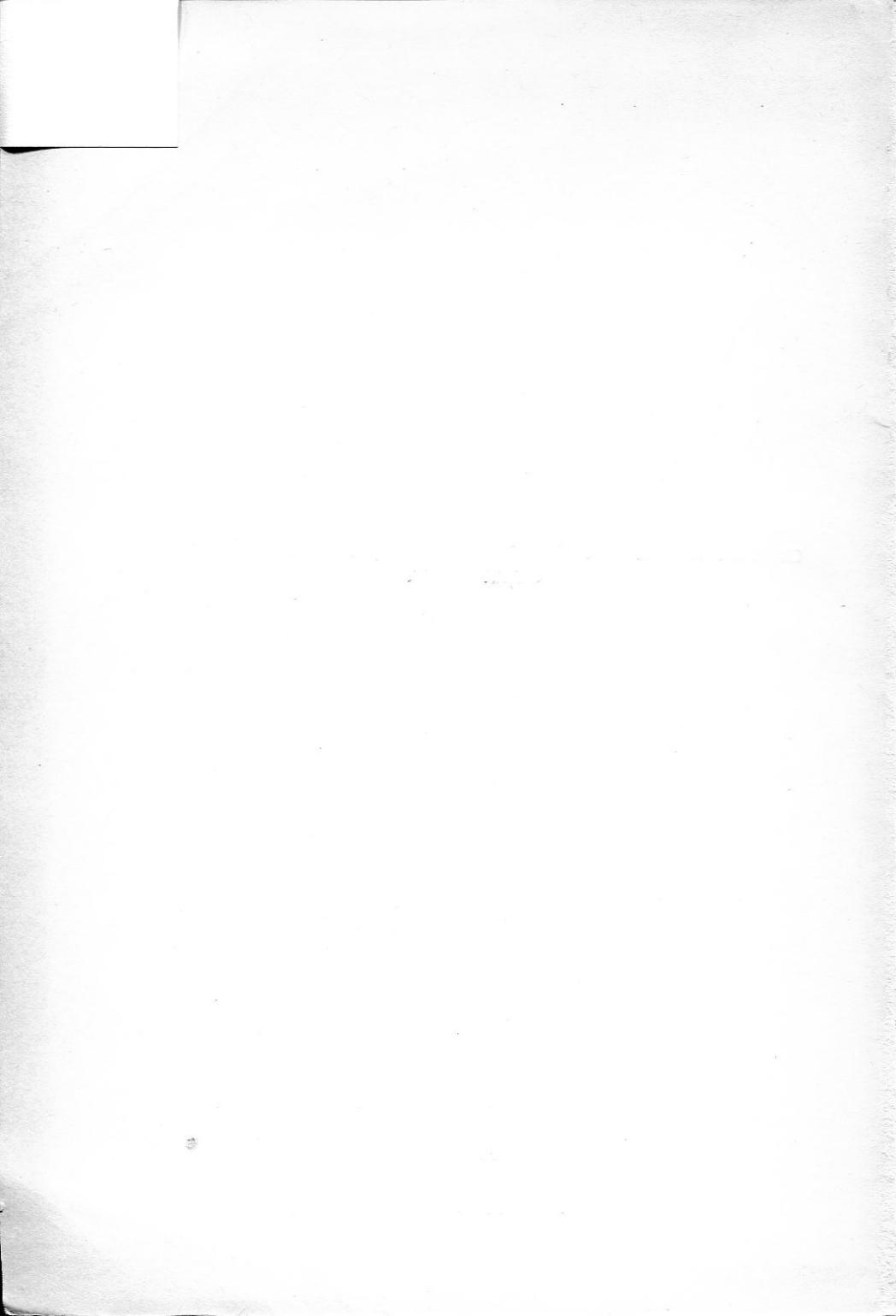


# INFORMATION BULLETIN

OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE PARTY OF LABOR  
OF ALBANIA

**2**

TIRANA, 1970



Workers of all countries, unite!

# INFORMATION BULLETIN

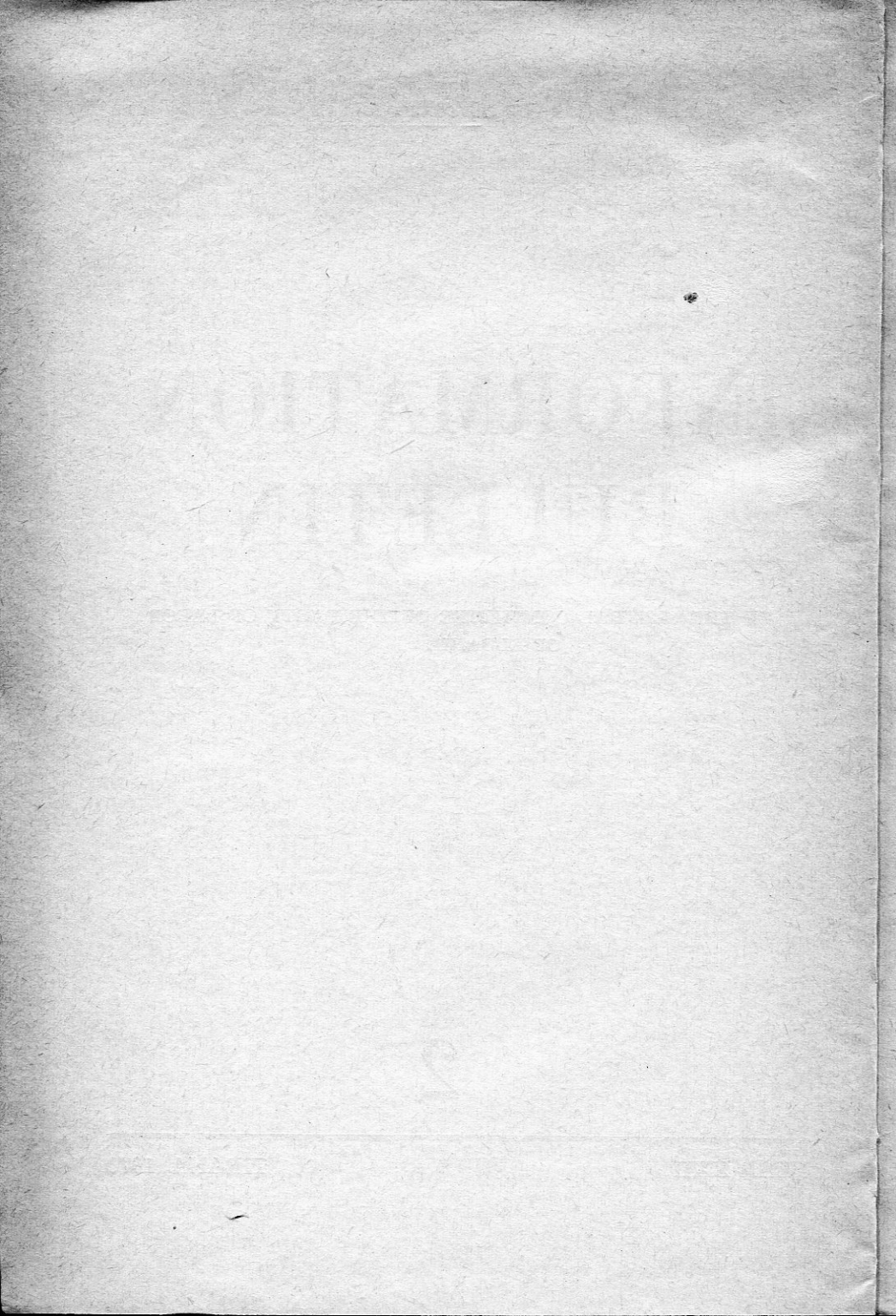
OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE PARTY OF LABOR  
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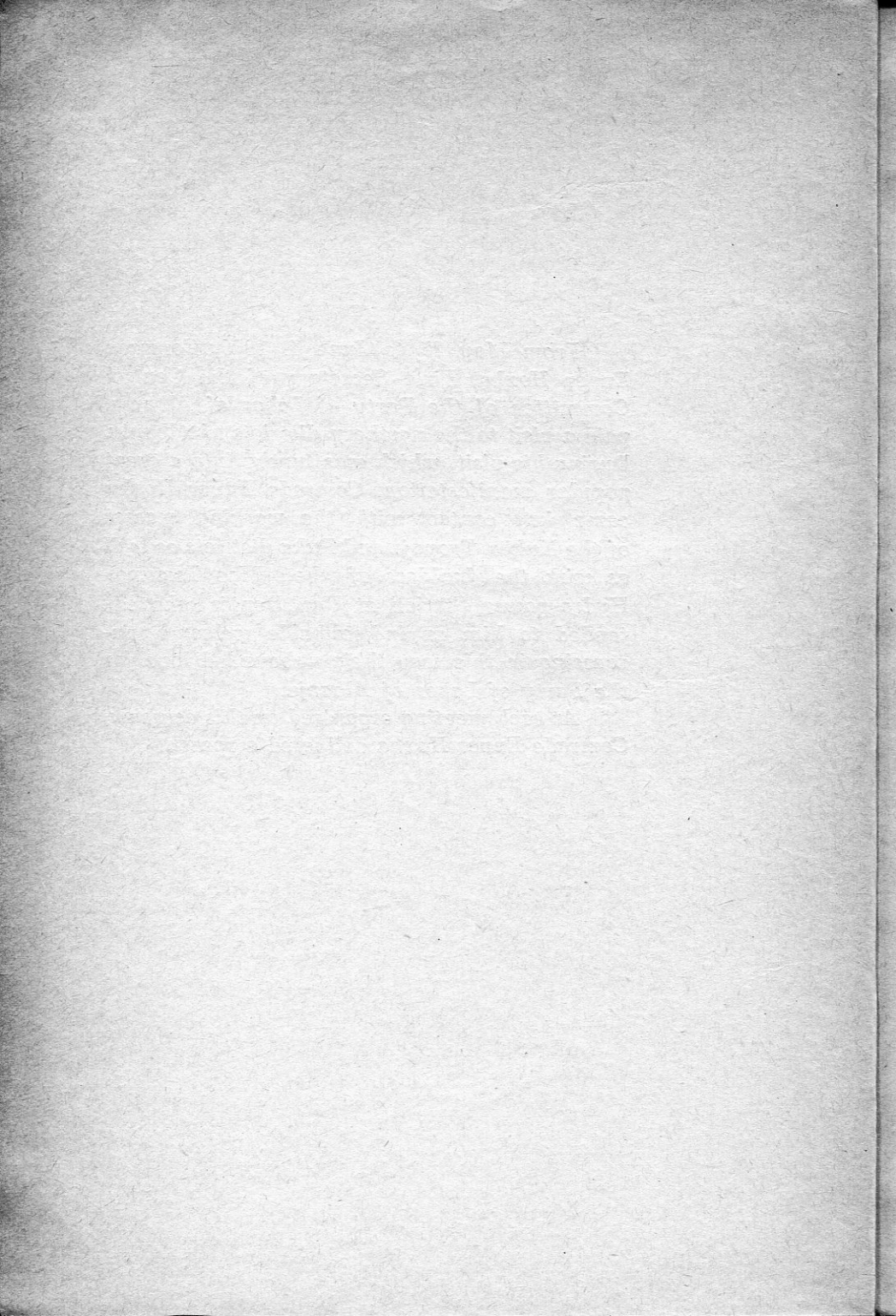
TIRANA, 1970





*From May 27 to June 4, 1970, Comrade Enver Hoxha, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party of Labor of Albania, paid a visit to the northern districts of Albania. During his visit, which was turned into a great popular manifestation, Comrade Enver Hoxha came into contact with the working masses of the Kukës, Tropoja and Puka districts as well as with the builders of the «Mao Tsetung» Hydro-power Station at Vau Denjës who extended to him an indiscribable welcome, expressing in this way their unbounded love for the Party of Labor of Albania.*

*At each meeting organized on this occasion, Comrade Enver Hoxha delivered a speech.*



## **EXCERPTS**

### **FROM A SPEECH DELIVERED BY COMRADE ENVER HOXHA AT THE MASS RALLY OF THE WORKERS OF THE KUKËS DISTRICT ON MAY 28, 1970**

Dear Comrades, Sisters and Brothers of the Kukës District!

I am very glad to have come here today among you to have a close look at your life and successes, to talk and exchange views with you to take further steps so that your life in the days to come may become better and more beautiful through fruitful and tireless endeavors. I thank you for all this great love you lavish on our Party and Government whose only concern is to build a happy life for the people. Therefore, on their behalf and mine I extend heart-felt greetings to all of you at this rally and, through you, to all the people of our district.

As soon as I arrived I talked about your work with the representatives of the Party and people at the Committee. But during my stay here I intend to come into direct contact also with the workers and cooperative members, to listen attentively to every thing they will say, and I am sure they have a lot of things to say, so that our work may proceed at a fast rate, so that the economy and culture in the Kukës district may make still greater progress. Of course, they will advise and suggest to me a lot of things of value and, among others, they will also criticize many things of which we suffer and which must be corrected.

I recall some phrases of a report which the Kukës Regional Committee sent to the Central Committee of the Party in 1944. Among others in that report we read: «Kukës is a dead town, communication between both banks of the Drini river has been



cut, schools are almost entirely lacking, only the school in Bicaj functions...»

Now, 25 years later, see what the whole of Albania has become, sisters and brothers, a free country with wide and fertile fields, with a powerful industry, with a developing animal husbandry, where also the highlands are speedily changing their looks and are becoming as fertile as the lowlands. But, what is most important, this country is ruled by the people, this territory is under the rule of the new progressive, democratic and revolutionary man.

Our Albania has already embarked on the road of the most progressive countries for its people are masters of their own country, their own masters with no one to exploit or dare to exploit them or deprive them of their honor and freedom. There are smiles on everybody's lips and cheer in everybody's heart in Albania today.

Let us tarry here in Kukës and see with our own eyes how your district is faring, how fast it is advancing. Numerous facts bear witness to this. Industrial production realized in your district last year is equal to the industrial production realized in all Albania in 1938. Today, Kukës alone turns out more than thrice the amount of copper blister produced in all the country in 1960. In your district during these last six months there have been reclaimed 1,653 hectares of land, that is, more than during the whole of the 3d five-year period or more than during the whole four years of the 4th five-year period taken together. Whole areas of your district which lacked water for irrigation, like that of Hasi, are being turned into fertile fields under irrigation, into farms of abundant agricultural and livestock production, or into regions like that of Shistavec and others which are being turned into rich potatoe growing lands.

Kukës is not only an agricultural district since we have here also the copper industry. As in all other districts of the country, industry is built and develops on the basis of the large local surface and subsoil resources. As regards the big surface resources Kukës may actually have certain manufacturing establishments but the possibilities are not at all excluded that with the development of agriculture we may build here factories, even small but modern ones for processing agricultural and dairy products as, for instance, cheeses, fruits, vegetables, and so on.

But of major importance in your district are its subsoil



resources which have opened up brilliant prospects for all our country. It is the Party and no one else which opened these prospects. It is our working class, the cooperative peasantry, the people's intelligentsia, all our people and no one else that are realizing these prospects. This is a major victory we have achieved and will be achieving in the days to come.

The Gjegjan mine in Kukës is one of the best ones in our country both as regards the quantity as well as the quality of its copper ore. But we are making preparations for additional copper and chromium mines in your district. In Shistavec also there exist large reserves of quartz which will soon be utilized by the fundries of our glass factories.

While working and building, let us not neglect for a single moment to be on our guard for, as our people say, «still waters run deep and so does the enemy». Throughout the world there exist enemies of the people and of socialism who hatch up plots against the freedom and independence of the people and wage war against them. These enemies are the capitalists, the imperialists and their reactionary stooges, the revisionists and other renegades of every hue. In the forefront of all these enemies stand the U.S. imperialists and Soviet revisionists. What are they after? They seek to dominate the world and hold the people under their yoke. In more concrete terms, this means that if they could have their way, they would bring to power in Albania all the feudal lords, large-estate holders, usurers and all the other dregs that our people's revolution made short work of. But they are not strong enough to achieve this end, on the contrary, they are too weak. And it is precisely their weakness which makes the imperialists and revisionists more ruthless against the people, against communism, against socialism. They see their own doom but they desire to live, to prolong their living days yet for a while. That is why they try to oppress the people and suppress their revolution by fire and sword. But the people are stronger than they, and the greatest example that verifies this is that set by the Albanian people, the people of a small country who have kept fighting through centuries against many and larger countries but who have neither been beaten nor wiped out, on the contrary, it is the Albanian people who, during the National-liberation War, beat the invaders, both the Italian fascists, the German nazis and their collaborators. It is not hard to draw a similar analogy with the liberation wars that the people are waging at present against the imperialist beasts.

It is now many years in succession that the U.S. imperialists have launched their aggression in Vietnam, but the heroic people of this country have nailed down in some holes called camps «this imperialist «superpower» inflicting colossal losses to it. The U.S. imperialists can not win, and they see themselves that they can not win in Vietnam. Therefore, faced with the defeat the Vietnamese people inflicted on them, the U.S. imperialists have recently attacked another nation, the Cambodian people. They felt obliged to do this thinking they would ward off defeat, but they cannot come off unscathed, not only because all the peoples of the world have risen and are condemning with indignation this ruthless international gendarm but because the U.S. imperialists are now up against three peoples, the Vietnamese, Laotian and Cambodian peoples who, joined in a body in the Indochinese peninsula, will very soon dig the grave for them there. The statement issued by Chairman Mao Tsetung these recent days in support of the struggle of the people against U.S. imperialism, especially his words that «by strengthening their unity, by helping each other and by continuing their protracted people's war, the three Indochinese people will certainly surmount all obstacles and will score complete victory» are a major inspiration for the Vietnamese, Cambodian and Laotian peoples in their liberation struggle.

The intention of U.S. imperialism is to prepare for a war against the People's Republic of China. They strive to place the other peoples of Asia under their yoke so that they may use them for cannon fodder in the war they are preparing, that is, to have the Asian people fight it out among themselves. However, U.S. imperialism will not succeed in achieving this cruel objective because of the colossal force of Mao Tsetung's great and glorious China, because its own allies are very much upset by the opposition of their own people and of the other peoples of the world.

It is precisely under such conditions of general debility of the enemies of the freedom of the peoples and of socialism that the Soviet revisionists, these traitors to Marxism-Leninism who have turned the Soviet Union into a capitalist country, have struck up an alliance with U.S. imperialism in order to suppress the revolutions everywhere in the world and to prepare for a war against China. Of course, this alliance is built on sand since it is directed against the people, since it is an alliance of a handful of capitalists for purposes of exploitation and enslavement of peoples. Therefore, within the Soviet Union

itself and with its allies there exist not only major contradictions but also movements of opposition towards this imperialist course to enslave the people. The Kremlin traitors try to guise this course under Lenin's name as they did with Czechoslovakia and as they intend to do for their preparations for aggression against Rumania, against Yugoslavia, against Albania in order to prepare for the war against the People's Republic of China.

The treachery of the revisionists in the Soviet Union and in all the countries where these traitors hold sway have brought about there a major economic decline and political and moral degeneration never met with so far. They are establishing there the capitalist order with all its inherent evils, including a ruthless fascist and militarist dictatorship. This dictatorship oppresses the people inside and prepares for aggression against other peoples. Between the imperialists and revisionists there exist a number of conspiracies and intrigues, overt and covert agreements, all of them guised under the alleged purpose of preserving peace, European security and the welfare of mankind. But all these movements to and fro, all these contacts and talks and all these collusions cannot cover up the aggravation of the situation among the ranks of the imperialists and modern revisionists, the major contradictions among them, their growing conflicts, their failures in all domains, the exposure of their real intentions and the upsurge of revolution.

The imperialists and revisionists are in a fix, in a political, economic and military crisis. In all corners where they hold sway, the workers, students and peasants have launched strikes and demonstrations which have often ended in bloody clashes. Whereas, on the other side, we see that in Mao Tsetung's 700-million-strong great China and in the People's Republic of Albania our two people are successfully building socialism, they are hard at work building their happy and prosperous life. The major successes of the People's Republic of China are well known today throughout the world — successes in economy, in politics, in the military field as well as in science and technology.

You have heard about last month's successful launching of an artificial earth's satellite by the People's Republic of China. This was a great achievement for China itself and for all of us, for all the progressive-minded people of the world, because this event showed once again that China is insuperable,



that its economic potential is colossal, that its achievements and progress in the domain of science and technology are immense and, above all, that Mao Tsetung's thoughts are leading it towards the complete construction of socialism making it thus an insuperable bastion of Marxism-Leninism, the protector of the freedom and independence of the peoples throughout the world. We warn our enemies not to make any mistakes in their calculations, not to cherish vain illusions towards this powerful socialist country, if they do not want to be disappointed. They saw very well what colossal results and achievement the Great Chinese Proletarian Cultural Revolution brought in its wake. The imperialists and modern revisionists pinned their hopes in wrecking socialism in China, they hoped that the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, guided and inspired by Mao Tsetung, would weaken the Chinese Colossus. But the contrary has happened.

The successes of great China are also our successes. We are close life-long allies with the People's Republic of China, and there is no force which can sever and split our two countries. It is futile for the reactionaries, the bourgeoisie and revisionists to bay the sky to let their tongues loose. We have often heard their prattle. Our Marxist-Leninist policy coincides completely with the Marxist-Leninist policy of Mao Tsetung's great China running along the same political, economic and military lines.

The policy of our Party and Government is a correct Marxist-Leninist and revolutionary one, unflinching under any circumstances. We have fought and continue to fight through to the end for genuine socialism and communism under the banner of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin braving all kinds of currents and hurricanes of whatever force they may be. These currents and hurricanes do not intimidate or frighten us Albanians. We will support and protect all the peoples who fight in defense of their freedom and independence.

The Soviet revisionists have long been hovering over and using vile threats and blackmail intending to subjugate the Socialist Republic of Rumania and its people. Under the guise of the Warsaw Treaty they use military blackmail demanding with persistence to carry on maneuvers in Rumania, in other words, to station their military forces in the territory of Rumania, in other words, to occupy Rumania and set up a Quisling government there just as they did in Czechoslovakia. The revisionist chiefs at Kremlin want to make Rumania a colony of



theirs and, to attain this objective, they exert economic pressure, they want to integrate it with their own economy, to impose on the Rumanians even their bankrupt currency. Formely, Khrushchev, through his plan of creating «Inter-State Production Complex of the Lower Danube», was more «modest». He aimed at colonizing only part of Rumania, its Danubian and Bucharest regions. While the Brezhnev-Kosygin clique is more covetous, it wants to swallow up the whole of Rumania. But the Rumanian people, the Rumanian Communist Party and Government are offering firm and courageous resistance to this impudent pressure.

The Albanian people, their Party and Government are and will always be by the side of the fraternal Rumanian people, they will uphold and support them in their just struggle. We tell our Rumanian brothers: hold on, for you are strong while your enemies are weak; hold on, for you have many friends in the world who wish you well and support your correct line!

The Soviet social-imperialists exert such pressure and hatch up aggressive schemes thinking that no one will hold them to account once they have the consent of the U.S. imperialists. But we tell them: revisionist aggressors, keep your gory hands off of Rumania! Don't forget that you will have to deal with all the Rumanian people who will never succumb to your enslaving intentions but will fight with pluck and courage in defense of their freedom and independence; that you will have to deal with all the progressive-minded people, real friends of the Rumanian people who will be on their side and in their defense.

We have backed and will continue to back with all our might the struggle of the fraternal Vietnamese people, of the fraternal Laotian people, of the fraternal Cambodian people. We have always followed with special sympathy the correct and persistent struggle of the Arab peoples to liberate their land occupied by the Israeli aggressors and vindicate their national rights from the conspiracy of the imperialists and their lackeys. We have firmly supported their just struggle as well as the heroic war of the brave Palestinian people against their ruthless imperialist and Israeli enemies.

The Albanian people are loyal and sincere friends of all the Arab peoples and the Palestinians. That is why they stood and will continue to stand side by side their struggle and are fully convinced that final victory will be on the side of the Arab peoples.

We have backed and will back all the other peoples of the

world who fight in defense of freedom, independence, democracy and socialism. We will fight through to the end against the traitors to Marxism-Leninism, first and foremost, against the Soviet revisionists and against all kinds of revisionism of other hues as well as against all the reactionaries of the world.

We work and build, but at the same time we keep strengthening the defensive potential of our socialist Homeland with each one of us being a hard-fisted soldier of our People's Republic. Our frontiers are inviolate. Let our enemies not think that we are the people of a small and weak country. We have strong and sincere life-long friends like the great People's China and many other friends throughout the world. We assail no one, but at the same time, we warn the imperialists and revisionists to be aware that who lays his hands on Albania will meet death, the victory will be ours.

The policy of our Party and Government has always been and is in favor of good relations with our neighbors. We have said and are stressing that we wish to be friendly with peoples of our neighboring states. We have wished and will always wish well for our neighboring peoples. We have never done any harm to them; only when their reactionary fascist cliques have done harm to us have we reacted and have dealt them what they had deserved. We wish to have good relations with them on a State level and on the basis of reciprocal advantage. We have made known our wishes and views to every State but we do not force them on any one. Others have also seen and felt the futility to inspire or to force on us their views unacceptable to us.

## **EXCERPTS**

### **FROM A SPEECH DELIVERED BY COMRADE ENVER HOXHA AT THE MASS RALLY OF THE WORKERS OF THE TROPOJA DISTRICT IN THE CITY OF BAJRAM CURRI ON MAY 30, 1970**

Dear Comrades of the Tropoja District!

Every one is fascinated as soon as he comes up the Luzha Pass and views from there the majesty of these mountains which seem to say: Just as grand, gigantic and unconquerable as the Shkëlzeni mountain have the Albanian people stood with head erect through the centuries. They have always withstood storms, forced their way through the vicissitudes of time, beaten their enemies who intended to deprive them of their freedom teaching them the great lesson that the Albanian people are not slaves. It is precisely among these lofty mountains with their beautiful plateaux, their green meadows which in winter are covered with snow that there live and strive for socialism a marvellous people tall in stature, strong of heart and of enlightened minds.

I too, like every one else, have felt the magnetic, fascinating attraction of the people of your district, therefore I advise every one to come and visit Tropoja, this remote mountain corner of our country with its landscape of real beauty, where there live such marvellous people as you, where agriculture and animal husbandry are being developed with success and where the ingenious workers of new Albania will certainly discover the invaluable riches of the subsoil in the days to come.

The State Power of the dictatorship of the proletariat has turned Albania into a beautiful country. In the first place, this



State Power has embellished man himself, has taught him to love and transform the environment, to harness rivers and to build hydro-power stations to fill the country with workshops, factories and with a number of other works, all of them, from first to last, the common property of the people. During the years of this State Power, the marshes and swamps, hotbeds of malaria, have been turned into flourishing fertile fields accessible to tractor-driven implements, drainage and irrigation canals, numerous terraces and water reservoirs have been opened all over, agriculture has been collectivized, everywhere the people are living and working like a great family and for a great common purpose. In addition to having set up a powerful modern industry and advanced agriculture and animal husbandry which keep developing from one year to another, our People's State Power has opened thousands of primary, 8th-grade and secondary schools, the State University of Tirana and other higher institutes of learning, hospitals and maternity homes, cultural centers all over the country; it has continually raised the well-being of the people and, in order to safeguard the achievements of the people, it has organized a steel-like army equipped with most up-to-date means, an army of a popular character and ready at all times to defend our socialist Homeland, in which every good soldier of the Republic is at the same time its good citizen and every good citizen is, at the same time, a good soldier of the Republic.

Tropoja is a mountain district but the Party has wrought such tremendous changes that it can now grow its own food grains. Your district employs now more tractors than all of Albania employed in 1938. You have trebled the size of arable land. In the past you grew only maize and even that with much difficulty, whereas now you grow also wheat from which you receive, on a district scale, an average of 19.3 quintals per hectare. Let the most fertile lowlands of the revisionist countries where agriculture is on the decline, where cooperative farming has been wrecked, take an example from you; let them sit up and take notice of how real socialism is being built in the Shkelzeni highlands by these brave people which are guided by the Party according to Lenin's and Stalin's teachings.

Of course, these results have been attained by hard work and sweat on your part. You have built here canals like those of Krasniqaj, Begaj and others which have put under irrigation more than 75% of arable land. Your mountain district has been linked all across with motor roads. Every home in Tropoja,



from Dragobia to Paç and Lekbibaj, is now lighted by electricity. There is no village in your district today lacking a wireless receiver. Instead of 11 primary schools with 575 pupils and 13 teachers which it used to have before liberation, your district has now 85 schools (4 of which secondary schools) with 6200 pupils and 260 teachers, without reckoning nearly 800 other high and medium cadres which are being trained in other districts. Other major achievements have been attained in your district. There also our revolution marches ahead nonstop as everywhere else in Albania.

One of the most brilliant achievements throughout our country has been the emancipation of women from the medieval shackles of the past, the enhancement of their personality in the family and social work. No one could ever imagine before that the Tropoja women would be elected as representatives to the People's Assembly, as presidents of cooperatives, as members of the People's Councils or become teachers, physicians, genecologists, etc. It never came to pass before that thousands of women and girls would set out to take part in mass actions, or to pursue courses of study, or that whole groups of girls and women would go to strike up friendship with their sisters and brothers in the South and then return from there skilful and cheerful to become in this way the ardent initiators of bringing progress to their home villages. What a host of prejudices and backward customs have been upset among you. new ideas are daily taking root everywhere, socialist culture is spreading everywhere. The new socialist man is being tempered in the new norms of communist ethics here in Tropoja as in every other district.

Since we have gathered here today in this ancient landmark rich in historical events, our thoughts can not help turning to that prominent man whose name is borne by this quite new town of socialism; to the Eagle of the Mountains, patriot and revolutionary, Hero of the People Bajram Curri. Uncle Bajram has loved and paced every footpath of this land. As far back as 60 or 70 years ago, at the head of our valiant mountaineers, he fought like a lion for the freedom and independence of Albania against the Ottoman invaders, against the Serbomans, against the wiles and intrigues of the imperialist Powers who aimed at enslaving and chopping up our Homeland. Bajram Curri was one of the first persons in our country to appreciate the work of Lenin and the Bolsheviks in Russia and to hail the triumph of the October Revolution which opened a new

epoch in the history of mankind, the epoch of proletarian revolutions and of the triumph of socialism. He came to grips with the counter-revolutionary forces of the Satrap Ahmet Zogu, till he shed his blood and laid down his life for the bright future of Albania among these lofty mountains.

Our Fatherland will never forget the heroic deeds of the partisans of the Tropoja district who, enrolled in the «Emin Duraku» band, in the «Bajram Curri» and «Rinia» (YOUTH) battalions and, later, in the 25th Storm Brigade formed in your district, fought heroically together with the other partisans for the liberation of the whole region up to Gjakova, Peja, Prizren and deep inside Yugoslavia. Our Kosovari brothers saw with their own eyes how the sons and daughters of Bajram Curri and the Albanian Communist Party came to their aid in freeing them from the nazi-fascist invaders.

Yours is a mountain district but people should absolutely remove from their minds the idea that highlands have no prospects for economic and cultural development. This is an erroneous, non-Marxist, point of view. Only the capitalists and revisionists, who center their efforts where profits are large for themselves and not for people, think this way. They have abandoned the highlands. Development of agriculture, animal husbandry, education and culture for the good of the people is their last concern. The policy they pursue aims at depleting the mountain areas of their population, swelling the ranks of the unemployed or turning this part of the population into a reserve of strike breakers. Among a considerable part of the population of many capitalist and revisionist countries called advanced ones, there reigns illiteracy, using pitchpine or kerosene lamps for illumination, lacking schools whereas the males migrate «en masse» from their homes when they are still of tender age. The capitalists and revisionists use these emigrants as commodities for trade, distributing them to all other countries where they are exploited like slaves. And with this they boast that their urban population is rising, that the number of industrial workers is allegedly increasing and that the number of agricultural workers is decreasing. Through all this, they try to create the erroneous impression that the industry in their countries is developing to a high proportion and, consequently, there is an increase in the mechanization of agriculture. But the truth lies elsewhere and precisely in what I just said.

The policy of our Party is in flagrant contradiction with the capitalist economic policy. Our Party follows a clear-cut

line towards the mountain regions: «To make our highlands as fertile as our lowlands». This is not a mere formula. Life itself among us has shown that socialism, organized work in cooperatives, the genius of man and the crystal-clear policy of the Party are turning our highlands into fertile land. For this, as you know, the Party has done a lot of work and has taken a number of steps which have favored particularly the cooperatives of the mountain areas. In order to step up their improvement special credits have been accorded for agriculture and animal husbandry and their mechanization, for selected seeds and breeds of livestock of high yields. These favoring measures have already begun to be carried out on a wide scale and they will be supplemented with others from year to year. The coming five-year plan which is under preparation envisages still greater efforts to be made by the Party and the people to develop agriculture and animal husbandry in the highland regions.

Socialism is a social order not only with an advanced economic basis but also with an advanced superstructure. This implies that we should develop socialism without a break both in the field of production as well as in the political, ideological, cultural and other fields. It is precisely for this reason that the 5th Party Congress, the Party Central Committee and the Government have taken very important decisions and have outlined tasks and measures to step up work on all fronts. And the people have responded to them with exceptional readiness. This accounts for the uninterrupted consolidation of our People's State Power and its organs, for the success of the campaign against manifestations of bureaucratism, conservatism, patriarchalism, traces of the past and influences of alien bourgeois and revisionist ideology. This accounts for the good work done in emancipating women, in fighting backward customs, and so on and so forth.

But should we rest on our laurels and be content with what we have achieved so far? In no way whatsoever. We have still a lot to do. Our revolution, especially, in the ideological and cultural field, should be intensified, extended and deepened. We should strengthen our People's State Power, intensify our campaign against bureaucratic concepts and procrastination in our work so that every task in industry, agriculture, trade, education, culture etc. may be accomplished quickly, well and in full conformity with the interests of the people, of the country and of socialism. But we should further strive to raise our ideological and cultural level, to grasp the revolutionary



ideas of the Party, of Marxism-Leninism, to uproot all prejudices and traces of the past, conservatism and the sense of patriarchalism. All of us should do more for the complete emancipation of women.

Women, who make up more than half of the population, are such a colossal force that no progress can be made towards communism without them. This is why they should enjoy all their rights, written and unwritten, both at work, in society and in the family. That is why the men should strive hand in hand with them at work, at home and out of home, like equals among equals. A woman cannot be called emancipated only because she takes up a job and secures an income for herself, or because her husband does a little piece of work at home, or because she may be elected to some post of responsibility, or because a girl takes part in a group of artists. They should take part in work and everywhere on equal terms with men and boys.

It is likewise necessary to strive to continually improve the way of living in a cultured manner, to introduce hygiene and cleanliness everywhere, to utilize the social and cultural institutions set up in the countryside in order to undergo curative and medical treatment prescribed by the physicians, to visit regularly the hospitals, ambulances and maternity homes. In all these matters a major role should continually be played by our Front, Women's and Youth organizations and by our teachers who are the carriers of the revolutionary line of our Party to the rural areas. There is no doubt that by acting in this way we will proceed further and further ahead.

Thanks to the efforts and concern of the people themselves and of the Party, Albania has become an insuperable granitic rock of socialism on the Adriatic coast. Under the leadership of the Party, it holds aloft the banner of battle against U.S.-led imperialism and against modern revisionism headed by the Soviet traitors. We have many strong friends and comrades in the world like Mao Tsetung's great 700-million-strong China and all the revolutionary and Marxist-Leninist forces which keep growing and becoming stronger every day in battle with our common enemies.

In the revolutionary international situation existing in the world the imperialists, revisionists and reactionaries are experiencing major defeats, internal and external, political, economic and military. In looking for a way out of this situation, they hatch up plots and create new hotbeds of aggression as



they have done in Vietnam, Laos, Czechoslovakia and elsewhere, as the U.S. imperialist have recently done in Cambodia. This shows not their strength but their weakness, it shows that they are approaching their doom. The powerful fist of the people will frustrate their schemes and will crush them to smithereens. In this situation, our people are honorably fulfilling their national and international obligations by backing the struggle of the people in defense of freedom, independence and socialism. We carry on with consistency the policy of protecting our socialist achievements, our freedom and the independence of our Homeland, therefore, all of us, old and young, hold our powder dry, we are the soldiers of revolution.

Our country pursues a policy of good neighborliness, of respect, sovereignty and of nonintervention in internal affairs towards all the neighboring States. The policy of our Party and Government is a principled one based on the teachings of Marxism-Leninism. It is on this basis that we have established and establish our relations with other countries, it is on this basis that we develop also our relations with our neighbor Yugoslavia.

Our views about Yugoslavia are known and we express them publicly. We do not interfere in the internal affairs of the Yugoslav people but we do not keep it a secret that between us and the Yugoslav leadership there exist deep, irreconcilable ideological contradictions which have their source in the fact that the Yugoslav leadership is not a Marxist-Leninist one, on the contrary, it pursues a revisionist line with all its consequences. This is the view of our Party and, if we allow ourselves the right to hold and defend to the end this view, we do not deny to any one the right to maintain his own views about us. Therefore, our Party will never give up its principled ideological polemics but will fight to the end against any anti-Marxist and revisionist view of whatever shade it may be.

But with the Federative Socialist Republic of Yugoslavia we maintain State relations both in trade as well as in all matters of mutual interest. We have been and are in favor of continually improving such relations and the good will on our part has not been nor will it be lacking in this direction, since with the people of Yugoslavia, as we have continually said and say, we are friends and brothers, therefore we wish that these feelings of friendship tempered in our common struggle against the fascists, when Albanian and Yugoslav partisans fought side by side, bandaged the wounds of one another and

together came off triumphant, may develop along correct lines and to their mutual benefit.

At the same time we are aware that the U.S. and Soviet imperialists, for whom the People's Republic of Albania is a thorn in their flesh, keep conspiring against it. But they will never succeed in achieving their cruel objectives for the Albanian people hold their eyes always open and their finger on the trigger. These last two years the Khrushchevite revisionist aggressors have been threatening Yugoslavia and its people, their freedom, independence and sovereignty. The peoples of all nationalities who reside in Yugoslavia fought with valor during the anti-fascist war and they will surely know how to fight again and give to any aggressor who will attempt to deprive them of their freedom and independence gained with bloodshed and sacrifice what he deserves. In case of danger, the Albanian people will be by the side of the Yugoslav people against whichever aggressor who would threaten the freedom, sovereignty and national independence of our peoples. And the aggressor should have it brought home to him that he will not only fail to break through our lines but that in an adventure of this kind he will meet his doom. We have said and repeat it in clear, unequivocal and open terms. And this stand of ours is a principled one.

As we all know, there is a large Albanian population in Yugoslavia. Our Kosovari brothers live and work there. It would be an anti-Marxist gesture and a national betrayal if we neglect this fact, if we failed to be concerned about their fate. And the central press organ of the Yugoslav leadership, the «Borba» daily itself, acknowledged as an indubitable truth the fact that the Albanian people «have always been the target of foreign invaders but, nevertheless, they have always found strength enough in themselves to preserve their national identity; it is not fortuitous that the Albanians are the oldest ethnic group living in Europe and who have fought in defense of their national independence». What we want is that our brothers beyond our boundaries should enjoy their full rights like the other peoples of Yugoslavia. It is a fact that there have been periods when these rights have not only been denied them but the Kosovari and all the Albanians residing in Yugoslavia have been subjected to injustice and various chauvinist discriminations. Our people and Party have more than once raised their voice of protest and have upheld the rights of their brothers of the same blood and mother tongue. For this our

correct, principled and humane stand the Yugoslav leaders have accused us of chauvinism. But facts went to show that it is not we who are such but, on the contrary, chauvinists were those who systematically denied even the most elementary rights to our Albanian brothers. We say it publicly that we have never interfered nor do we intend to interfere in the internal affairs of Yugoslavia. We do not pretend that the Macedonians or Turks are Albanians but we say that the Kosovari, the Albanians in Macedonia or in Montenegro, are Albanians therefore, we are fully justified in denouncing every act which denies to our Kosovari brothers and others the rights which the Yugoslav constitution guarantees to them and every measure aimed at denationalizing or of driving them away from the land of their forefathers. We can not look on and keep silent when cases appear in which the Albanians residing in Yugoslavia are charged with so-called political crimes when they are interested in the development of the new life in Albania, in our achievements and successes in building socialism. It would be a short-sighted and unsuccessful policy if attempts were made to set the Albanian population of Kosova in any form against the People's Republic of Albania. We have protected and will protect our Kosovari brothers and their rights always according to international usage and within humanitarian norms, within norms of good neighborliness between our two States.

We are certain that the peoples of Yugoslavia, who are our friends form a correct appraisal of and approve this stand of ours. Only those who are hostile not only towards the Kosovari but also towards the freedom and independence of the peoples of Yugoslavia will accuse us of chauvinism as if we seem to interfere in the internal affairs of Yugoslavia.

It is clear that nothing good comes for the friendship between our two countries if the chauvinist Serbomanian and other forces in Yugoslavia are allowed to suppress the national sentiments of the Albanians in Kosova, Macedonia or Montenegro, to smother the legitimate manifestations of these sentiments based on their noble patriotic traditions.

The people of Albania are glad that their Kosovari brothers are taking more and more part in the development of the economy and government of the country, that the people, the youth and intellectuals of Kosova are attending Albanian schools and exert major efforts to consolidate and develop their mother tongue, their Albanian traditions, customs and culture.



Our people and our various scientific, educational and cultural institutions have been and are always willing to help their Kosovari brothers in their noble undertaking. We are ready to maintain cultural in addition to trade relations. We can do this with the other peoples of Yugoslavia as well but with Kosova these relations are favored by the identity of traditions, culture and language. The various Departments of our University and our higher institutes of learning are ready to help our Kosovari brothers with the necessary textbooks on various subjects. Our higher institutes of learning can also accord scholarships to young Kosovaris to pursue their studies in the departments they choose just as they can admit many others or even Kosovari teachers for practice and specialization or to exchange experience. We are sure that in this direction too, our fraternal people of Yugoslavia will understand and support us since this is an internationalist gesture.

**EXCERPTS**  
**FROM A SPEECH DELIVERED BY COMRADE**  
**ENVER HOXHA AT THE MASS RALLY OF THE**  
**WORKERS OF THE PUKA DISTRICT ON JUNE 2, 1970**

Dear Comrades, Sisters and Brothers of Puka!

It is a great pleasure for me to meet and talk heart-to-heart today with the brave Puka people, with the representatives of the working class, with the famous Puka sawyers, with the cooperative farmers and all other workers of your district. On this occasion I convey to you the warmest revolutionary greetings of the Party and Government and I congratulate you from the bottom of my heart for the successes you have attained in building your new socialist life.

These days, comrades, I had a number of meetings and talks with the people of Kukës and Tropoja. I saw there with my own eyes the progress which had been made, and everywhere we talked like comrades and brothers about the future, about the tasks lying in store for us. In this connection I listened attentively to the suggestions of the workers and peasants and we advised one another so that our work may make further progress. The contacts and talks I had with them, as well as those I will have with you, are and will be very useful. I am sure that they will help us all to accomplish still better the major tasks that our Party has laid before us.

But I wish to mention that during these contacts we have had at times to recall the bitter past in order to size up the struggle and great efforts which our marvellous people have made under the guidance of our Party in order to arrive at where we are today. Whichever way you take, wherever you stop you see the changes that have been made and which have turned the environment to as a different one from that of the period before liberation as day from night.

Here, for instance, you look at Puka, this small but clean and beautiful mountain town, with schools, houses and shops, and your thoughts fly at once to old Puka of four or five barracks which had more blood-sucking gendarms, tithe collectors and employees of Zogu and the fascists than people; you see today Fush-Arëz, with its saw mills spread all over the district and employing thousands of workers, sons of these highlands, who have brought life, joy and happiness to every Albanian family; when one thinks that every building in our country is put up with the timber which you, Puka heroes, have sawn in rain or snow and have sent to your brothers throughout the country, one realises that everything in our country has been built with the timber you have turned out with your hands which are as scabrous as the bark of age-long pine trees.

The Puka district has developed a great deal during these years of People's State Power. Socialist industry is expanding by leaps and bounds here. Puka is famous all over Albania for its immense forest resources and the development of its woodworking industry, but it provides the country and socialist construction also with copper ore, kaolin and many other very necessary products. The establishment of industry has formed here also the working class which grows and becomes stronger and stronger and which, like all the working class of the country, stands at the forefront of battle for the construction of socialism.

I am glad also that you have scored significant progress in developing agriculture. In particular I wish to congratulate you, comrades of the cooperatives, for the high yields you have received from all the areas planted to maize as well as for the great work you have done and the success you have attained in bringing most of the arable land of your district under irrigation. Your experience in these direction is praiseworthy and should serve as an example especially for those mountain districts which have conditions similar to yours but which are lagging behind.

The time since the collective farms were established in your district has been too short for them to be properly developed, nevertheless, many of them have made perceptible progress. Not only because most of them secured their own food grains but also because they introduced new crops like wheat and potatoes and received high yields in dairy and other products. During the last four months this year alone they reclaimed over 300 hectares of virgin land.



By following the good experience of the Dibra district in organizing mass actions at concentrated targets, your district has achieved good results also in building motor roads in many mountain areas and in completing the Gojan irrigation canal. Work will soon be completed also in the electric reticulation of your whole district. This is a major victory and will be an occasion for general rejoicing for all the inhabitants of these regions, because together with electricity in the daily life of the family there will come culture, wireless and TV receivers. What a number of occasions to rejoice! Such great changes in such a short period of time can be brought about only by a people who are consistently steered along the road of major transformations by a Marxist-Leninist party like our Party of Labor.

Good work has been and is being done in the Puka district, as throughout the country, in uprooting alien concepts, backward customs and religious beliefs. Hand in hand with doing away with the old, efforts are being made to assert the new, to introduce what is progressive, socialist. This will be a long, arduous and delicate struggle because the resistance of the old world in this field is exceptionally stubborn and its roots lie deep. But this cannot discourage and make us give up our objective of bringing about the complete triumph of socialism also on this vital front. First of all it is necessary to know what these survivals and bad customs are so that we may then fight them as we should. In this regard, good work has been done here especially in directing your blows to tribal, religious, canonical remnants and old customs which are met with in your district and which are at variance with our socialist course and our Marxist-Leninist world outlook.

Comrades, the successes of your district are grand indeed, but they will be more brilliant in the days to come. You yourselves will bear witness to the growth and expansion of the woodworking industry, to the increase of copper ore and kaolin output, the mechanization of agriculture, the higher yields of agricultural and dairy products. Work will soon start here in your city on setting up an asbestos processing plant. And the day will not be far off when between these mountains, yonder in the Fierza ford, there will soar up the tall chimneys of powerful drills, you will hear the blast of explosives and the din of bulldozers and heavy loaded trucks transporting materials to build the new hydro-electric power-plant. Up-to-date machinery and other powerful means of transportation never seen

before in these regions will inundate these beautiful landmarks. Then, many sons and daughters from these highlands will be joined by thousands of workers coming here from all the corners of the country to build the Fierza Hydro-power Station, this giant of our electric industry which will be not only the biggest in our country but one of the biggest in Europe. It will have an installed capacity of about 400,000 kW. Thus, to Albania there will be added another monument of the internationalist Albanian-Chinese friendship and fraternal aid which the Chinese people and their glorious Chinese Communist Party headed by comrade Mao Tsetung give to our people and our Party.

These are only a part of those which will be built and produced in our country during the coming years. The new five-year plan which is being worked out by the Party and Government envisages the setting up of new factories and working establishments, the building of other railroads, canals and water reservoirs, schools and dwelling houses and so on. The population will be supplied with more commodities for daily use and more education and culture.

During these 29 years with their Party, the people from their own experience have formed the conviction that the Party does what it says, that progress has always been made from one year to another and that life keeps improving nonstop. These are a clear expression of the fact that the Party is loyal to its people who have brought it into being, that there is no higher interest for it than that of its people and that its line is an entirely correct one.

## **S P E E C H**

### **DELIVERED BY COMRADE ENVER HOXHA AT THE MASS RALLY OF THE BUILDERS OF THE «MAO TSETUNG» HYDRO-POWER STATION ON JUNE 3, 1970**

Dear Comrade Workers and Specialists,  
Builders of the «Mao Tsetung» Hydro-power Station!

When I first came here, the work on the Hydro-power Station was still at the initial stage but ever since I have continually followed with greatest attention your heroic work, your successes and achievements. Today, that I am seeing with my own eyes the successes you have achieved I feel exceptionally glad of all that you have done with your golden hands.

During my tour of the worksite and from the talks I had with the workers, specialists and supervisors of work, I got a clear picture of your colossal work, the efforts you have made to surmount with courage and self-denial a great number of difficulties and obstacles inevitable in such a stupendous and complex undertaking. Our Party and our people as a whole think highly of the tireless efforts, heroism and the spirit of sacrifice which you have shown and continue to show, comrade builders of the hydro-power station, your high sense of duty and unconquerable will power to carry out your duty at all costs, your initiative and spirit of innovation in resolving technical and organizational problems.

I take advantage of this occasion to congratulate you on behalf of our Party and Government for your self-denying work in building this great project of socialism and to wish you from my heart further successes. I wish in particular, to greet and thank most heartily the Chinese comrade specialists for



their exemplary work and valuable assistance they have rendered and continue to render in designing and building this project of such importance.

The «Mao Tsetung» Hydro-power Station is the biggest building project of this five-year plan. The work here involves 4 million cubic meters of digging, 5 million cubic meters of filling in, 470,000 cubic meters of laying reinforced concrete, the diversion of the Drini river which has already been done by building a tunnel and a 41 meter high dam and a number of other operations, all of them originally solving many a difficult engineering and technical, economic and organizational problem. But you, comrade workers and specialists, Albanian and Chinese, are accomplishing all these tasks. Good for you, comrades! A good number of mechanized means are being used in the work at this hydro-power station. This is the project we are building with the widest use of mechanized means. And our working class has not only mastered the use of a large number of machines, often complicated ones, but it is utilizing them more and more efficiently.

But the hydro-power station on the Drini river is not only a major project of construction; it has turned into a massive school of education in which our working class perfects its art of building socialism, raises its ideological and political, educational and cultural, technical and vocational level to a higher degree, strengthens its socialist sense of duty, learns to take part more and more effectively in running the economy, State affairs and the whole life of the country. I learned that many of you pursue their studies here at the branch of the State University and the secondary vocational part-time school in the building, mechanical and electrical engineering as well as a number of part-time courses which train new specialists and qualify others. This is a very useful thing for, by combining work with teaching, many talents flourish, hundreds upon hundreds of managers and work cadres are tempered in all the fields of socialist construction so as to play a vital role in further revolutionizing our whole social life. Imagine of what colossal importance is this in raising the role of the working class for the coming projects which await us and especially in developing such districts as those of Shkodra, Puka, Kukës and Tropoja which send their sons and daughters to be trained at this great revolutionary school and to be turned later on into experienced cadres.

Comrades!

At the sight of this gigantic project we are all seized with a legitimate sense of pride for the deep transformations our Homeland has undergone and for the magnificent achievements it has attained during the years of our People's State Power proceeding along socialist lines. Judgment on these transformations and achievements can be passed not only by the older generation, who have gone through the dark period of the anti-popular regimes of exploitation and ignorance, but also by the younger generation who have seen for themselves the major difficulties which our country has experienced during the early years after liberation. Imagine for a moment, comrades: could such a magnificent and complex project be built or even be dreamt about in Albania of the past? Could one imagine at that time, when only in certain principal towns there existed some small power plants which could hardly suffice to provide lights, that in our Albania there would be built powerful hydro-power stations like this one at Vau Denjës which will turn out 1 billion kilowatt hours of electric power a year? One who would have spoken of such a thing at that time would surely have been dubbed a lunatic.

Today this is a living reality which shows that our Party is fulfilling a great aspiration — the electrification of our economy and of all the country. You know that, after the big «Mao Tsetung» hydro-power Station at Vau Denjës, other giants of our power network, like that at Fierza together with a wide network of medium sized hydro-power stations will harness our precipitous rivers in order to put their power into the service of our great cause of revolution and socialism.

Orienting and guiding the people along the road to socialist construction, our Party has pursued and will pursue with unflinching consistency the policy of electrification of our economy and of all our country. In this matter it always bears in mind great Lenin's teachings that communism is proletarian State Power plus electrification of the whole country. In order to overcome the age-long backwardness inherited from the past, to build the complete material and technological basis of socialism, to consolidate its economic independence and to become every day more capable of standing on its own feet, our country stands in need of a powerful modern industry, of an intensive agriculture, of a powerful basis of building construction and highly developed transport. On this depend also the uplift of the people's well-being and the consolidation of the country's

defenses. But all these objectives are impossible to attain without a sound power basis. And this basis, under the specific conditions of our country, can be ensured by the electrification of our economy.

Hand in hand with others, electrification is one of the principal factors to give a powerful and uninterrupted impulse to the development of the forces of and relations in production. On it depends the full utilization of the capacities and of the colossal latent resources in all fields of economy, the development and improvement of the production of the means of production, the guarantee for large-scale socialist reproduction, the increase of consumer commodities. Mechanization, automatization, the increase of work productivity, the improvement of quality, the increase of assortments, reduction of costs and others, in short, the revolutionization of production at the rate envisaged by the Party for the present and the future can not be thought of and realized without the gradual and progressive introduction of electric power everywhere. All of these condition the consolidation of the economic basis and structure of our socialist order which determines the further development of our society as a whole.

But the importance of the electrification is not confined to this alone. Electrification exerts also a major influence and a direct action on the development of all our socialist superstructure, inevitably bringing about deep consequences in the ideas of the people, in the development of the sciences, in the activity of cultural, educational and other institutions, as well as in social life as a whole. Look, for instance, what is already happening in our countryside where electricity is being brought to the most remote corners of our highlands where the houses used to covered with the soot of pitch pine torches and where ignorance reigned supreme. Everywhere, people are more cheerful and gay, going to their work more willingly since, after their work hours in their common enterprise, they can rest in a more active and cultured way. Electric light in a peasant home is a great blessing indeed. Many so-called advanced states in the world lack a thing of this kind. That is why our peasant realized full well and is grateful to the Party, the People's State Power and the working class for bringing to his home this and many other benefits for which he is more appreciative and in which he sees more clearly his own obligations towards society.

The introduction of electricity in village homes created



conditions for installing wireless-sets in them, thus enabling the peasants to listen to the word of the Party directly, helping political training, spreading culture and education, making the arts, music and knowledge accessible to every peasant home. It creates further opportunities for the peasants, especially the youth, to frequent cultural centers, to take more active part in their work, to learn from books, the press etc. at any time. These, together with all the other activities of the Party and its levers, cannot help influence the psychology of the peasants and their relations in the family, driving away conservative and patriarchal concepts, religious prejudices and backward customs, improving their method of living, etc.

The electrification of rural areas, therefore, is a very important and effective step to bring about the all-round progress of our socialist countryside, to narrow gradually down the essential differences between rural and urban centers, a thing which is an absolute requirement for the construction of socialist and, eventually, of communist society. Throughout Albania a revolutionary mass action is afoot to complete the electric reticulation of our rural areas. The bold decision taken by the 4th Plenum of the Central Committee to complete the electric reticulation of all our rural areas by November 8, 1971, in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of our glorious Party, that is, 14 years ahead of schedule set by former plans, is not only being carried out with full success but all the possibilities exist for it to be completed even before that time limit. With the realization of this majestic task, our country, which only three decades ago used to be the most backward one in Europe, becomes one of the first countries throughout the world to have its rural areas completely electrified. This is a major victory indicating that our Party's words are not hot air, that at our Party's call, our people are willing and capable of doing wonders, that socialist construction in our country, even under conditions of imperialist and revisionist encirclement and blockade, forges ahead in a brilliant way.

All of these show that, you comrades who work and strive in the field of the electrification of our country, are doing a very valuable job of great vital importance to the cause of completing the construction of socialism in our country.

The hydro-power station you are building bears the name of the glorious leader of the fraternal Chinese people, the dearest friend of our people, the great Marxist-Leninist, Comrade Mao Tsetung. And this is not accidental. It is the expression of

the love and respect the Albanian people nurture towards the fraternal Chinese people and Comrade Mao Tsetung, the expression of the unbreakable revolutionary Albanian-Chinese friendship, the expression of the deep gratitude of our people to the Chinese people, the Communist Party of China and Chairman Mao Tsetung for the great internationalist and unsparing aid they extend to our country in building socialism.

The great friendship binding our two peoples, the work of our two glorious Parties, tempered in class battle, in combat against savage imperialist and revisionist enemies and based on the immortal principles of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism will live in centuries. That is a friendship guided by common aims, by our identical ideals. It is based on solid foundations, therefore, our Parties, Governments and people are fully at one on all matters, in all directions and march ahead strongly united and side by side towards communism.

The relations of our country with the great People's China are a living example of friendship and of internationalist collaboration in the joint struggle for the triumph of the cause of revolution and socialism. They are important to our two countries but also internationally, not only for the present but also for the days to come, for they make up a valuable experience on how the relations between fraternal Marxist-Leninist parties and socialist countries should be built. This is quite at variance with what takes place in the relations between revisionist countries.

The revisionist cliques which are in power, especially the Soviet revisionist leaders speak a lot about «proletarian internationalism», about the «support» and «sincere aid» they pretend to give to other countries, about the «international socialist division of labor», and so on. But all this is a clumsy demagoguery and, in reality, things stand quite different. Under the guise of «aid», of «the international division of labor», of «socialist integration», the Soviet revisionist clique seeks to fully subjugate the economy of the other revisionist countries and to turn it into an appendage of the Soviet economy. Under the fraudulent slogan of «internationalism» and «the protection of the victories of the socialist family of nations», it has limited and is doing away altogether also with their national independence. In occupied Czechoslovakia the new Soviet imperialists have done this openly while in other revisionist countries they are doing it secretly by stationing their troops under the guise of «manoeuvres» of the Warsaw Treaty.

An inevitable result of this anti-Marxist policy and imperialist designs prevailing in the relations between revisionists are the critical political and economic conditions which have gripped all the countries where the revisionists hold sway, the crises and impoverishment of the people, the growing squabbles and divisions between the cliques in power. Each clique adopts a perfidious policy towards the other, each trying to put the noose around the other's neck. The real features of revisionism, especially of the Khrushchevite Soviet revisionism, has been revealed to the eyes of many peoples who have experienced and are bearing the heavy weight of the imperialist and colonialist policy of the traitors to communism on their own backs.

And the more the revisionists, especially the Soviet renegades are exposed as traitors to the cause of socialism, as oppressors of the people and as new imperialists, the clearer appears before the workers of the whole world the great role of Mao Tsetung's great People's China as a powerful bastion of socialism and a champion of the ideals of freedom, as their reliable supporter in their struggle against imperialism, social-imperialism and reaction.

It is precisely for this reason that the U.S. and Soviet revisionists who dream of and work for world domination, see in the People's Republic of China the main obstacle to the realization of their criminal designs, they see in China their principal enemy. That is why they have directed and direct their blows, first and foremost, against the Chinese fortress. But the imperialist enemies, whether U.S. or Soviet have failed so far and they will surely fail also in the days to come. There is no nor will there be force enough not only to wipe out but even to hamper Mao Tsetung's China from following the road of socialism and revolution.

The imperialists and revisionists had pinned their hopes of liquidating China as a bulwark of socialism on Liu Chao-chi's bourgeois and camouflaged clique which strove to usurp the Party and State leadership, just as the Khrushchevite clique had done in the Soviet Union, and embark China on the road to the restoration of capitalism. The Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution which broke out and was conducted under the direct guidance of comrade Mao Tsetung burned this card in their hand, smashed and overthrew Liu Shao-chi's clique, consolidated the dictatorship of the proletariat in China, and China remained red.

The enemies of communism had hoped that the Great



Proletarian Cultural Revolution would cause trouble and bring about disorder in the development of economy and science and would lead to the weakening of the defensive potential of the People's Republic of China. These hopes, too, came short of having success. On the contrary, the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, which raised the socialist sense of duty and revolutionary enthusiasm of the 700 million Chinese people to an unprecedented height, gave a further impetus to socialist production in China, to the development of science and modern technology, to the all-round consolidation of the defensive potential of the People's Republic of China.

Various reports from China, what our men and women visiting China have seen and are seeing, show that never before has the Chinese market been so rich as now. You can find all things there and in abundance. The bourgeois journalists are compelled to admit as much. Only the Moscov renegades who are used to painting white in black colors cannot or do not want to see this. But the sun cannot be covered up with a sieve!

China's power, its technological and scientific development, its economic potential, the progress of its industry and culture were expressed in great clarity with the successful launching of the first man-made Chinese satellite to space orbit. This was a magnificent victory of the fraternal Chinese people, of the correct revolutionary line of Chairman Mao Tsetung. This new brilliant achievement as well as the nuclear explosions in China confirm very clearly that the People's Republic of China is steadily forging ahead towards the highest peaks of science and up-to-date technology relying on their own creative efforts and breaking all the hostile blockades of the imperialists and revisionists. The launching of the Chinese satellite dealt another heavy blow at the Soviet-U.S. monopoly of strategic weapons and at the counter-revolutionary schemes of the U.S. and Soviet imperialists to dominate the world. All the peoples were highly elated when they learned of this event, for it gave them heart to wage their just struggle to get rid of the abominable yoke of imperialist oppression. Our Party and people, just as all the Marxist-Leninist revolutionaries and peoples of the world, heartily wish the great Chinese people further greater and more brilliant successes in all the fields of battle for the cause of socialism and communism.

But the U.S.-led imperialists and their collaborators, the Soviet revisionist renegades refuse to reconcile themselves with

the defeats they have suffered. They continue to hatch up plans and plots against People's China, trying to surround it with a ring of fire, preparing for war and aggression against it.

U.S. imperialism has long been trying to subjugate the heroic Vietnamese people by fire and sword, to blow out the flames of their war for freedom, to become masters in their country. But although for years in succession it is pouring countless troops, means, weapons and ammunition into the battlefield, it has been running up against the indomitable resistance, the great liberation war of the heroic Vietnamese people. The U.S. imperialists and all their lackeys have been taught a good lesson in Vietnam. It is not the size of a country that makes up its strength, it is not the number of troops and the quantity and quality of its means and armaments that determine the fate of war, but it is the cause for which the war is waged, it is the sense of duty of those who fight that finally determine it.

Stunned by the repeated defeats inflicted on them in Vietnam, the U.S. imperialists rushed like wild beasts over Cambodia, organizing the coup d'état of Lon Nol's reactionary clique and launching the war of aggression against this country. This resembles the story of the drowning man seeking to save himself by taking hold of his own hair. If the U.S. imperialists had a hard enough time fighting only the Vietnamese people, is it not clear that they will have a still harder time now that they have aroused the Cambodian people, all the people of Indochina against them? It is now a fact that these acts of the U.S. imperialists have sparked off a powerful struggle of the Cambodian people led by the United National Front and by the Head of State, Samde Norodom Sihanouk; these aggressive acts have raised to a still higher degree the liberation struggle of three peoples of Indochina, a thing which steps up and makes more sure the shameful defeat of the U.S. imperialists. The Albanian people and their Government support with all their might the just struggle of the peoples of Indochina and express their full conviction that through their determined struggle the peoples of Indochina will defeat their enemies and come off victorious.

In his May 20 statement comrade Mao Tsetung says: «It is not the Vietnamese, the Laotian, Cambodian, Palestinian, Arab or the peoples of other countries who are afraid of the U.S. imperialists, but it is the U.S. imperialists who are afraid of the peoples of the world. They are panic-stricken even at

the mere rustle of leaves. Numerous facts point out that a just cause enjoys all-round support while an unjust one finds no support. A weak country can defeat a strong one, a small country can crush a big one. The people of a small country can certainly stave off the aggression of a big country if they take the courage to fight, to take up arms and take the destiny of their country into their own hands. This is the law of history.»

It is clear that through its war in Vietnam, through the extension of their aggression in Cambodia etc., U.S. imperialism aims not only at smothering the liberation struggle of the other freedom-loving peoples of that zone but also at turning the whole of the Peninsula of Indochina into a base for war and aggression against the socialist countries and, first and foremost, against the People's Republic of China. This is an important link of the chain of imperialist and revisionist conspiracies against China.

But all the counter-revolutionary schemes of the U.S. imperialists, of the Soviet imperialist clique of renegades and their stooges are doomed to meet with complete failure. They will fail because they will come up against the colossal and invincible power of the 700 million-strong Chinese people who are united to a single man around the revolutionary Marxist-Leninist line of Chairman Mao Tsetung. These schemes will fail because they will come up against the vigilance and determined struggle of all the revolutionary peoples of the world who consider the defense of China as their own vital cause. The People's Republic of China, which has emerged from the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution stronger than ever, inspired by the great ideas of comrade Mao Tsetung and armed with the historic decisions of the 9th Congress of the Chinese Communist Party, has become an impregnable fortress of revolution, a powerful supporter of all the peoples who fight for their freedom, genuine independence and progress, the terror of the enemies of mankind. Therefore, defending China is defending the revolution, defending the interests of all the peoples.

In the great struggle for the cause of revolution, for the cause of socialism and communism, our Party and people, united to a man, march side by side with the Chinese Communist Party and people. Our great friendship, our unbreakable unity, our joint friendship and unity with all the genuine revolutionaries and communists the world over serve the successful construction of socialism and communism in both our countries



and the triumph of the cause of freedom of peoples and of revolution in the world.

The building of the «Mao Tsetung» Hydro-power Station is the work of our glorious working class. You, comrade workers, specialists and cadres who work at this major worksite, have accumulated an all-round experience which is very useful. The summing up and spread of the advanced experience of our working class, our peasantry and all our employees are of major importance if we are aware of the great and complicated tasks lying ahead for us. This experience makes up one of the richest reserves of our socialist construction.

The work on this hydro-power station has now entered quite an important and delicate stage, a thing which no doubt requires a greater mobilization of all your physical and mental capacities. The Party is confident, and I am convinced that you will raise still higher your revolutionary spirit, that you will turn out highly qualified results compatible with the technical norms of a job of this magnitude, that you will organize still better socialist emulation and strive to accomplish all your tasks on schedule. Keep on, comrade workers, as you have done so far and even better, to work and learn, to raise your ideological and political, technological and vocational training to a higher level, for this is the way our Party teaches us to make the working class temper its revolutionary qualities and become ever more capable and more worthy of carrying out with honor its historical mission as the driving force of our socialist society.

Comrade workers and specialists, our Party is fully confident that you will honorably fulfil the obligation you have taken upon yourself to put into operation the «Mao Tsetung» Hydro-power Station by 1971.

You are aware, dear comrades, that all our people have now mustered all their efforts to reach and over-reach the targets set for 1970 and for the 4th five-year plan as a whole. Everywhere, there reigns an atmosphere of mobilization, creative work, optimism and revolutionary drive. The mass actions at concentrated targets, which spark off a high spirit of socialist emulation, which courageously break up old concepts, habits and customs in production and social life, which introduce elements of more efficient and more perfect organization in work, are spreading everywhere and are becoming inseparable parts of the method of work of our men and our leading organs.

Many workers' collectives have already completed with

success the tasks of the 4th five-year plan. All the conditions and possibilities exist for the fulfilment of the 4th five-year plan before schedule. This will be a real major achievement.

But the law of socialist revolution is that it never marks time and is never content with what has been achieved. While burying the past and building the present, it always looks ahead, plans and prepares for the future. What up to yesterday was an aspiration and today a success begins to look insufficient as compared with the new tasks and horizons opened before us. Everything which is inert and conservatory is alien to the living spirit of socialism. This is true also with our economic plans which keep becoming more stupendous from one year to another, from one five-year period to another, as well as with the problems of our ideological, political and social life and with the forms of organization and method of our work.

The brilliant successes which our country has scored during the period of the 4th five-year plan have created greater possibilities, opening new and wider horizons, defining new objectives which we should achieve by working hard.

In particular, the new targets of our development towards building full socialist society require the further strengthening of the role of leadership and supervision of our working class and its vanguard, the Party of Labor, in the whole life of the country. This is essential not only in order to resolve the major tasks and problems in the field of increasing production but also in order to solve the basic tasks of the present stage of the development of our socialist revolution at which the struggle to uproot many survivals of our old society, to preserve our socialist order of things, the dictatorship of the proletariat, from bourgeois and revisionist degeneration, to further improve the basis of our socialist superstructure, to educate the workers in the spirit of communism, become of decisive importance. Therefore, quite contrary to the road pursued by the Soviet and other revisionist renegades who seek to turn the working class in their countries into a simple productive force, our Party makes our working class conscious of the vanguard role that belongs to it in socialism, teaches and helps it to take as active a part as possible in running the economy and all State and social activities, in exercising direct proletarian control in every phase of life. This is a decisive guarantee that the poisonous weed of revisionism will never strike root in our country, that the red banner of revolution will never be downed in our

country but it will be carried further ahead towards the new peaks of socialism and communism.

Our Party is fully convinced that our glorious working class will be worthy of its noble historical mission in battle to build full socialist society in our country.

Comrade builders of the big «Mao Tsetung» Hydro-power Station, in winding up, I wish you once again further success in your valuable work to give the transformed power of the old Drini river to our Homeland, our people and our socialist economy as soon as possible.

Praised be the heroic working class of our country and its revolutionary vanguard, our glorious Party of Labor!

Long live the great internationalist Albanian-Chinese friendship and may it grow stronger and stronger!

Glory to Marxism-Leninism!



