation. They firmly supported the people of Asia, Africa and Latin America and other parts of the world in their struggle against U.S. imperialism. They extended warm congratulations on the establishment of the National United Front of Kampuchea and the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, Samdech Penn Nouth, Chairman of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the N.U.F.K. and Prime Minister of the Royal



Upper photo: Chairman Mao (seventh left); Vice-Chairman Lin Piao (fourth left); Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the N.U.F.K. (fifth left); Samdech Penn Nouth, Chairman of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the N.U.F.K. and Prime Minister of the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia (tenth left); Chou En-lai (ninth left), Chen Po-ta (eleventh left), Kang Sheng (first left), Members of the Standing Committee of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, and Madame Norodom Sihanouk (eighth left).

Center (right to left): Kadri Hazbiu, Alternate Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Albanian Party of Labour and Minister of Interior of Albania; Chiang Ching, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party; Ly Ban, Alternate Member of the Central Committee of the Viet Nam Workers' Party and Vice-Minister of Foreign Trade of the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam; Yao Wen-yuan, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party; Thakin Ba Thein Tin, Head of the Delegation of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Burma and Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Burma; Yeh Chun, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party; Jusuf Adjiatorop, Head of the Delegation of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Indonesia and Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Indonesia; Xhorxhi Robo, Albanian Ambassador to China; Chiu Hui-tso, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party; American friend Frank Coe; Li Teh-sheng, Alternate Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party; American friend Sol Adler; Wang Tung-hsing, Alternate Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party; Thakin Pe Tint, Member of the Delegation of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Burma and Member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Burma; Japanese friend Kinkazu Saionji; Kuo Mo-jo, Vice-Chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress; and Li Ssu-kuang, Vice-Chairman of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference.

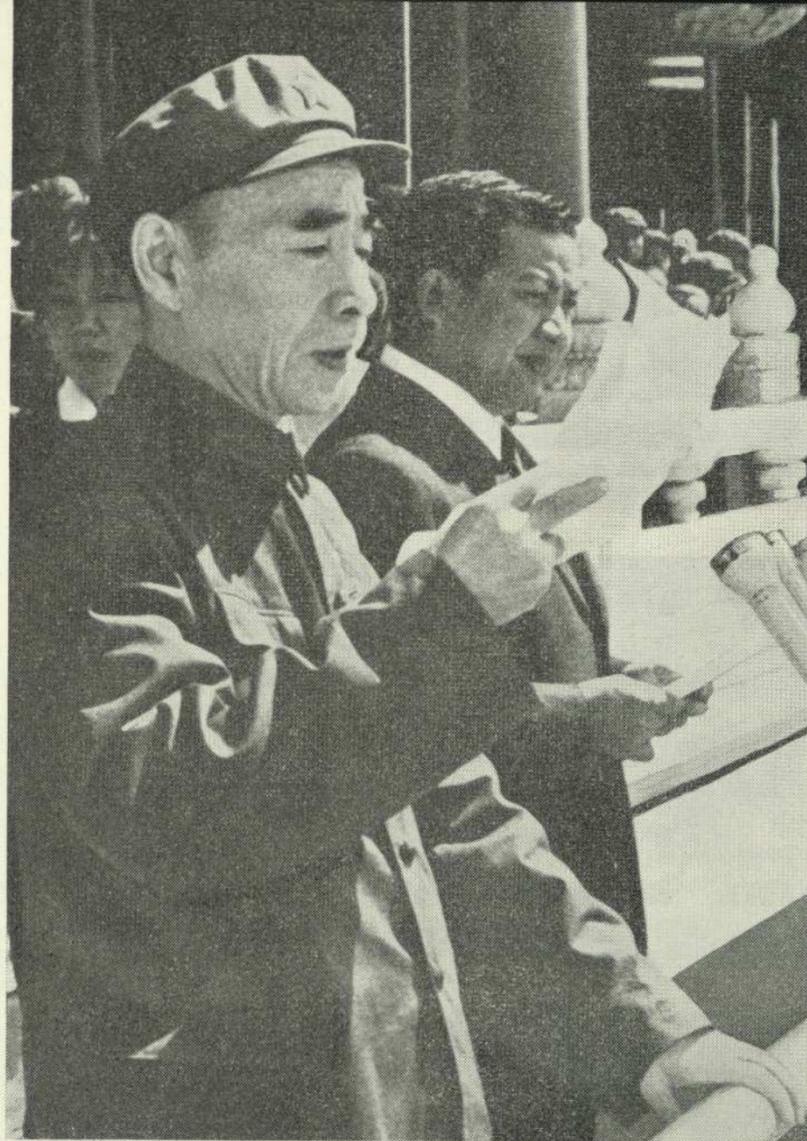
Lower photo (left to right): Nguyen Van Quang, Ambassador of the Republic of South Viet Nam to China; Bui Tan Linh, Charge d'Affaires ad interim of the Embassy of the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam to China; Huang Yung-sheng, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party; Ton Quang Phiet, Vice-President of the Viet Nam-China Friendship Association; Wu Fa-hsien, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party; Hyun Joon Keuk, Ambassador of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to China; Li Hsien-nien, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party; Aurel Duma, Rumanian Ambassador to China; Li Tso-peng, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party; Chi Teng-kuei, Alternate Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party; Sarin Chhak, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the N.U.F.K. and Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Royal Government of National Union; Dr. Ngo Hou, Member of the Central Committee of the N.U.F.K. and Minister of Public Health, Religious and Social Affairs of the Royal Government of National Union; Thiounn Mumm, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the N.U.F.K. and Minister of Economy and Finance of the Royal Government of National Union; Major-General Duong Sam Ol, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the N.U.F.K. and Minister of Military Equipment and Armament of the Royal Government of National Union; Huot Sambath, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the N.U.F.K. and Minister of Public Works, Telecommunications and Reconstruction of the Royal Government of National Union; Ker Meas, Cambodian Ambassador to China; Ngapo Ngawang-Jigme, Vice-Chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress; Fu Tso-yi and Hsu Teh-heng, Vice-Chairmen of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference.

Government of National Union of Cambodia, and others attended the rally.

Our great leader Chairman Mao issued the solemn statement supporting the revolutionary struggle of the people of the world at a time when the Indo-Chinese peoples and the people of the rest of the world are in a new upsurge of the struggle against U.S. imperialism. This is a telling blow to U.S. imperialism and all its running dogs. It is a tremendous support and encouragement for the world's revolutionary people in their struggle against U.S. imperialism.

Tien An Men Square was a sea of red flags. Cheers and shouts of slogans rang from the square. A huge portrait of the great leader Chairman Mao hung above the Tien An Men Gate. Across the rostrum was a huge streamer reading, "Rally of the People of the Capital in Support of the Struggle of the People of the World Against U.S. Imperialism". Right opposite the gate stood a giant hoarding carrying the great leader Chairman Mao's militant call: "People of the world, unite and defeat the U.S. aggressors and all their running dogs!" There were also slogans in big characters reading: "We firmly stand for our great leader Chairman Mao's solemn statement supporting the struggle of the people of the world against U.S. imperialism!" "U.S. imperialism will be defeated! The people of the world will win!"

At 10 a.m. our great leader Chairman Mao and his close comrade-in-arms Vice-Chairman Lin Piao mounted the rostrum with firm steps to the majestic music of "The East Is Red". In high spirits, Chairman Mao waved to leading members of various departments and organizations, representatives of the revolutionary masses and foreign friends on the rostrum. He also waved and applauded the hundreds of thousands of revolutionary people in the square. The jubilant masses waved their red-



Vice-Chairman Lin Piao reading the great leader Chairman Mao's solemn statement, "People of the World, Unite and Defeat the U.S. Aggressors and All Their Running Dogs!"

covered *Quotations from Chairman Mao Tsetung* and cheered: "Long live our great leader Chairman Mao! A long, long life to him!" "We wish Chairman Mao a long, long life!"

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, and Samdech Penn Nouth, Prime Minister of the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia, mounted the rostrum with Chairman Mao and Vice-Chairman Lin. Together they met the Chinese and the foreign guests present and received a warm welcome.

With Chairman Mao and Vice-Chairman Lin on the Tien An Men rostrum were:

Chou En-lai, Chen Po-ta and Kang Sheng, Members of the

Standing Committee of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China; Members of the Political Bureau of the Party Central Committee now in Peking (listed in the order of the number of strokes in their surnames) Yeh Chun, Chiang Ching, Li Hsien-nien, Li Tso-peng, Wu Fa-hsien, Chiu Hui-tso, Yao Wen-yuan and Huang Yung-sheng; and Alternate Members of the Political Bureau of the Party Central Committee Chi Teng-kuei, Li Teh-sheng and Wang Tung-hsing.

Also present were Vice-Chairmen of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress Kuo Mo-jo and Ngapo Ngawang-Jigme; and Vice-Chairmen of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative

Conference Li Ssu-kuang, Fu Tso-yi and Hsu Teh-heng.

Among the foreign guests on the rostrum were:

Kadri Hazbiu, Alternate Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Albanian Party of Labour and Minister of Interior of Albania;

Thakin Ba Thein Tin, Head of the Delegation of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Burma and Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Burma; Thakin Pe Tint, Member of the Delegation and Member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Burma;

Jusuf Adjitorop, Head of the Delegation of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Indonesia and Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Indonesia.

Among the distinguished foreign guests on the rostrum were also:

Madame Norodom Sihanouk; Madame Penn Nouth; Prince Norodom Yuvaneath, son of Samdech Sihanouk; Princess Norodom Ket Kanya, aunt of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk; Madame Kou Roun; Sarin Chhak, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the National United Front of Kampuchea and Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Royal Government of National Union; Dr. Ngo Hou, Member of the Central Committee of the N.U.F.K. and Minister of Public Health, Religious and Social Affairs of the Royal Government of National Union, and Madame Ngo Hou; Thiounn Mumm, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the N.U.F.K. and Minister of Economy and Finance of the Royal Government of National Union; Major General Duong Sam Ol, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the N.U.F.K. and Minister of Military Equipment and Armament of the Royal Government of National Union, and Madame Duong Sam



Steelworkers march.

P.L.A. commanders and fighters firmly support Chairman Mao's statement.





Foreign friends cheer Chairman Mao.

Ol; and Huot Sambath, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the N.U.F.K. and Minister of Public Works, Telecommunications and Reconstruction of the Royal Government of National Union, and Madame Hout Sambath;

Ly Ban, Vice-Minister of Foreign Trade of the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam and Ton Quang Phiet, Vice-President of the Viet Nam-China Friendship Association;

Xhorxhi Robo, Albanian Ambassador to China, and Madame Robo;

Nguyen Van Quang, Ambassador of the Republic of South Viet Nam to China;

Ker Meas, Cambodian Ambassador to China;

Bui Tan Linh, Charge d'Affaires ad interim of the Embassy of the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam to China, and Madame Bui Tan Linh;

Hyun Joon Keuk, Ambassador of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to China, and Madame Hyun Joon Keuk;

Aurel Duma, Rumanian Ambassador to China;

Mrs. Younes, wife of Housni Younes, Head of the Mission of the Palestine Liberation Organization in Peking;

Japanese friend Kinkazu Saionji; and

American friends Frank Coe and Sol Adler.

Wu Teh, Member of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party and Vice-Chairman of the Peking Municipal Revolutionary Committee, delivered an opening speech and declared the rally open.

Vice-Chairman Lin Piao read out Chairman Mao's solemn statement of May 20 amid stormy applause. He then led the revolutionary masses in shouting: "Long live Chairman Mao!" "We wish Chairman Mao a long, long life!" "The world revolution will advance from victory to victory!" Throughout, Vice-Chairman Lin Piao was interrupted by prolonged applause and shouts of slogans: "We firmly stand by our great leader Chairman Mao's solemn statement sup-

porting the struggle of the people of the world against U.S. imperialism!" "We resolutely oppose U.S. imperialism's aggression against Cambodia and expansion of its war of aggression in Indo-China!" "We firmly support the people of the three Indo-Chinese countries in their war of resistance against U.S. aggression and for national salvation!" "We firmly support the Joint Declaration of the Summit Conference of the Indo-Chinese Peoples!" "We firmly support the American people in their revolutionary struggle against the Nixon government! May the American people persevere in their struggle, march forward courageously and win victory after victory!" "We firmly support the people of Korea, Japan and other Asian countries in their struggle against the revival of Japanese militarism by the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries!" "We firmly support the Palestinian people, the people of the Arabian Gulf and other Arab peoples in their just struggle against U.S. imperialism and Zionism!" "We firmly support the Asian, African and Latin American peoples in their struggle for liberation!" "We



Textile workers pass Tien An Men.

Peasants from outside Peking shout, "Down with U.S. imperialism!"





伟大的领袖毛主席万岁

中华人民共和国万岁

世界人民大团结万岁

伟大的中国共产党万岁

全世界无产者联合起来 全世界无产阶级和被压迫人民民族联合起来！

战无不胜的马克思主义、列宁主义、毛泽东思想万岁！



P.L.A. commanders and fighters study Chairman Mao's statement at the rally.

Housewives and other neighborhood groups join the city-wide demonstration.



firmly support the revolutionary struggles of the peoples of North America, Europe and Oceania!"

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, addressed the rally (see p. 18 for text of speech).

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk's speech was punctuated by warm applause. The revolutionary masses shouted: "Warm congratulations on the establishment of the National United Front of Kampuchea headed by Cambodian Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk! Warm congratulations on the establishment of the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia! We resolutely oppose the pro-U.S. traitorous Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique!"

Representatives of Peking workers, poor and lower-middle peasants, P.L.A. commanders and fighters, Red Guards and the cultural circles spoke at the rally. They were Chang Shih-chung, a worker at the Peking Hsinhua Printing House, Chang Kuei-fu, a member of the Shihshanling People's Commune, Yao Yu-chi, a representative of the P.L.A. units stationed in Peking, Tai Teh-tzu, a Red Guard of Tsinghua University, and Yu Hui-yung, a revolutionary art worker. (See pp. 22-28 for text of speeches.)

Chairman Mao, Vice-Chairman Lin and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk cordially shook hands and talked with the representatives of the revolutionary masses after they finished their speeches.

At the end of the rally, the band struck up the strains of "Sailing the Seas Depends on the Helmsman". The revolutionary masses in the square shouted at the top of their voices: "People of the world, unite and defeat the U.S. aggressors and all their running dogs!" "U.S. imperialism will be defeated! The people of the world will win!" "Heighten our vigilance, defend the motherland! Be ready at all times to destroy the enemy intruders!" "We are determined to liberate Taiwan!" "Long live the victory of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution!" "Long live the People's Republic of China!"



"U.S. imperialism will be defeated! The people of the world will win!"

"Long live the great unity of the people of the world!" "Long live the Communist Party of China!" "Long live Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought!" and "Long live our great leader Chairman Mao! A long, long life to Chairman Mao!"

After the rally, the 500,000 army men and civilians, holding high red flags, marched through the streets in a mammoth, militant demonstration.

Present on the Tien An Men rostrum were also:

Members and Alternate Members of the Party Central Committee now in Peking;

Leading members of the various departments of the Chinese People's Liberation Army;

Leading members and representatives of the revolutionary masses in various departments under the Party Central Committee;

Members of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress;

Army representatives, leading members and representatives of the revolutionary masses in vari-

ous departments under the State Council;

Leading members and representatives of the revolutionary masses of the Supreme People's Court and other organizations;

Members of the Standing Committee of the Peking Municipal Revolutionary Committee;

Members of the Standing Committee of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference;

Representatives of workers and poor and lower-middle peasants, of commanders and fighters of the People's Liberation Army units stationed in Peking and of the revolutionary intellectuals in the capital.

Among the guests on the Tien An Men rostrum were also:

Diplomatic envoys of various countries to China, and their wives; and

V.V. Kuznetsov, head, and V.G. Gankovsky, deputy head, of the Soviet government delegation to the negotiations on the Sino-Soviet boundary question.

Speech by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea

Your Excellency Most Respected and Beloved
Chairman Mao Tsetung,

Your Excellency Respected Vice-Chairman Lin Piao,

Your Excellency Respected Premier Chou En-lai,

Respected Ladies and Gentlemen, Members of the
Government of the People's Republic of China,
the Chinese Communist Party and the Municipality of Peking,

Dear Chinese Brothers and Sisters,

Dear Indo-Chinese Brothers and Sisters,

Dear Foreign Friends,

Beloved Compatriots,

It is a very great honour for me to speak on behalf of Cambodia after the reading of the magnificent and historic statement of His Excellency Chairman Mao Tsetung, the great leader who is deeply venerated and loved by the glorious and heroic Chinese people, and the great hero highly respected and admired by all the peoples of the world who love freedom, justice and progress.

This statement by the Chairman will certainly have immense repercussions throughout the world and give the greatest encouragement to all the peoples, and first of all to the Khmer people, who are fighting at this moment against their worst enemy American imperialism, against the reactionary fascist renegades in its pay and against all other imperialisms, colonialisms and neo-colonialisms, plagues of humanity.

Allow me, on behalf of the Khmer people, their National United Front, their Government of National Union, their National Liberation Army and in my own name, to express our most profound and boundless gratitude to His Excellency Chairman Mao Tsetung for the invaluable support and many-sided and decisive assistance which His Excellency, the great Chinese people and the glorious People's Republic of China have accorded the Khmer people so generously for the complete victory of their just cause.

From 1955 to 1969, the Khmer people and I myself were able to work together to turn our dearest

motherland Cambodia into what the people of the world readily called "an islet of peace, stability, independence and progress in an Indo-China in flames and in a troubled Southeast Asia."

During the 15 years, the independent and neutral Cambodia, despite her former poverty, was able with the persistent work of her people who applied Chairman Mao's theory of relying first of all on their own strength to advance in all fields of their national life, particularly in the fields of public education, public health, communication, the port and air-field installations, irrigation and diversified cultivation, and even in our industry in which the aid of the People's Republic of China was extremely useful.

But American neo-colonialist imperialism never looked with an approving eye at such a Cambodia, which it regarded as an example "dangerous" to maintenance of its domination and exploitation of other so-called "developing" countries.

American imperialism tried to change the neutralist tendency of my country into an alignment with it by means of massive economic and military aid with many conditions.

In 1963, with the approval of the National Congress of the Khmer people, I completely repudiated this aid, which was really a noose round the neck of the independent and neutral Cambodia.

This was the first serious defeat of American imperialism in its attempt to enslave us.

After this defeat, its Central Intelligence Agency engineered a number of armed plots to eliminate me physically, to create a war of secession and to bring about a civil war. But thanks to the vigilance of our people and the total support which they accorded me, all these schemes ended in lamentable defeat.

American imperialism did not pardon me for causing this defeat. In 1969, it resorted to a stratagem. It pretended to formally recognize our existing frontiers and thus satisfied the conditions which we had raised for the restoration of diplomatic relations between the two countries, relations which I severed in 1965 because of the numerous bloody acts of aggression of the U.S. forces based in south Viet Nam

against our military posts, rural centres and villages in our frontier areas.

The American "wolf" thus returned to the Cambodian "sheepfold."

Less than a year was sufficient for this wolf to succeed in realizing its old plan of throwing me out (illegally) of power in Phnom Penh and of replacing me by the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique, which belongs to the extreme Right-wing of our grand political assembly called "the Sangkum," that is to say, reactionaries who are gross traffickers and pro-imperialist elements.

The coup of American imperialism achieved success in last March because illness and overwork had compelled me temporarily to leave the country and because the principal members of the government, the parliament and the army, all of whom belong to a certain corrupt section of the bourgeoisie and princes, gladly agreed to serve all its designs in exchange for military protection and a shower of dollars.

At the very beginning of its "reign," the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique boasted that it was in the service of democracy, independence and neutrality.

After some days, it suspended the application of the Constitution, withdrew all the constitutional rights and freedoms of the people and enforced martial law. The pretext for these fascist measures were an (imaginary) "invasion" of "communist Vietnamese."

The Khmer people then rebelled against the traitors of Phnom Penh. In the province of Kompong Cham and in some other provinces, students and peasants organized peaceful demonstrations demanding my return and the restoration of democracy in the country.

Lon Nol dispatched tanks against the demonstrators, machine-gunning them without mercy, and killing hundreds of men, women and children.

The majority of the survivors were arrested by the police. Hundreds of them were later executed and their bodies thrown into the river.

As the "second period" of their "reign," the fascists of Phnom Penh made deliberate provocations against the Vietnamese people.

They declared that all the Vietnamese residents in Cambodia (even babies) were communists. They threw them into concentration camps, of whom thousands, including a large number of babies, were shot or drowned.

All the information I provide you are extracts from American and French press reports.

As the "third period" of their "reign," the fascist traitors, seeing that the Khmer people were taking up arms to overthrow them, did not hesitate to call for the help of Nixon's armies and those of the Vietnamese renegades Thieu-Ky.

Nixon, President of the United States of America, waited only for this opportunity to throw against the poorly armed small Khmer people its own powerful



Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, speaking at the rally.

armed forces as well as Saigon mercenaries, land, naval and air.

According to a Western press dispatch of the day before yesterday, the effectives alone of the Saigon land forces sent by Nixon to commit aggression against the Khmer people reached 80,000 persons this week.

More than 100,000 Americans and mercenaries have been thrown against our people. In a few days of battle, a large part of Cambodia has been reduced to cinders by the vicious and savage bombings and shellings and by other weapons of the invaders.

Within a few days, 15 years of independence, neutrality, freedom, the joy of life, progress and territorial integrity have been totally swept away, effaced, reduced to a memory of the past.

Cambodia has become a sheer colony of the United States of America and the government in Saigon, not counting the government in Bangkok which is already preparing to occupy certain archaeological sites and districts in the northwestern and northern parts of our country.

The above is the horrible balance-sheet of merely two months' "rule" of the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique, servant of U.S. imperialism.

Happily, if Cambodia is in ruins because of this clique and this imperialism, the Cambodian people stand upright.

They are "standing upright" more than ever before. For they have risen up and are determined to fight fiercely and unflinchingly against the traitors, invaders and colonizers in order to thoroughly defeat them and for ever sweep them out of Indo-Chinese soil. This is in the framework of the unified struggle carried out side by side by the three peoples of Khmer, Viet Nam and Laos in conformity with the common resolutions of the Summit Conference of the Indo-Chinese Peoples.

At the Supreme State Conference on September 8, 1958, Chairman Mao Tsetung said: **"The longer the U.S. aggressors remain in those places, the tighter the nooses round their necks will become."**

In accordance with this teaching of the most respected Chairman Mao, we three peoples of Indo-China are absolutely convinced that the longer the American aggressors remain in our Indo-Chinese countries, the more severely will they be punished by our peoples in arms.

The Khmer people, on their part, are prepared to persevere in a protracted people's war, knowing that at the end of the long road there will be victory and the consequent liberation of their country.

In his noble statement today, His Excellency Chairman Mao Tsetung has said: **"I warmly support the establishment of the Royal Government of National Union under the Leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea."**

The eminent and venerated leader of the great Chinese people support through this Government all the Khmer people and the entire people's Cambodia who utterly refuse to bow before American neo-colonialist imperialism and its vile lackeys and who wish to live in freedom and not in chains.

American imperialism asserts through its propaganda that the Royal Government of National Union is but a group of Cambodians in exile.

This is an odious calumny. For this Government was formed at the request of the fighting Khmer people by the qualified representatives of the people. It is rooted in the soil of our country, that is to say, its principal ministers, in particular the Ministers of National Defence and of the Interior, govern the country, defend and administer it in close co-operation with the people. This Government is leading the People's National Liberation Army whose presence and military exploits are noted even in the press of the "free" world. This Government has been able to install its people's administration in the vast liberated areas, while the illegal puppet Lon Nol government can administer only the city of Phnom Penh, and that is made possible by the defence of this city, which is ensured by their mercenaries who have come en masse from Saigon upon the order of the Americans.

All the peoples who love freedom and justice in the world have proclaimed that the Royal Govern-

ment under the Leadership of N.U.F.K. is the sole legal Government of Cambodia and her people whereas the Lon Nol government represents only itself and its foreign masters.

It is precisely because they have this firm conviction that, as Chairman Mao kindly says, **"Less than ten days after its establishment, the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia was recognized by nearly 20 countries."**

In this connection, allow me to pay tribute with our deepest gratitude to the People's Republic of China, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Republic of Cuba, the People's Republic of Albania, the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Viet Nam, the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam, the Socialist Republic of Rumania, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, the Republic of Iraq, the Laotian people represented by the Laotian Patriotic Front, the Arab Republic of Libya, the Democratic Republic of the Sudan, the Democratic People's Republic of Algeria, the People's Republic of Southern Yemen, the People's Republic of the Congo, the Islamic Republic of Mauritania, the United Arab Republic and the Republic of Guinea.

The Khmer people firmly wish that, in the days to come, the governments of other socialist, progressive, anti-imperialist, anti-fascist countries in the world will kindly give them effective support in their heroic struggle to liberate the country from the barbarous invasion, from the sanguinary occupation and anachronistic colonization by the American imperialists and their lackeys the Thieu-Ky regime.

The arch culprit of this misfortune, the worst in its history of nearly two thousand years, into which Cambodia has been plunged, is the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak traitorous regime.

Today this regime has been completely unmasked as being paid by the American C.I.A. to sell out the country to the bellicose U.S. imperialist camp and the bellicose satellites or partners of the U.S.A. which is engaged in oppression and exploitation of the peoples of Southeast Asia.

The Phnom Penh traitorous regime is now welcoming at home the official diplomatic representatives of the governments which, like the Lon Nol clique itself, are notoriously known as paid lackeys of the U.S. imperialists, namely, the puppet governments of Saigon, Bangkok (Thailand), and Seoul (south Korea). Worse still, the self-styled "diplomats" of traitor Chiang Kai-shek have already been introduced into Phnom Penh.

Aside from this scandal, it is fitting to mention the faked-up "Asian" conference on Cambodia held in Djakarta, which was attended only by notorious hired lackeys or satellites or accomplices of U.S. imperialism, such as the renegades from Saigon, Seoul and Bangkok, and the non-Asians of Canberra (Australia) and Wellington (New Zealand), all of whom are paid by the Nixon government to send armed contingents to south Viet Nam for the purpose of aggression against the Indo-Chinese peoples. The

orchestration of this conference was entrusted to the Indonesian renegade Adam Malik, well-known collaborator of the American C.I.A.

And now the "conductor of the orchestra" Sato (Japan), in succession to the government of Djakarta, is directing an operation for the so-called "salvation" of the independence and neutrality of Cambodia.

The revival of Japanese militarism in violation of the sincere desire for peace of the Japanese people is threatening the security and freedom of all the peoples of our region.

The Sato government now offers to finance the measures which are to be taken under the resolutions of the Djakarta conference for allegedly assuring Cambodia the right to be "free from all foreign military occupation" and to restore "neutrality" and particularly for reactivating and restoring the International Control Commission (I.C.C.).

The Khmer people and their Government denounce before the world the duplicity of the non-Asian and anti-Asian governments for participating in the faked-up Asian conference in Djakarta.

They said that "Asian problems are to be resolved by the Asians." Their impudence and their interference in the affairs of Cambodia are intolerable. Not to speak of the New Zealanders and the Australians who were never Asian, they must know that the problem of Cambodia, just like that of Viet Nam and of Laos, exists only because of the intrusion into Indo-China by a power which is clearly non-Asian and anti-Asian: the U.S.A.

If they had the slightest sense of decency and intellectual honesty, they should have simply asked the U.S.A., the only violator of the Geneva Agreements on Indo-China, to respect the Agreements and to withdraw from Indo-China completely, immediately and unconditionally their armed forces and the forces of non-Indochinese satellites.

If they had the slightest sense of decency, they would have felt ashamed to order the "withdrawal of foreign forces from Cambodia," since the only foreign forces which invaded Cambodia in order to try to stamp out the resistance of the Khmer people are those of their American masters and money-lenders and those of certain signatories of the Djakarta resolutions themselves!

As for the return of the I.C.C. to Cambodia and the convocation of a new "Geneva" type conference, the Khmer people, their United Front and their Government will always oppose it with all the strength at their command, because that I.C.C. and the advocates of such a conference have only one thing which they should do, and that is to go and see Nixon and compel him to respect the Geneva Agreements which he sabotaged single-handedly and consequently to compel him to withdraw his aggressor forces completely, immediately and unconditionally from Cambodia as well as from the rest of Indo-China.

Finally, the Khmer people, their United Front and their Government demand that the governments of Djakarta, Tokyo and Kuala Lumpur stop interfering in the affairs of the Cambodians and the Indo-Chinese.

They are not at all Indo-Chinese and therefore they have no right whatsoever to interfere in the internal affairs of the Cambodian people and the Indo-Chinese peoples.

We demand that they and all their associates fully respect both the letter and the spirit of the Joint Declaration of the Summit Conference of the Indo-Chinese Peoples. We are sure that their own peoples approve of our doing so.

In asking this respected assembly to kindly forgive me for making too long a speech, I would like, in conclusion, to express, in the name of all the Khmers here present and on behalf of our United Front, our Government and people, our most profound and heartfelt gratitude to the great people of Peking for this rally which gives the warmest and strongest encouragement to our people as well as to the heroic peoples of Viet Nam, Laos and the other peoples of the world, and to the valiant Arab people in particular, who are fighting against fascism, colonialism and imperialism, and the most ferocious and stubborn of them is American imperialism.

On September 29, 1958, Chairman Mao said: **"Imperialism will not last long because it always does evil things. It persists in grooming and supporting reactionaries in all countries who are against the people, it has forcibly seized many colonies and semi-colonies and many military bases, and it threatens the peace with atomic war. Thus, forced by imperialism to do so, more than 90 per cent of the people of the world are rising or will rise up in struggle against it. Yet imperialism is still alive, still running amuck in Asia, Africa and Latin America. . . . This situation must change. It is the task of the people of the whole world to put an end to the aggression and oppression perpetrated by imperialism, and chiefly by U.S. imperialism."**

On November 18, 1957, Chairman Mao said: **"We desire peace. However, if imperialism insists on fighting war, we will have no alternative but to take the firm resolution to fight to the finish before going ahead with our construction."**

The Khmer people and their United Front fully share these lofty ideas of the venerated and beloved Chairman. They are conducting a resolute struggle against U.S. imperialism and its lackeys in order to win the right to a durable peace, under which we will be able to reconstruct our motherland and build a Cambodia which will be still more beautiful and developed.

Cambodia therefore will have a bright future, just as Chairman Mao said in referring to the people of the world on October 17, 1945: **"The world is progressing, the future is bright and no one can change this general trend of history."**

Long live Chairman Mao Tsetung!

Long live the People's Republic of China and the glorious and heroic Chinese people!

Long live the militant solidarity of the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America!

Long live the great unity of the world's people!

Speeches by Representatives of the Revolutionary Masses at Peking Rally in Support of Struggle of World's People Against U.S. Imperialism

Speech by Chang Shih-chung of the Peking Hsinhua Printing Press, Workers' Representative

Comrades,

We, the working class in the capital, most firmly support our great leader Chairman Mao's solemn statement. We resolutely oppose U.S. imperialism's aggression in Cambodia and expansion of its war of aggression in Indo-China, and stand four square be-

hind the people of the three Indo-Chinese countries and of other countries of the world in their revolutionary struggles against U.S. imperialism and its lackeys.

Our great leader Chairman Mao's solemn statement expresses the revolutionary will of the 700 million Chinese people and the other

revolutionary people of the world. It is a tremendous support and inspiration to the fighting people of the three Indo-Chinese countries and to all the oppressed people and nations of the world. It is a great fighting call urging the revolutionary people the world over to unite and defeat the U.S. aggressors and all their running dogs.

U.S. imperialism is the most ferocious enemy of the people of the world. It stretches its claws of aggression to Asia, Africa and Latin America, to North America, Europe and Oceania. For a long time, U.S. imperialism has frenziedly pushed its policies of aggression and war in the region of Indo-China. It has not only unleashed a savage war of aggression against the people of Viet Nam and Laos but has brazenly dispatched U.S. troops and south Vietnamese mercenaries to invade Cambodia on a large scale and start a savage war of aggression against the people there. U.S. imperialism's criminal activities of enlarging its war of aggression in the region of Indo-China fully testify to the fact that its aggressive nature will never change. Nixon, like his predecessors, is a vicious war criminal. U.S. imperialism is the common enemy of the people of the whole world.

Our great leader Chairman Mao points out: **"All reactionary forces on the verge of extinction invariably conduct desperate struggles. They are bound to resort to military adventure and political deception in all their forms in order to save themselves from extinction."**

Riding roughshod everywhere, U.S. imperialism has started a new war adventure in Indo-China. This is precisely an indication of the essential weakness of U.S. imperialism, now in the throes of its deathbed struggle. History, however, is inexorable. The Nixon government's criminal act in expanding its war of aggression in Indo-China will only result in U.S. imperialism being encircled more tightly and heavily by the three Indo-Chinese peoples, the American people and the people throughout the world. As our great leader Chairman Mao has pointed out, **"Strengthening their unity, supporting each other and persevering in a protracted people's war, the three Indo-Chinese peoples will**

certainly overcome all difficulties and win complete victory."

Tempered in the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, we, the working class in the capital, have become stronger. We will follow our great leader Chairman Mao's teachings and provide a powerful backing for the three Indo-Chinese peoples. We firmly support the Cambodian people under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea headed by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State, in taking up arms and waging a patriotic, just struggle to drive out U.S. imperialism and overthrow the traitorous pro-U.S. Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique. We firmly support the Laotian and Vietnamese people in their war of resistance against U.S. aggression and for national salvation. We firmly support the Korean, Japanese, Palestinian and other Arab peoples and the people of other countries of the world in their just struggles against U.S. imperialism. We firmly support the American people in their just struggle against Nixon's fascist rule. We will do our utmost to contribute to the overthrow of U.S. imperialism, the common enemy of the world's people, and all its lackeys.

In response to our great leader Chairman Mao's call, we will make further efforts to carry out the fighting tasks set forth at the Ninth Party Congress, conduct struggle-criticism-transformation and revolutionary mass criticism in a deep-going way, grasp revolution and promote production and other work and preparedness against war, and do all our work still better so as to build our socialist motherland into an even more powerful country.

We must heighten our vigilance, defend the motherland, and be ready at all times to wipe out any enemy intruders.

People of the world, unite and mount fierce attacks on our common enemy U.S. imperialism, and



victory will belong to the revolutionary people of the world!

Firmly support our great leader Chairman Mao's solemn statement!

Firmly support the people of the three Indo-Chinese countries in their war of resistance against U.S. aggression and for national salvation!

Firmly support the American people in their revolutionary struggle against the Nixon government!

We are determined to liberate Taiwan!

U.S. imperialism is bound to be defeated! People of the world are sure to win!

Long live the victory of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution!

Long live the Chinese Communist Party!

Long live Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought!

Long live our great leader Chairman Mao! A long, long life to Chairman Mao!

Speech by Chang Kuei-fu of Shihsanling People's Commune, Representative of the Poor and Lower-Middle Peasants



Comrades,

We, the poor and lower-middle peasants and other members of the people's communes of the capital, most firmly support our great leader Chairman Mao's solemn statement in support of the struggle of the world's people against U.S. imperialism. We resolutely oppose U.S. imperialism's aggression in Cambodia and its expansion of the war of aggression in Indo-China!

At a time when the struggle of the world's people against U.S. imperialism is developing vigorously and the situation is excellent, our great leader Chairman Mao issued this solemn statement in support of the struggle of the world's people against U.S. imperialism. This is a tremendous support and inspiration

to all the oppressed people and nations of the world, a telling blow to U.S. imperialism and all reaction. We, the poor and lower-middle peasants and other members of the people's communes in the capital, firmly respond to the great leader Chairman Mao's fighting call and staunchly support the people of all countries in carrying through to the end the revolutionary struggle against U.S. imperialism and its running dogs!

U.S. imperialism engineered a reactionary coup d'etat by the Rightist, traitorous Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique. U.S. imperialist chieftain Nixon brazenly unleashed a barbarous war of aggression against the Cambodian people and sent airplanes to resume the bombing of north Viet Nam. These are rabid attacks against the Indo-Chinese people! A frantic provocation against the 700 million Chinese people, the people of Asia and the revolutionary people the world over! The masses of the poor and lower-middle peasants of the capital are extremely indignant at the piratic acts of U.S. imperialism! We angrily condemn U.S. imperialism for the towering crimes it committed in Cambodia and the whole of Indo-China! We warmly support the establishment of the Royal Government of National Union under the Leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea headed by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia! The peasants of the capital pledge to provide a powerful backing for the people of the three Indo-Chinese countries, give all-out support to the fraternal people of Cambodia, Laos and Viet Nam in carrying the war of resistance against U.S. aggression and for national salvation through to complete victory!

The great leader Chairman Mao points out in his statement: "U.S.

imperialism, which looks like a huge monster, is in essence a paper tiger." This is a perfect truth. U.S. imperialism is baring its fangs, but there is nothing terrifying about it. So long as the people of the whole world unite, take up arms, dare to make revolution and persist in struggle, they will wipe out this gang of wolves! We are convinced that U.S. imperialism will be defeated! The Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique of U.S. imperialism, will be defeated! All reactionaries will be defeated! The heroic Cambodian people will win! The heroic people of the three Indo-Chinese countries will win! The people of the world will win!

We are determined to follow our great leader Chairman Mao's teachings and resolutely carry out his great strategic principle, "Be prepared against war, be prepared against natural disasters, and do everything for the people", grasp revolution and promote production and other work and preparedness against war, and support the revolutionary struggle of the people of all countries with concrete action.

People of the world, unite and defeat the U.S. aggressors and all their running dogs!

Long live the victory of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution!

Long live the People's Republic of China!

Long live the great unity of the people of the world!

Long live the Chinese Communist Party!

Long live Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought!

Long live the great leader Chairman Mao! A long, long life to Chairman Mao!

Speech by Yao Yu-chi, Representative of the Chinese People's Liberation Army

Comrades,

The great leader Chairman Mao issued on May 20 a solemn statement in support of the struggle of the world's people against U.S. imperialism. We, the Chinese People's Liberation Army, warmly support it and will resolutely act upon it. Chairman Mao's statement is a tremendous support and inspiration to the Cambodian people in their struggle against U.S. imperialism and its lackey, the reactionary Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique! It is a tremendous support and inspiration to the Indo-Chinese people and the revolutionary people throughout the world in their struggle against U.S. imperialism! It is a heavy blow to U.S. imperialism and all its running dogs! Chairman Mao's statement is a great fighting call to the revolutionary people all over the world!

Vicious U.S. imperialism has long sunk deep into the quagmire of its war of aggression in Viet Nam. Now it has brazenly invaded Cambodia and spread the flames of its aggressive war to the whole of Indo-China. This is a rabid aggression against the people of the three Indo-Chinese countries, also a serious provocation against the people of China and Asia and the revolutionary people throughout the world. We, the Chinese People's Liberation Army, are furious at U.S. imperialism's monstrous crime! U.S. imperialism is the sworn enemy of the people of Indo-China, the people of China, the people of Asia and the whole world!

Our great leader Chairman Mao points out: "U.S. imperialism, which looks like a huge monster, is in essence a paper tiger, now in the throes of its death-bed struggle." The Nixon government's new war adventure is its death-bed struggle carried out when it finds itself in trouble at home and abroad and at the end of its rope. This fully re-

veals its paper-tiger nature. U.S. imperialism is being encircled more and more heavily by the Indo-Chinese people whose mighty iron fist will smash it to pieces!

Our great leader Chairman Mao wisely points out: "Revolution is the main trend in the world today." Now his solemn statement will arouse and inspire still more the revolutionary people of the whole world in their fight. An anti-U.S. storm unprecedented in scale is sweeping the globe. The three Indo-Chinese peoples' war of resistance against U.S. aggression and for national salvation is thundering forward. In response to the call of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, the heroic Cambodian people and the Cambodian National Liberation Army have taken up guns to wage a people's war. Fighting valiantly and indomitably in various parts of the country, they have effectively resisted U.S. imperialist aggression, dealt relentless blows to the reactionary Rightist clique and won important victories. The revolutionary situation there is excellent. The revolutionary Cambodian people's anti-U.S. struggle has greatly heightened the morale of the world's people and crushed the arrogance of U.S. imperialism and all its running dogs. The flames of the Cambodian people's revolution will burn the U.S. imperialist aggressors to ashes.

The three Indo-Chinese countries are close neighbours of our country. The Chinese people and the three Indo-Chinese peoples are bound by a profound friendship and are fighting on the same front. Armed with Mao Tsetung Thought, tested in long years of war and tempered in the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, the Chinese People's Liberation Army firmly stands on the side of the people of

Indo-China and the world, and firmly supports them in their revolutionary struggles against U.S. imperialism and its lackeys. We will unswervingly follow our great leader Chairman Mao's teachings and provide a powerful backing for the three Indo-Chinese peoples. No tricks or vicious means of aggression can save U.S. imperialism and its lackeys from utter defeat. So long as the people of the world unite and persevere in protracted struggle, they will defeat the U.S. aggressors and all their running dogs! Victory belongs to the three Indo-Chinese peoples! Victory belongs to the people of the whole world!

Firmly support our great leader Chairman Mao's solemn statement in support of the struggle of the world's people against U.S. imperialism!



People of the world, unite and defeat the U.S. aggressors and all their running dogs!

Resolutely oppose U.S. imperialism's aggression in Cambodia and its expansion of the war of aggression in Indo-China!

We are determined to liberate Taiwan!

Speech by Tai Teh-tzu of Tsinghua University, Representative of the Red Guards

Comrades,

We, the Red Guards of the capital, most firmly support our great supreme commander Chairman Mao's solemn statement in support of the struggle of the

U.S. imperialism is bound to be defeated! The people of the whole world are bound to win!

Heighten our vigilance, defend the motherland! Be ready at all times to wipe out any enemy intruders!

Long live the victory of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution!

world's people against U.S. imperialism. Chairman Mao's great voice expresses the fighting will of the 700 million Chinese people and the people of the world in opposing U.S. imperialism, and their firm determination to unite and defeat the U.S. aggressors and all their running dogs. Chairman Mao's solemn statement has greatly enhanced the morale of all revolutionary peoples and deflated the arrogance of U.S. imperialism and its running dogs. This great combat call will give tremendous impetus to the revolutionary struggle of the people the world over against U.S. imperialism and all its running dogs.

U.S. imperialism is the most ferocious enemy of the world's people, an arch butcher whose hands are stained with their blood and who owes them innumerable debts in blood. Recently the Nixon government has committed fresh crimes against the people of Asia and the rest of the world by engineering the reactionary coup d'etat by the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique, dispatching U.S. troops and South Vietnamese mercenaries to invade Cambodia and expanding its war of aggression in Indo-China. While perpetrating rabid aggression everywhere in the world, U.S. imperialism is enforc-

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Long live our great leader Chairman Mao! A long, long life to Chairman Mao!

ing a fascist rule at home, savagely suppressing the student movement and the revolutionary struggle of the American people and slaughtering the black and white people in its own country. The U.S. imperialists have committed every evil. The oppressed people of the world, including the American people, will never forgive them.

Our great leader Chairman Mao teaches: "Make trouble, fail, make trouble again, fail again . . . till their doom; that is the logic of the imperialists and all reactionaries the world over in dealing with the people's cause, and they will never go against this logic." U.S. imperialism's war adventures are not an indication of strength; they are only desperate struggles. The nooses around its neck are being tightened steadily. It is engulfed in the ocean of people's war and is approaching its doom.

We Red Guards are boundlessly loyal to our great leader Chairman Mao. Chairman Mao's solemn statement is a supreme order to us. Our hearts always beat in unison with the hearts of the people the world over. We will follow our great leader Chairman Mao's teachings and provide a powerful backing for the three Indo-Chinese peoples, firmly support the Cam-

bodian people and other Indo-Chinese peoples in their war of resistance against U.S. aggression and for national salvation, firmly support the American people's revolutionary struggle against the Nixon government and firmly support the world's people in their just struggle against U.S. imperialism! We are determined to always unite with the revolutionary people throughout the world, in fighting and in victory!

We Red Guards have tempered ourselves and become still stronger in the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution. We are determined to follow Chairman Mao's great strategic plan closely, fulfil in an all-round way the fighting tasks

set forth by the Ninth Party Congress and support with concrete action the three Indo-Chinese peoples and people of the world in their just struggle against U.S. imperialism.

Firmly support our great leader Chairman Mao's solemn statement in support of the struggle of the world's people against U.S. imperialism!

Warmly greet the establishment of the National United Front of Kampuchea headed by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia!

Warmly greet the establishment of the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia! Reso-

lutely oppose the pro-U.S. traitorous Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique!

Firmly support the three Indo-Chinese peoples in their war of resistance against U.S. aggression and for national salvation!

People of the world, unite and defeat the U.S. aggressors and all their running dogs!

Long live the victory of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution!

Long live the Chinese Communist Party!

Long live Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought!

Long live our great leader Chairman Mao! A long, long life to Chairman Mao!

Speech by Yu Hui-yung, Representative of the Cultural Circles

Comrades,

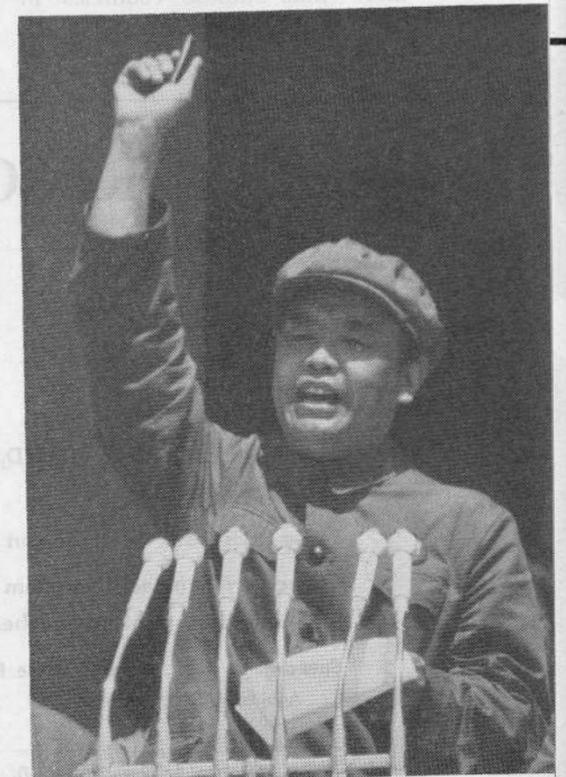
In the first red May of the great seventies, at this rally of the people in the capital in support of the struggle of the world's people against U.S. imperialism, I, on behalf of the cultural circles and all revolutionary literary and art fighters in the capital, declare with boundless enthusiasm that we most firmly support our great leader Chairman Mao's solemn statement in support of the struggle of the world's people against U.S. imperialism.

In this statement of great historic significance, Chairman Mao has incisively analysed the revolutionary situation in the world today, expressed the aspirations of the Chinese people and the people throughout the world, and pointed out the direction for the revolutionary people of the world in their present revolutionary struggle. The statement is a tremendous support and inspiration to the people of the world in their revolutionary strug-

gle against U.S. imperialism and its lackeys, an indictment against the U.S. aggressors and all their running dogs and a mortal blow to them.

"I will carry out Chairman Mao's instructions! I will advance in the direction Chairman Mao points to!" We, the revolutionary fighters of the cultural circles, will respond to the solemn statement and great call of our great leader Chairman Mao! We will act upon it! We will advance steadfastly in the direction Chairman Mao points to!

"The Four Seas are rising, clouds and waters raging, The Five Continents are rocking, wind and thunder roaring. Away with all pests! Our force is irresistible." The present international situation is excellent. Nixon, this god of plague, has revealed his ferocious features to the full. Having engineered the reactionary coup d'etat by the traitorous pro-U.S. Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique, he brazenly dispatched troops to in-



vade Cambodia. He has put another noose around his own neck. U.S. imperialism is now encircled ring upon ring by the people of the three Indo-Chinese countries and other countries in the world. This is hastening its complete defeat in Indo-China. This is true of the situation in Southeast Asia, and also true of the situation in other parts of Asia, in Africa, Latin America, North America, Europe and Oceania. In the United States itself, the American people have launched a new upsurge in their struggle against Nixon's fascist rule. In short, Nixon, the god of plague, is running his head against a brick wall at every turn and receiving blows at all times. The anti-imperialist flames are scorching him, driving him to the end of his rope. His days are getting harder all the time. The raging tide against U.S. imperialism is mounting throughout the world, the revolutionary forces are growing stronger and stronger. U.S. imperialism will be defeated! The people of the world will triumph!

We are resolutely against U.S. imperialism's invasion of Cambodia and its expansion of the war of aggression in Indo-China! We firmly support the people of the three Indo-Chinese countries in

their war of resistance against U.S. aggression and for national salvation! We warmly greet the establishment of the National United Front of Kampuchea headed by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia! We warmly support the fighting spirit of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, in opposing U.S. imperialism and its lackeys! We warmly support the establishment of the Royal Government of National Union under the Leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea! We warmly support the Joint Declaration of the Summit Conference of the Indo-Chinese Peoples! We pledge to provide backing for the people of the three Indo-Chinese countries and firmly support them in carrying the war of resistance against U.S. aggression and for national salvation through to the end!

We revolutionary fighters of the cultural circles will resolutely carry out Chairman Mao's great call to "**grasp revolution and promote production and other work and preparedness against war**". We will hold high the brilliant banner of the *Talks at the Yenan Forum on Literature and Art*, take up the pen as our weapon, strive to

perfect the model revolutionary theatrical works, enthusiastically portray the worker, peasant and soldier heroes and let Mao Tsetung Thought for ever occupy all positions on the cultural front. We pledge to carry the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution through to the end! We are determined to do a good job in propagating Chairman Mao's great thinking on people's war and his precept, "**Political power grows out of the barrel of a gun**", as a concrete action in firmly supporting the revolutionary struggles of the people of Asia, Africa, Latin America, North America, Europe and Oceania!

Firmly support our great leader Chairman Mao's solemn statement in support of the struggle of the world's people against U.S. imperialism!

Long live the victory of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution!

Long live Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought!

Long live the Chinese Communist Party!

Long live our great leader Chairman Mao! A long, long life to Chairman Mao!

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CONTENTS

MAO TSETUNG:

PEOPLE OF THE WORLD, UNITE AND DEFEAT THE U.S. AGGRESSORS AND ALL THEIR RUNNING DOGS! 4

Peking Holds Grand Rally in Support of World People's Struggle Against U.S. Imperialism 6

Speech by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea 18

Speeches by Representatives of the Revolutionary Masses at Peking Rally in Support of Struggle of World's People Against U.S. Imperialism 22